

The N.-W.P. and Oudh and Revenue Act, No. III of 1901

AS EXTENDED TO THE KUMAUN DIVISION

AND

Rules and Orders Relating to the Kumaun Division



ALLAHABAD:
SUPERINTENDENT, PRINTING AND STATIONERY, USITED PROVINCES, INDIA
1088



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D-RISIONSBRITT TOR TIPOTTING

- (1) In rule 28(f) in line 5 add the following after "once in three vers and not less than one third of the total number of village phants shall be checked by him in now given year."
 - (2) 1dd in line 8 before the last sentence of rule 29(1)

In order to enable the Deputs Commesoner to see that this is done by each Sub divisional Officer Tabeldan and Naib Tabeldan and to ficilitate his own work each such officer should maintain a note book in which will be recorded in tabular form 'A' the amount of work tested in each record and the number and nature of the mislal es discovered logisther with notes on any often matter of importance, e.g. patwin's knowledge of suives, condition of the maps and any other matter to which the officer's attention may have been drawn daming the course of his revenue work or to which the Deputs Commissioner may order that attention should be directed

These note books will be submitted to the Deputy Commissioner at the end of touring serson not later than 15th April, and will be viliable for submission of the annual statement of inspection of land records well by the said officers in form. A " CONTINUES

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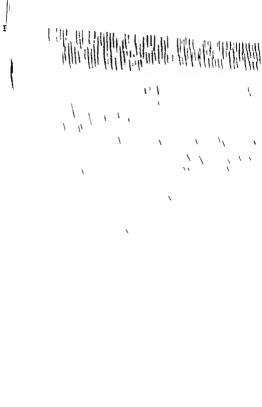
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- 51 Decision of disputes

LAND REVENUE ACT (III OF 1901), AS AMENDED, AS EXTENDED TO THE KUMAUN DIVISION AND RULES AND ORDERS RELATING TO THE KUMAUN DIVISION

Correction slips for the half year ending September 30, 1930

Page 12

- 1 After section 58 the following sections shall be inserted as section 58A and 58B, namely
- 58A When the period for which the land revenue of a district or other local area has been settled is about to expire, the local Government shall cause a forescist of the probable results of resettlement to be prepared and shall consider it before deciding to order a resettlement.
- 58B In deciding whether the district or local area shall considerations which be brought under settlement, the local shall determine whether Government shall consider—made
 - (1) whether a reasonable increase or decrease of revenue is likely to result,
 - (2) whether in case there is a prospect of such an increase there are satisfactory reasons for post-poning resettlement.
 - (3) whether the cristing assessment has become un even or is unduly severe or whether other sufficient reasons exist for entering without the prospect of a reasonable increase of revenue upon the work of re-etitement.

Provided that no settlement shall be undertaken unless it has been precided, where necessary, by record operations and by survey operations CONTI NTS

SECTIONS

11

- 25 Appointment of kanungos
- 26 \mount of lanungos silares
- 27 Annungos and patwars to be public servants and their records public records

(B) Maps

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(1) The local Concrament shall give the Legi laine Council an opportunity of discussing the proposed rules and shall be fore making the rules take into consideration any relation concerning them which may be passed in the Legi-

(1) The rules when made shall be published in the

Page 14

i After section 62 the following sections shall be mounted us (IC and 630 namely

The settlement officer shall exclude for assessment all land of the following descriptions (1) land occupied by buildings with their appurtenances,

(2) permanent threshing floors,

frient concerned

Garrite

(i) market and villag sites.

(5) priveyards cremation stounds and playgrounds,

(t) permanent toads and pathways:

Assessment proposals in such manner as may be presented by rules made under sub section (1) of section 62 and shall consider any proposals together with the objections, then may be made and shall then submit his proposals together with the objections, if any, and such orders as he may have passed thereon to the Board of Revenue who shall subject to the sanction of the local Government, approve or modify them.

Pages 18 19

4 It section 94 the following section shall be substituted:

94. (a) The term of every settlement made under this chapter after the commencement of the United Provinces Land Revenue (Amendment) Act, 1920, shall be forty years

Provided that the local Government may, with the sation of the Government of India, exheld the term beyond forty veats, having regard to the pressure of the population on the land, the extent to which the culturable area is cultivated and the fullness of the rentals.

Provided also that for special reasons to be recorded, such as scrious deterioration . . . the local Government may sanction shorter terms for individual mahals.

(b) No settlement under this chapter shall be final until it has been confirmed by the local Government.

Page 10

- After section 95 the following section shall be inserted as section 95A;
- 95A. The local Government shall give the Legislative Opertunities for disc. Council an opportunity of discissing the cussion by Legislative forecast, the assessment proposals and Council.

 the final settlement report and shall consider any resolution which the Council may earry before passing ofders on them.

Page 13

- 2 For section 62 the following section shall be substituted
 - 62 (1) The local Government may make tales subject to the provisions of this let for the procedure of settlement officers in
- settlement operations (2) Before making tules or altering the existing tules under sub-section (1) the local Government shall publish a diatr of the proposed rules in the Gazette and shall also cure a copy of the said difft to be sent by post to every member the Legislative Council not less than thirty days before the commencement of the secsion of the Legislative Council at which it is intended that the proposed rules shall be discussed and shall also cause to be sent to every member copies of object one or suggestions if any made by any person conterned
- (3) The local Government shall give the Legislative Council an opportunity of discussing the 110 osed tiles and shall before making the rules take into consideration are resolution concerning them which may be passed in the Legislative Council and any objection or suggestion made by any parson concerned.
- (1) The rules when made shall be published in the Gazette

Page 11

- 3 Mer section 62 the following sections shall be metted as CM and 630 namely
 - t II. The settlement officer shall exclude for assessment ill land of the following descriptions
 - (1) land occupied by buildings with their appur-
 - (2) permarent threshing floors
 - (1) market and village rates
 - (1) priverards cremation prounds and phygianules
 - (f) permanent roads and pathways

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6 Rules printed at the foot of page 20, under section 62 shall be replaced by the following rules

(Government noinfication no 1539/I A date1 the 11th Sept mber 1 100)

REVENUE (A) DEPARTMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

Dated Scolember 11, 1930

No 1539/I V—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 62 of the Lind Revenus Act, 1901 (U P Act III of 1901) is applied to the historist of Almora Garthwal and Naun Til (axlusive of the settled tracts of the Tarm and sub hission) the Governor in Conneil is pleased to make the following rules for the gind ince of settlement officers in settlement operations in the distinct of Almora and Garthwal and the Naun Tal tall it of the distinct of Naun Tal

- 1Γ recut = 1 he forcerst shall contain a report on the fall wing matters
 - (1) Approximate area of land of different classes in cluding area of nayabad grants
 (2) Approximate area of land outlined area and in the
 - (2) Variations in the total cultivated area and in the trea of the different classes of cultivated land
 - (3) Variations in irrigited area (4) Variations in population
 - (5) Variations in prices of agricultural produce and plough cattle
 - (6) Variations in agricultural wages
 - (7) Nature of communications with improvements in them
 - (8) Feonomic condition of proprietors together with in estimate of the revenue paid per proprietors. *Hada* and per individual proprietor in cach pargama
 - (9) Area of average holding per family and estimate of the extent to which its produce can maint in the family
 - (10) Sources of living of the proprietors and the extent to which this depend on agriculture or in oth r means of livid and
 - (11) Are crult sate I ly II ml m

the total and the back of the terms of the t



(12) Rents paul by khaikars and their relation to

revenue (13) Main staple crops, together with a comparison of the outturn of these crops with the outturn at last settlement and also with the outturn of the same crops in representative districts in the

plains (14) Statistics showing the prices at which land was sold during the previous five years together with a comparison of these prices with the prices pievailing at the time of the previous settlement and also with prices in the plains

(15) The extent to which all assessable lands are shown in the maps with substantial completeness and

accuracy (16) The extent to which the records are substantially correct complete and up to date and to which they show with reasonable clearness the existing interests in the land

(17) Estimate of the expenditure likely to be incurred on survey revision of records and re attlement

(18) The level of revenue rates at Free one wettlen ents

(19) A comparison of meidences of the revenue rates of the previous settlement with incidences of the resence imposed on proprietars cultivation at settlements made in plains districts about the time of the previous settlement and at recent settic ments

(20) Total revenue at the time of the previous settle ment and that pavable at the time of inquity

(21) The principles and data on which the revenue rate 19 based

(22) A suitable percentage enhancement or reduction in the existing revenue rates

(23) An estimate of the increase of revenue likely to be obtained from resettlement with a full state ment of the grounds on which the estimate 19 based and of the method by which it has been made

(24) Reisons for entering upon the work of resettle

2 - Arrangement of forecast - The forecast shall furnish the information mentioned in rule I be parguing or other

3-Ofman on forecast. In forwarding the forecast to the Government the Board of Bevenue shill express their views on the matters mentioned in it

- 4—Publication of forceat—The Government shall publish the forceast with the opinion of the Board of Revenue on it locally, and in the Gazette, and shall give sufficient time to the public to represent their views on the question of resettlement before they take the forceast into consideration.
- 5—Surrey operations on forecast—If the forecast shows that the area to be brought under settlement is not shown in the maps with substantial completeness and accuracy, Government shall not proceed with the settlement until they have made proper an incurrent for resurvey.
- 6 Record operations on forecast—If the forecast shows that the records are not substitutely conject and up to date Government shall not project with the settlement until they have placed the disjust under record operations
- 7—Hercupment of expenditure—If the forecast does not interest a casenable prospect of the expenditure on survey, accord and settlement operations being recouped within a period of fifteen was Government shall not ordinarily proceed within the settlement
- 8—\text{\text{N} tic ib ut improvements}—The settlement officer shift it least one mouth before commencing his inspection, issue a notice requiring Landlords who claim an allowance for improvements to file an application aring full details of the situation and nature of the improvements, the date of construction and the approximate cost and the for or holding to which they appertain, and stating whether the cost was met by a loan under the Land Improvement Loans Act 1823, or not
- 9—1 illage inspection—When any local area has been brought under settlement, the settlement officer or an issistant settlement officer shall so far as possible inspect every village in the local area and shall, at least a week before he inspects a village, issue a notice mentioning the matters about which he inhends to make inquiry including claims for allowance for improvement.
- 10—Soil classification—The settlement officer shall except where special reasons exist to the contrary accept the soil classification of the previous settlement and shall place the new assessable area jucluding talami in second class
- 11 —Consultation with cultivators—If the cultivators or their representatives appear before the settlement officer he shall hold the inquiry in consultation with them and will inform

them of his findings. He shall take note of improvements for which an allowance is admissible

12 Assessment circles—The settlement officer shall divide each local area into assessment circles and shall form this circles of villages possessing a general similarity of soil or physical character—He shall explain in his revenue rate report his reasons for departing from the previous arrangement if his circles are differently formed

13—I illages requiring special treatment—Where the settlement officer is of opinion that a village deserves, special treatment he will state his views fully while forming the assessment circles and give intimation to the villagers concerned

14 —Standard rates —The settlement officer shall determine the standard rate per bru for each class of soil and shall take into account the class and quality of the crop which the land produces

15 —Limitation of standard rates—The standard rate applied to each class of soil shall in no case exceed by more than one third the rate applied to the same class of soil at the previous settlement

16—Assessment statements—The settlement officer shall prepare a statement showing his proposals in regard to assess ment circles and standard rates and such other matters as he may consider proper and shall publish that statement by placin, it at the settlement office and at the talish and sending copies of it to the patwart for communication to the mulgivars with an intimation that any objections to the classification rate circles or to the standard rates proposed must be lodged within our month of the date of publication.

17—licrenne rate report—The settlement officer shall embods the statement referred to in rule 16 in a report to be known as the revenue rate report for each prigon or other similable area. In this report he shall include a description of the triest reported on with special references of a topographical divisions river and dramage system communications to decrease to not report and markets calibrated and arraysted area, population and cops. He shall describe the character and economic condition of the preprictor body and shall state the total area held by Hankare and the rate, pividic by them. He shall also furnish a mip showing the division of the frict into assessment carles where lead to and describe the solic lessification. He shall also give a detailed at tenient of his method of working

out the standard rates the reasons justifying it, and the data on which the rates are hased

15 —Submission of receive rate riport —The settlement officer shall forward the revenue rate report together with his inspection note on each path to the Board of Revenue through the Commissioner of the division.

19—Consideration and publication of retenue rate report—After the period for objections has expired the Board shall scrutinize the report in the light of any objections that may have been made and after making such amendment as may seem to them necessary—shall senction the classification into circles and the standard rates and shall direct the settlement officer to proceed with the assessment of the mahals. The Board shall thereafter publish the report in the Gazette with their orders upon it.

20 — Assessment of timber land —The settlement officer in assessing land used exclusively for growing timber shall apply only nominal rates

21 —Land excluded from assessment —The settlement there shall exclude from assessment all malguzari and tholdan land

22—Illowance for improvements—When a work substantially improving any village has been made with the unit of a loan granted under the Land Improvement Loan. Act less or by or at the cott of a landholder within thirty versof settlement, the settlement officer may make such a deduction from the revenue as he may think fit to enable the proprietor to enjoy a reisonable profit from the improvement for a period of thirty years after the completion of the improvement

_3 —It its it that are —The rates of rom for khinkare shall be in the same proportion to the revenue assessed as they did it the previous settlement

24 —Dimage by will animals—In assessing the revenue the actionism officer shill take into account the proximity of the tillight to restrict fore than the likelihood of dumage to crops by wild animals.

25—Issessment of recenne free villages—The settlement officer shall ordinarily assess the revenue on villages or parts of villages held it wanter free or of which the revenue assigned in the same manner as on villages which pay recent to Government. But the propertor shall continue to enjoy the privilege as before the settlement. 34 —Publication of final report —Before the (revernment pass final orders on any settlement they shill publish the settlement officer's final report with the Board's opinion there on in the Gazette

7 -Insert the following notification after page 46 ac appendix II and page it as 46(a)

REVENUE (A) DEPARTMENT

MISCELLANI OUS

September 11, 1930

No 1511/(A—197 \—In exercise of the powers conferred by the first prouse to sub section (2) of section 1 of the Lind Revenue Act 1901 (U P Act III of 1901), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend with effect from 1st October 1939 the following portions of the Land Revenue Act (III of 1901) is amended by the Land Revenue (Amend ment—Settlement) (ct 1929 (U P Act I of 1929) to the districts of Almora and Garliwal and the Nami Tal tabish of the Nami Tal District

Section 581 58B 62 63C 63 O 94 and 951 (with restrictions modifications as in original notification)

By order T SLOAN

1 310///

Secu to Gort United Provinces

RULES AND ORDERS RELATING TO THE KUMAUN DIVISION 1930 Edition

CORRECTION SLIPS FOR THE YEAR 1934

No. 1 Page 57

Substitute the following for paragraph 8 of the Schedule to Government notification no 51 \(\)\ H-421 dated the 1st April, 1920;

8 After consultation with the High Court, to invest Assistant Government notices. Collectors of the second class in the Kumann ton no 721/VII—421. Division with the powers of a Minist through dat d the 12th July 1932 ont the hinits of the districts in which they are respectively. Assistant Collectors The jurnsdiction of an Assistant Collector of the second class other than tabilidar or a specially empowered multithistidar shall extend, subject to the provisions of section 15 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1998, to all original smits of a nature cognizable by a court of small causes under the Provincial Small Cause Courts. Vol. 1887 of which the value does not exceed Re 500, and the pure diction of in Nesstant Collector who is a tabisidar or a specially empowered multithistidar shall extend to all original smits of a nature cognizable by a court of small cause indeer the Provincial Small Courts. Vol. 1887 of which the value does not exceed Re 500 and the junidiction of in Nesstant Collector who is a tabisidar control original smits of a nature cognizable by a court of small cause indeer the Provincial Small Courts. Vol. 1887 of which the value does not exceed Re 100.

No. 2 Page 84

After Government notification no 1534/VI-1513 1928, dated the 26th April 1929 insert the following

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

(Criminal)

MISCELLANTOUS No. I

21th April, 1931

No 1031/VI-1176 1931 —In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Grubbing Net, 1867 (III of 1867), as amended by the United Provinces Gambling Acts, I of 1917, V of 1919 and I of 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of sections 3 to 11 13A and 14 to 16 of the aforesaid Act to the following places in the Hildwain police circle, distinct Nam Tal:

- (1) Kathgodam,
- (2) Rambagh,



- (3) Haldwani Tilli.
- (4) Gorakhpur, and
- (5) Mukham

No. II

20th May, 1932 No 888/VI-1872 1932 -In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Gambling act, 1867 (III of 1867), as amended by the United Provinces Public Gambling (Amendment) Acts, I of 1917, V of 1919 and I of 1925, the Governor in Conneil is pleased to extend the provisions of sections 3 to 11, 131 and 14 to 16 of the aforesaid Act to Blumtal and Bhow ile in the district of Nami Tal, and, under section 5 of the said Act, to appoint the Tahsildar, Nami Tal. ns the officer who is authorized to exercise the power described in this section

No. III

1st February, 1931

No 19/VI-1912 1931 -In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Gambling 1ct, 1867 (III of 1867), as amended by the United Provinces Public Gambling (Amendment) Acts, I of 1917. \ of 1919, and I of 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of sections 3 to 11, 131 and 14 to 16 of the afore and let to the new within a radius of 2 miles ontside the boundaries fixed for the Ramkhet Cantonment in the Almora District.

No. IV

7th February, 1934

No 217/VI-1931 1931 -In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Gambling 1ct, 1867 (III of 1867), as amended by the United Provinces Public Gumbling (Amendment) Acts I of 1917, V of 1919, and I of 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of sections 3 to 11, 131 and 11 to 16 of the above mentioned Act to Lohnghat Bazar and the area within 2 miles

No. Y

10th '1ptil, 1935

No 611/VI-1930 1931 -In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Gambling Act, 1867 (III of 1867), as amended by the United Provinces Public Gambling (Amendment) Acts I of 1917, V of 1919, and I of 1925, the Governor in Council is pleased to exter I the provisions of sections 3 to 11, 131 and 11 to 16 of the afore-Mall Sumer and his party of the Baramanda Sub-division of the

No 3

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For the existing Government notification no 55/NIV-312(24) 1925 dated the 22nd January 1931, and the Nayabid Rules imade thereunder the following shall be substituted

FOREST DEPARTMENT

Miscreamons

1st Inquet, 1931

No C12/\I\—312(24)—In continuition of notification no 679/\I\—312(24) dated the 2nd November 1933, it is hereby notified that the Governor in Council has made the following rules under section 6(b) of the Schednled Districts Act 1874 \(\bar{\A}\)\ of 1874) in supersession of those contained in notification no 55/\I\—312(24), dited the 22nd January 1931 to regulate the procedure of the revenue officers appointed in Lumanan

Nayabad and Waste Land Rules in the Kumaun Division

CHAPTIN I-GENERAL RULES

- 1 These rules may be called the Kunnum Navabad and Waste Lind Rules. They apply to the whole of Kunnann except paths Mally and Talla Askot and also lind within municipal limits.
- 2 (a) They shall come into force from the date of notification and shall apply to applications unade on or after that date. Applications unde previous to that date shall be dealt with an accordance with the rules previously in force.
- (b) Any extension or grants unide contrary to these rules shall be invalid.
 - I he breaking of new ground for cultivation is of two kinds
 - (i) Gennine extension of existing cultivation, and
 - (n) Nivabad armits
 - 4.1 very person cultivating land has a right to extend his cultivation in conformity with rules hereunder over algorithm unanestired or Kusar i Hind land without asking permission of the revenue authortics, and shall acquire in the extension the same status as led led] in the original cultivation.

- (i) No extension or grant shall encroach on
 - (a) the Sal Assi or otherwise recognized or defined boundary of another village.
 - (b) reserved forest, class I, or
 - (c) land legitimately in the possession or cultivation of another person,
- (d) any settlement path
- (n) No extension or grant shall approach to within 50 feet of the boundary of old reserved, class II, or communal forest
- 6 No extension shall exceed 5 nalls within one calendar year, not shall a navabad grant ordinarily exceed 20 nales.
 - 7 No extension or grant shall materially interfere with
 - (a) the natural right of extension or
 - (b) the prescriptive or easementary rights of any person other than the person making such extension or receiving such grant
- 8 No extension or grant shill be made within 50 feet of a public toad under the control of the Public Works Department, the Forest Department, or the District Board without the permission of the District Linguiser, the District Roud as the case may be

Norr-The 50 feet shall be measured in a horizontal line from the centre of the resol

- When an extension has been cultivated a further extension of the same is permissible only after three years and within the limits and down in rule 6
- 10 When a grant has been cultivated, an extension of the same is permissible only after five years and within the limits had down by rules 6 and 9 and in no case if expressly forbidden by the terms of the grant.
- If Every extension or grant, unless made for afforestation, must be prepared for parmanent cultivation and be cultivated and terrated within one year from the date of the strictioning of the grant unless written parms ion of the Assistant Collector in charge of the subdivision to the contrary has first been obtained before the extension is is made in the grants succioned. Finding to comply with this rule will not a the grant hable to resimption
- 12 No print or extension shill be unde on the tops or on steep sides of lulls, where troopen is likely to occur on the removal of the forest growth or on find on which doodir, wahring express or other protected trees stand in such number as to mike the grant or extension undescrible, nor shill greats ordinarily be made where the land of its manifolds vicinity contains a large number of pine or oak tees.

- 13 Extensions or grants near be made for agricultural buildings. No extension or grant shall be made or used for shops on non agricultural buildings, except in the case of public bodies or charitable institutions. When a navabrid grant has been made specifically to build a bouse or cowshed, no extension shall be permitted from 11, nor shall any of lity time of it be permitted.
- 14 Grants may be made for the purpose of gardens or afforestation as well as for cultivition. Where a grant is made for afforestation, it shall be made on conditions laid down under the Panchayat Porest Rules and a breach of those conditions shall render the grant hable to resumption.
- 15 Where an extension has been made or a grant has been used contrary to these rules the Asistsant Collector in charge of the sub-division may
 - (a) order the evacuation of the extension or grant,
 - (b) forbid the use of the land in future to the person who has made the illegal extension or misused the grant, and take a bond from him that he shall not so use it, or
 - (c) take a bond from the person holding the extension of grant that it shall be prepared for permanent cultivation and cultivated within such a time as he may fix, or
 - (d) exact the value of trees cut and also compensation under the I orests Act not exceeding its 50, or the Assistant Collector may combine the action indicated by any two or more of the above subclauses
 - 16 The proceedings mentioned in rule 15 into be either a departmental proceeding, or on information given by any person interested Disobedience of an order under rule 15(a) shall be dealt with under section 188 Indian Penal Code and the value of trees exacted under rule, 15(a) shall be recovered as arrears of land revenue.

CHAILER II-NALARAN GRANTS

- 17 No new numersured or haiser i Hind ground shall be cleared broken for cultivation or enclosed (except as a genuine extension of cultivation) without the permission of the Depute Commissioner, in clining humain Division. When such permission has been obtained, the lind concerned shall be known as a navabad grant.
 - 18 \ \ \text{is that grants may be made to the following persons only \(\text{(a) recorded co-sharers.} \)
 - (b) recorded khaikats.
 - (c) persons including sittans, who belong to the agricultural or artisan classes, and who or whose family have resided for 13 years immediately preceding the application in the village within

- 5 (i) No extension or grant shall encroach on
 - (a) the Sal Assi or otherwise recognized or defined boundary of another village,
 - (b) reserved forest, class I, or
 - (c) land legitimitely in the possession of cultivation of another person,
 - (d) any settlement path
- (n) No extension or grant shall approach to within 50 feet of the boundary of old reserved, class II, or communal forest
- 6 No extension shall exceed 5 nahs within one calcular year, not shall a mayabad grant ordinarily exceed 20 nahs
 - No extension or grant shall materially interfere with
 - (a) the natural right of extension, or
 - (b) the prescriptive or easementary rights of any person other than the person making such extension or receiving such grant
- 8 No extension or grant shall be made within 50 feet of a public road under the control of the Public Works Department, the Forest Department, or the District Board without the permission of the District Engineer, the Divisional Forest Officer or Charman of the District Board as the case may be
- Norr-The 50 feet shall be measured in a horizontal line from the centre of the
- 9 When an extension his been cultivated a further extension of the same is permissible only after three years and within the limits laid down in rule 6
- 10 When a grint his been cultivated, an extension of the same is permissible only after five years and within the limits laid down by fules 6 and 9 and in no case if expressly folloaden by the terms of the grant
- If Every extension or grint, inless made for afforestation, must be prepared for permanent cultivation and be cultivated and terraced within one year from the date of the sanctioning of the grint inless written permission of the Assistant Collector in charge of the subdivision to the contrary has first been obtained before the extension was made or the grants sanctioned. Yailure to comply with this rule will make the grant hable to resumption.
- 12 No print of extension shall be made on the tops of on steep sides of hills, white crostor is likely to occur on the removal of the forest growth or on land on which deoder, walunt, express or other protected trees stand in such number as to make the grant of extension undescribe nor shall grunts ordinarily to made where the land of its manifolitie vicinity contains a large number of pine or oak trees.

- 13. Extensions of grants may be made for agricultural buildings. No extension or grant shall be made or used for shops of non-agricultural buildings, except in the case of pubble bodies of chartable institutions. When a nayabad grant has been made specifically to build a bode or covashed, no extension shall be permitted nom is, nor shall any cultivation of it be permitted.
- 14 Grants may be made for the purpose of gardens or afforestation as well as for cultivation. Where a grant is made for afforestation; it shall be made on conditions laid down under the Panchayat Porest Rule, and a breach of those conditions shall render the grant hable to resumption.
- 16 Where an extension has been made or a grant has been used contrary to these rules the Asistsant Collector in charge of the subdivision may
 - (a) order the evacuation of the extension or grant,
 - (b) forbid the use of the land in future to the person who has made the illegal extension or misused the grant, and take a bond from him that he shall not so use it, or
 - (c) take a bond from the person holding the extension of grant that it shall be prepared for permonent cultivation and cultivated within such a time as he may fix, or
 - (d) exact the value of trees cut and also compensation under the Forests. Act not exceeding Rs 50; or the Assistant Collector may combine the action indicated by any two or more of the above subclauses.
 - 16 The proceedings mentioned in rule 15 may be either a departmental proceeding, or on information given by any person interested. Disabedience of an aider under rule 15(a) shall be dealt with under section 188 Indian Penil Code, and the value of tree exacted ninder rule 15(d) shall be recovered as arreary of land revenue.

CHAPTER II-NAVARAD GRANTS

- 17. No new numersured or Kaisara-Hind ground shall be clean 1 broken for cultivation or enclosed (evecut as a genume extension of comparation) without the permission of the Populy Commissioner, in chirge Kinnaun Division. When such permission has been obtained, the lind concerned shall be known as a navalad grant.
 - 18 Navabid grants may be made to the following persons only: (a) recorded co-structs.
 - (b) recorded klinikars.
 - (c) persons, including sirtans, who belong to the agricultural or artisan classes, and who or whose family lave resided for 13 years immediately preceding the application in the village within

whose Sal Assi or other defined boundary the land applied for lies, and

(d) public bodies such as the District Board, Public Works Department, etc and charitable institutions

'Recorded' shall mean recorded in the pliant of the village within whose Sal Assi or other defined boundary the land applied for is situated

Exception—The Deputy Commissioner, in charge Rumaun Division, inax, in special cases, and after recording his reasons in writing, make grants otherwise than in accordance with this rule

Note-In pakka Khaikari village grants may be made only to recorded khaikars public bodies and charitable institutions

- 19 If there is more than one applicant for a particular plot of land, preference shall ordinarily be given to such persons as have no land or less than 2 acres of land for cultivation.
- 20 Grants may be made to public bodies for public purposes, such as schools, play grounds, pounds, thanmshalas, etc Such grants should usually be revenue free The procedure laid down in rules 22 to 34 shall not be followed in such cases, but the Deputy Commissioner shall make such previous inquiry, after notifying the person concerned, as to him seems necessary
- 21 (i) If the grantee is a hissedar, the grant shall be hissedar, if a khaikar, khaikar, if the grantee previously held no land in the village or was a sirtan he shall be a khaikar with respect to the grant, the land being gaon sanjayat hissedari
- (i) Similarly if a khaikar extends his cultivation according to these rules, be will acquire khaikar inghts in the extension and the hissedaringhts in this fand will be the same as those existing at the time of the extension in the original land from which the extension was made. I hissedar who extends his cultivation in accordance with those rules will acquire in the extension the same rights as he had in the land from which he made the extension.
- 22 Any person desiring such a grant shall apply to the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub-division, either in person or by posf giving an accurate description of the land and stating the purpose for which he requires the land, and shall state (a) the area of land already held by lum and (b) his status in respect of such land
- 23 The applicant shall mention the village and the tok in which the land is situated and shall describe as far as possible the area, extent and boundaries of the land applied for, together with such neighbouring fields (nith the names of their proprietors) and land-marks as will ensure the identification of the plots.



whose Sal Assi or other defined boundary the land applied for hes, and

(d) public bodies such as the District Board, Public Works Department etc and charitable institutions

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Note-In palks hhaikan village grants may be made only to recorded tha hars public bodies and charatable institutions

- 19 If there is more than one applicant for a particular plot of land preference shall ordinarily be given to such persons as have no land or less than 2 acres of 1 and for cultivation
- 20 Grants may be made to public bodies for public purposes such as schools play grounds, pounds, dharamshalas etc Such grunts should usually be retenue free The procedure laid down in rules 22 to 34 shall not be followed in such cases, but the Deputs Commissioner shall make such previous inquiry, after notifying the person concerned as to him seems necessary.
- 21 (i) If the grantee is a basedar the grant shall be hissedus, if a khakar khakar if the grantee previously held no had in the village or was a sirtin he shall be a khakar with respect to the grant, the land being gaon saniguat hissedan
- (n) Similarly if a kharkar extends his cultivation according to these rules he will acquire khrikari nghts in the extension and the hissedari rights in this kind will be the same as those existing at the time of the extension in the original land from which the extension was made. A hissedar who extends his cultivation in accordance with those rules will acquire in the extension the same rights as he had in the land from which he made the extension.
- 22 Inv person desiring such a grant shall apply to the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub-division, either in person or by post giving an accurate description of the land and stating the purpose for which he requires the land and shall state (a) the area of land already held by him and (b) his status in respect of such land
 - 23 The applicant shall mention the village and the tok in which the land is situated and shall describe as far as possible the area, extent and boundaries of the land applied for, together with such are, hibouring fields (with the names of their proprietors) and land marks as will ensure the identification of the plots

- 24 The Assistant Collector in charge of the sub-division shall their depute an amin at the cost of the applicant to prepare a map, and give an accurate description and the article and the mane of the tab of the land. The map shall be made in the presence of as many of the linseafurs and kinkars of the villages as possible, whose signatures or thumb impressions shall also be taken.
- 25 The Assistant Collector in change of the sub-division shall the cause a proclimation to be under in the village by the patwart. It shall be the duty of the patwart in notify as far as passable to all the villagers the details of the grants applied for, with its satuation and area and in particular to every one owing or cultivating built in the neighbourhood of the plots applied for the shall tale the signature or khaskers of the village. And where there are two factions in the village is shall take special circ to ensure that the application is brought to the notice of the opposite faction to that of which the application. The include of any person to such the claimation should be aftested by two indepondent with orce.
- 26 The patwert shall certify to the Assistant (ollector in charge of the sub-division) the date on which the proclamation was served, the runes of the persons to whom the proposal was explained, and the steps taken to casare that the application was made known to each party of faction in the village.
- 27 The patwar shall also certify the villago within whose Sal Ass or other defined boundary the land applied for his, and shall shibuit a report showing how many trees are growing on the land, and of whit species and size these trees are the shall report whither the proposed grant will interfere with the prescriptive and ensembling inghts of others and shall state whether the grant is contrary to the provisions of these rules and especially to rules 5 to 8 12 and 13
- 28 The expense of this survey and proclimation shall be borne by the applicant
- 29 At any time within two months of the service in the village of the proclamation mentioned in rules 25 and 26 objection to the making of rivid ad grant ravy be made by any of the following persons or "spreadions of persons acting together namely."
 - (a) In a village in which there are no khulhars one third or more of the bissedars, recorded in the phant
 - (f) In a pakka khaikur village, one third or mere of the khaikars recorded in the phane
 - (c) In a kachcha khaikari village
 - (i) if the applicant is a basedar one flord or more of the la solars recorded in the plant

(ii) if the applicant is a khaikni or is neither hissedar nor khaikar either one third or more of the hissedars or one third or more of the khaikars recorded in the phant

Nore-In calculating the one third of the hiselans or kha hars these shall be taken to consist of all the persons including shakmis recorded in the phants of the village utthin whose Sal Assi boundary the grant applied for is situated

(d) Any person whose prescriptive or easementary rights would be affected by the grant

(c) Any person whose right of extension would be materially affected by the grant

(f) By any person who claims that he already possesses a propuletary title to the land applied for

29 (A) Objections made under rule 29(a) (b) and (c) must be in writing and must be signed by each of the hissedais or khaikars making them. They may be delivered personally to the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub-division or sent by registered post. In cases of doubt or of objections raised by the parties they shall be verified by the Newstant Collector in clarge of the sub-division per sonally or through the kanungo or pitwar. No inseedar or khuikar shall be deemed to be recorded unless he has actually obtained mustation.

30 It the expire of two months from the date of service in the village of the proclamation referred to in rules 25 and 26 the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub division shall consider the patwart secrificate and report submitted under rules 26 and 27 along with any objections submitted under rule 23. If, after making, such summary inquire as he may find necessary, he is of opinion that the grant is in desirable, either is contravening the provisions of rules o to 13 and 18 or for any other sufficient reasons he shall record his reasons in writing, and shall provisionably refuse the grant

In appeal, within one month of the notification of the decision of the Assistant Collector to the applicant, shall be against such provisional order or refusal to the Deputy Commusioner whose orders shall be final

is (A) If the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub-division in such reven for refu ing the grant and no objection under talk 24 his been made within the time specified therein, or if all the objections in idea, the control of the sub-division shall propose a sun may settlement of the grant and forward the papers to the Deputy Commissioner, in charge familian floward the papers, and the Deputy Commissioner for sanction. This sanction is liable to be modified by a result of the decision arrived at many san filed under rule, 32 and 33.





Leeses for non-agricul iral proposes

42. Where in industrial is made for 1 nd for investigation purpose (air ships) the Depart Commissions will conserve with the made is must be in seven investigating if there is no and or no for reacting the spirit should be Depart Commission and I there is no and or no for reacting the spirit should be Depart Commission and applied to it is not an interest part of it perioded that the losse he had to be forming period of settlement the real fixed he had more than Rollo per as the nonlinear period of settlement the real fixed he had more than Rollo per as the nonlinear period of settlement the real fixed he had more than Rollo per as the nonlinear period of settlement the real fixed he had more than Rollo per as the nonlinear period of settlement the real fixed he had more than Rollo per as the nonlinear period of settlement the real fixed he had more than the fixed he had been also that the fixed he had been also the fixed here.

If a lease is recommended for a menter period or at a littler in it than a neutral entered above, or if present a proposed, the Pep in Commissioner shall submit be proposed to the Depart Commissioner, in thank Krimann Divisor for orders

43. Should there be more than one applicant for a losse in der rule 42, a rent should be fixed and a prum in paid. This primiting should be put to awtion.

44. If the applicant for lease under rule 42 is a bone file resident of the village within which the leased faul has the non-charged should be nominal.

45 The Deputy Commissioner, in charge Kinnium Davis in, may from time to time prescribe such forms as may be required for the purpose of carrying out these rules.

No 4 Pade 112

D-RESIONSMERT FOR INCOMENS

(1) In this 29(1) m line ald the following after once in three and not her than one third of the total number of sillage plants shall be elected by bon in any given you

(2) Add in him 8 before the last sentence of rule 29(1)

In order to enable the Deputy Commissioner to see that this is done by each sub-dissional Othern Falsaldir and Nub Tabuldir and to facilitate his own word each other should mantain a pote lond in which will be recorded in tabula form 1 the amount of work traced in each record and the number and nature of the mistakes work trace in even recate and the minors and minor of more than the more of my offer matter of importance, or promitted limited, of mirror condition of the maps and any other matter to which the officers attention may have been diann during the course of his revenue work or to which the Deputy Com musioner may order that attention should be directed

These note books will be submitted to the Deputs Commissioner at The se note notes will not liter than 15th April and will be valuable the end of touring statement of inspection of land records and mission of the annual statement of inspection of land records set by the and officers in form A

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- 53 Preparation of new record of rights
- 54 Attestation of entries and decision of disputes
- 56 Cesses payable as rent to be recorded in N-W P.
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ACT NO. III OF 1901

Passed by the Leutenant Governor N W P and Outh in Council

(Received the assent of the Lieut Governor of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh on the 24th October 1901, and of the Governor General on the 19th December 1901 and pullished under section 40 of the Indian Councile Act 1661, on the 21st December 1901)

AN ACT TO CONSOLIDATE AND ANEND THE LAW RELATING TO LAND REVENUE AND THE JURISDICTION OF REVENUE OPPICERS IN THE NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES AND OUDH

In supersession of previous notifications cited on the margin and in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 54 of the Nos. 632 /\ II-281 and 634/ \II-281 dated 27th Scheduled District Act, 1874 (XIV of June 1901 1874) and with the previous sanction 2394/f-305 H No of the Governor General in Council. dated 26th August 1904 No 1000/I-1046 dated the Lientenant Governor of the United 29th March 1905 Provinces of Agra and Oudh is pleased No 53 1-1046 dated to extent the United Provinces Land 5th January, 1906 No 1840 1-1909 dated Revenue Act, 1901 (U. P. Act III of 21st September 1909 Revenue Act, Piol (U. P. Act III of No 1659 I-74 dated 1901) subject to restrictions and modi-11th August 1910 fications specified in notification no No 49"/I-"94 deted 194/I--621 dated 19th January, 1918 * Ott March 1912 No 631/1-94 dated to the Almora district, to Garhwal dis-24th March 1913 triet exclusive of Lhain villages of the Garhwal Blisbar I states and to the

Nann Tal district exclusive of the hashipur tabul (whole), the Turn tubul (whole) and the Iham villages of the Bhabar tubul of that district

CHAPTER I

1 (1) The 4ct may be called the North Western Prov. Title, extent and even inner and Oudh Land Perenne Act, monteness.

of 1875

Definitions

4 In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or

- context,-
 - (1) 'Board" means the Board of Revenue.
- (2) "Incumbrance" means a charge upon or claim against land arising out of private contract
- (3) "Lambardar" means (a) a co-sharer of a mahal appointed under this Act to represent all or any of the co-sharers in that mahal or a mukhtar or recognized agent of such co-sharer where called a malguzir padhan or Sirgiroh, ind (b) a ghar padhan.
 - (4) "Mahal means-
 - (a) any local area held under a separate engagement for the payment of the land revenue provided that—
 - (i) if such area consists of a single village, or portion of a village, a separate record of rights has been framed for such village or portion.
 - (ii) if such area consists of two or more villages or portions of villages, a separate record of rights has been framed either for the entire area or for each of the villages or portions of villages included therein.
 - (b) any revenue free are, for which a separate recordof rights has been framed,
 - (c) for such purposes as the Local Government may determine, any grant of land made theretofore of hereafter under the waste land rules, and
 - (d) any other local areas which the Local Government may by general ir special order declare to be a mahal
 - (5) 'Minor' meins a person who, under section 3 of the Indian Majority Act, 1875, has not attained his majority
 - (7) "Revenue" means land revenue
 - (8) "Revenue Court" means all or any of the following authorities (that is to say) the Board and all Members there of Commissioners Additional Commissioners, Collectors Assistant Collectors, Settlement Officers, Assistant Settlement Officers and Assistant Record Officers and Assistant Record Officers and

- (9) "Revenue Officer" means any officer employed under this Act in maintaining revenue records, or in the business of the land revenue
- (10) 'Revenue-free," when applied to land, means land whereof the revenue has either wholly or in part been released, compounded for, redeemed or assigned
 - (11) "Settlement ' means settlement of the land revenue

CHAPTER II

APPOINTMENTS AND JURISDICTION

5 The control of all matters connected with the land
Chief controlling revo
nue authority.

revenue in the North Western Provnucs and Oudh is rested in the Board,
bubbet to the orders of the Local Gov-

ernment

- G The Local Government with the previous sanction of
 Appointment and removal of Members of the
 appoint, and may remove, the Members
 of the Board

 of the Board
- 7 (1) Subject to such rules or orders as the Local Gos-Power to distribute ernment may prescribe or issue, the Board may distribute its business and make such territorial division of its

purishetion amongst its Members as to the Board may seem fit.

- (2) All orders made or decrees passed by a Member of the Board in accordance with such distribution or division shall be held to be the orders or decrees (as the case may be) of the Board
- 8 No decree or order in a judicial proceeding coming
 Alteration or reversal under the consideration of the Board
 of a judicial order.
 on a reference under section 218 or in
 revision under Kimmum Rules, 1894,
 section 219, shall be altered or reversed without the concurrent

sudgment of two Members of the Board

9 When the Members of the Board are equally divided Reference to Local in opinion as to any order to be made Government in case of in the course of its non-judicial lorses, the question regarding which there is swill druc in order to see the course of 2 all te

teletred for decision to the Local Government

matters shall be held to the Collector under this Act until the Local Government appoints a successor to the Collector so dying or disabled, and such successor takes charge of his appointment

CHAPTER III

MAINTENANCE OF MAPS AND RECORDS

(A) Lanungos and Patwaris

21 The Collector with the previous sanction of the
Board, may arrange the minhals of the
Power to form and
district in pattwaris' circles, and may,
from time to time, alter the number

and limits of such circles

But no such imagement or alteration shall be final unless and until it has been sanctioned by the Board

- 22 The salaries of the patwars shall from time to time
 be fixed by the Collector subject to the
 orders of the Board
- 28 (1) The Collector shall appoint a patwar to each Appointment removal and dismissal of patwars to extend the contained, may, subject to wars the contained only or dismissal of patwars to each Appointment of the contained only in the contained on the contained
- (2) The collector may transfer a patwars from one circle to another.
- 25 One or more Lamingos in a subject, to rules made Appointment of kanus under ection 234 be appointed in each gos district for the proper supervision, municipance and correction of the proper supervision, for such other duties as the Board may from time to time prescribe
- 26 The salaries of the kinningos shall from time to time
 Amount of kaningos be fixed by the Board under the orders
 alaries of the Local Government
- 27 Fver, knnungo and patwars, and every person appointed temporarily to discharge the duties of any such officer, shall be ware to be public are demend to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penil Code and all official records and papers kept

by any such officer shall be held to be public records and the

(B) Mans

28 The Collector shall, in accordance with rules made under section 234, maintain a man and Maintenance of man field book of each village in his district. and field book and shall cause annually, or at such

longer intervals as the Bould may prescribe, to be recorded therein all changes in the boundaries of each village, mahal or field and shall correct any errors which are shown to have been made in such map or field book

All owners of villages, mahals or fields are bound to

Obligations of owners maintain and keep in repair, at their own cost, the permanent boundary As to boundary marks marks lawfully erected thereon, and the Collector may at any time order such owners-

(a) to erect proper boundary marks on such villages. malials or fields.

(b) to repair or renew in such form and material as he may prescribe all boundary marks lawfully erected thereon

If such order is not complied with within thirty days from the communication thereof, the Collector shall cause such boundary marks to be erected, repaired or renewed, and shall recover the charges incurred from the owners concerned in such proportion as he thinks fit

Explanation -The term 'owners" in this and following section includes also under-proprietors, lessees, mortgagees or other persons in possession of the land referred to

30 The Collector may order any person convicted before him of wilfully erasing, removing or Penalty for injury to, or removal of marks damaging a boundary or survey mark

to pay such sum, not exceeding fifty rupees, for each mark so erased, removed or damaged as may he necessary to restore it, and to reward the informer through whom the conviction was obtained. When such sum cannot be recovered, or if the offender cannot be discovered, the Collector shall restore the mark and recover the cost thereof from such of the owners of the confermmous villages, mahals or fields as he thinks fit

(C) Registers

The Collector shall prepare and maintain-

Registers of revenuepaying and reven se-free mahals

> (a) a list of all revenue paying mahals, specifying the revenue assessed on each and the lambardar or other person through whom it is pavable:

- (b) a list of reverue free mahals, specifying the authority and conditions under which they are exempt from the payment of revenue
- 33 The Collector shall maint in a record of rights and registers in accordance with the rules made under section 234 of this Act. No change or transaction affecting the registers pre-cribed by such rules shall be recorded without the order of the Collector or as hereinafter provided of the Tahishdar or a peshkar in sected with the powers of a Tahishdar.
- 34 (1) Every person obtaining possion by succession or transfer of any proprietary or Report of succession or other right in a mishal or part of a transfer of possission.

specific area therein, which is required a proorded in the registers maintained under section 3.5

to be recorded in the registers maintained under section 3.5 shall report such succession or transfer to the Tihaldar or peshk in or the rabal in which the mahid or any part thereof is situated.

(2) In the case of a succe sion or trinsfer, other than a mortgage of lease the report shall be made immediately after it has taken place.

i) In the case of a mortgage or lease the report shall be made immediately after the mortgages or lesses has obtained

procession thereunder

(4) If the person so succeeding or otherwise obtaining

[10.8] son is a minor or otherwise disqualified, the guardian
or other person who has charge of his property shift make the
report required by this section

(5) No revenue court shall entertain a suit or application by the person so succeeding or otherwise obtaining possection until such person has made the report required by the section

The Talisidar or a peshkar exercising the powers of Talisidar on receiving such report or through die shall made a fact coming otherwise to his knowledge, shall made after succes into or transfer appears to have taken piece shall record the sume in the presented regiters if the succes into or transfer appears to did or or peshkar shall refer the case to the Collector who shall dispose of it after deciding the dispute in accordance with the provious of section 40.

37. (1) The Local Government may prescribe proper Power to prescribe fees fees for mutations in the registers for mutation

Provided that no fee for a single mutation shall exceed one hundred rupees

- (2) Such fees shall be levied from the person in whose favour the mintation is made and shall be expended in such manner as the Local Government thinks fit
- JS An person reglecting to make the report required by section 34 within six months from the date of obtaining possession under a mortgage or lease or from the date of

the succession or other trunder shall be hable to a fine not exceeding five times the amount of the fee which would other wise hive been pyable under section 37 or when no fee is levible then not exceeding such amount as the Board may by rule prescribe.

- 39 All transfers and changes affecting interests in Record of transfers of non-proprietary interests ection 34 shall be recorded according to rules made under section 234
- (2) No division of a holding occupied by two or more tennits, and no distribution of the rent payable in respect thereof, shall be recorded, unless the consent of the landholder and of all the tenants concerned has been attested before a revenue court or the kanuingo
- (d) All disputed cases shall be reported to the Tahaildar, who shall make such inquiry as appears necessary and shall subunit his proceedings to the Collector, who after such further inquiry as may be necessary, shall pass orders in accordance with the endoms regulating tenures in Kumaun and, if necessary, cause the prescribed registers to be amended

Settlement of disputes 40 (I) All disputes regarding as to entries in sinual entries in the prescribed registers shall be decided on the basis of possession

- (2) If in the course of inquiry into a dispute under this section the Collector is unable to satisfy himself as to which party is in possession, he shall ascertum by summary inquiry who is the person hest entitled to the property and shall put such person in possession.
- (3) No order as to possession passed under this section shall debar any person from establishing his right to the property in any civil or revenue court having jurisdiction

- 41 (1) All disputes regarding boundaries in mercaned

 Settlement of boundary lands shall be decided as for as possible on the basis of existing survey maps, but if this is not nossible, the bound
- arres shall be fixed on the basis of actual possession
- (2) If, in the course of an inquiry into a dispute uniler this section, the Collector is unable to entirify himself as to which party is in possession of it it is shown that possession has been obtained by wrongful dispossession of the lawful occupants of the property within a period of three months mercures to the commencement of the months, the Collector—
 - (a) in the first case shall ascertain by summars inquiry who is the person best entitled to the property, and shall put such person in possession
 - (b) in the second case shall put the person so disposession

and shall then fix the boundary accordingly

- 15 (1) If during the currency of a settlement the office of lumburder in my maked or part of a muchal becomes yearnt or if at any time the Collector ilecties that one or
- more additional lambadits should be appointed he shall make such appointment in accordance with the rules and customs in force in familian
- (2) If no nonmation is in de within one month from the issue of the notice or if the nominee is not qualified or refuses to jet, the follector may attach the multil or part thereof, and hold it made direct management until a qualified nonmore is appointed.

The collections of the multil or part thereof so attached shall be applied to the payment of the revenue the cot of management and any expenses with which the multil or part thereof is clurizeable and any surplus shall be divided annough the recorded co sharers in proportion to their respect to shares at so It times as the profits are ordinarily divisible.

46 Any person whose naths, interests or habitites are Obligation to furnish required by any enactment for the time information necessary of the preparation of under my such enactment, to be enter-records ed in any official register by a kanungo or patwari, shall be bound to furnish on the requisition of the kanungo or patwin or of tur revenue officer engaged in

compiling the register ill information necessary for the correct compilation thereof

47 All maps field books and registers kept under this Inspection of records fees or otherwise as the Lord Concernment may prescribe

CHAPTER IV

REVISION OF MAPS AND RECORDS

48 If the Local Continuent thinks that, in any distinct or other local area a general or partial revision of the records or a resurvey, or both, should be made, it shall

publish a notification to that effect

and every such local area shall be held to be under record of state of notineation of state of open tions or both, as the case may be from the date of the notification until the issue of mother notification declaring the operations to be closed their in

49 The Teell Green ment may appoint in officer, here mafter called the record officer to be un charge of the record operations or the survey, or both as the case may be un any local area and as many assistant record officers as to it may seem fit, and such officers shall exercise all the powers conferred on them by this Act so long is such local area is under record or survey operations is the case may be

50 When any local area is under survey operations, the P were of record officer record officer may use a proclamation as to exist on of 1 unit directing all owners of villages mahals ary make and fields to erect, within fifteen days, such boundary units as he may think necessary to define the limits of their villages mahals or fields, and, in default of their compliance within the time specified in the proclamation, he may cause such boundary marks to be receted, and the Collector shall recover the cost of their erection from the sources.

- I aplanation—The term "owners" in this section includes also under-proprietors lessers, mortgagers, or other persons in possession of the land referred to
- 51 In case of any Jispute concerning any boundance the record officer shall decide such also than 41
- 52. When any local means under survey operations, the Records to be prepare a record officer shall prepare for each to resurvey. Which shall thereafter be maintained by the Collector as provided by section 2.8 instead of the map and field book previously existing.
- 3) When my local area is under record operations, the record officer shall frame for each main the mean area of contaming much duct and the record in portion thereof as framed shall there are notion to maintained by the Collector instead of the record in portion of the record previously maintained aimlet section 33.
- 54. All indisputed entries in the record of rights shift Attestation of entries be intested by the parties interested, and decome of disputes and all disputes regarding such entries, whether taken up by the record office, of his own motion or agon apple ition by nn, pots interested, shall be dispused of by him in accordance with sections 40 mill 11 and the rules in force or human.
- 56. In the North Western Provinces all cesses which are to be recovered to a rent 1 wide by tenants on account of the to be recoved in N WP occupation of 1 and and which are of the rent of tenints, or in her of which proprietary rights may be assigned under section. So clause (6) shall be recoved by the Record Officer under the appellitions by which they are known and no cesses not so recorded shall be recoverable in any Carl or Receiver Come.
- 57 MI cuties in the record-of-rights prepared in accord processing on the total process of the Chipfer shall be pressured to be true until the contrary reproved and all decisions under the Chipfer in cases of despite shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 10 be building on all

Revenue Courts in respect of the subject matter of such disputes, but no such entry or decision shall iffect the right of any person to clinic and establish in the Civil Court any proprietary right in land which requires to be recorded in the registers which the Collector is required to maintain under the rules in force in Lumania.

CHAPTER V

SETTLEMENT OF THE REVENUE

- 58 (1) All land, to whatever purpose applied and where
 ever situate, is hable to the payment
 of revenue to the Government, except
 such land as has been wholly exempted
 from such lability by special grant of, or contract with, the
 trovernment or by the provisions of any law for the time being
 in force
- (2) Revenue may be assessed on Intd notwithstanding that the revenue, by reason of its having been assigned released compounded for or redeemed, is not payable to the Government
- (3) No length of occupancy of any land, nor any grant of Saving of hability for land made by the proprietor, shall rerevenue lease such land from the hability to pay revenue
- by Whenever the Local Government thinks that any Motification as to settle ment brought under settlement should be so brought, it shall publish a notification to that effect, and every such local rere shall be held to be settlement in progress until notification until the issue of another notification declaring settlement operamonated.

tions to be closed therein

60 The Local Government may appoint an officer, hereAppointment and inifice celled the Settlement Officer, to
omeer be in clurge of the settlement of any
officer shall, while so employed, exercise the powers conferred
upon them by this Act so long as such local are i is under settlement.

61. When a local area is under settlement, the duty of Transfer of duties of maintaining the maps and field-books, Collector to Settlement and prepring the record-of-rights and registers maintained by the Collector Officer

under section 33, may be transferred under orders of the Board from the Collector to the Settlement Officer, who shall thereupon exercise all the powers conferred on the Collector by Chapter III

The Local Government shall, in accordance with 62 Government to issue general principles sanctioned by the rules as to mode of assess Governor General in Council, make rules for the guidance of the Settlement ment Officei in assessing the revenue *

After the receipt of, and subject to, the orders of the Declaration of assess Board on such proposals, the Settlement Officer shall declare the assessment of ment each mahal to the person with whom

the settlement thereof is to be made

•No 1164 dated the 8th May, 1902

It is hereby notified that the Local Government, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 63 of the North Western Provinces and Outh Land Rereme Act, III of 1901, has made the following rules under the sail Act

RULES

Under section 62, North Western Provinces and Oudh Act, No III of 1901

- With reference to the definition of "Revenue free" in aection 3 (10). North Western Provinces and Oodh Act III of 1901, a mahal is partly revenue free when either (a) a portion of the full demand is remitted on account of the mahal, or (b) a specific area comprised within the mahal is held revenue free
- 2 Revenue free mahalo of which the land revenue has been wholly assigned or which are only partly revenue free shall be assessed in the same manner as mahals which pay full revenue
- Revenue free mahals of which the land revenue has been wholly release I, compounded for an redeemed, shall or brandy be assessed at exactly or approximately 50 per cent of the assets
- Where specific revenue free areas are included in a mahal the assessment shall be worked out for the entire mahal and the portion of such assessment distribute I upon the revenue free areas will be separately stated
- Provided that the Settlement Officer may, at his discretion, demarcate and assess as a separate mahal any such revenue free areas
- 5 Where a mahal presionsh held revenue free 18 resumed and as ex ed by the Settlement Officer, and in his opinion the immediate enforce ment of the full d mand would cause hardship he may propose that the full demand shall be reached by progressive stages

If any milital computes two or more villages or portions of villages the Settlement Officer shall declara the assessment of each such village or portion of village, and also the aggregate amount of the assessment of the whole milital

Such declaration shall be made at a time and place to be notified by the Settlement Officer

- 65 (1) Subject to the provisions of section 75, the With worm a tilem rt settlen cut shall be made—
 to be made.
 - (a) in the case of talaqdara makal, with the talaqdar;
 - (b) in the case of other mahals with the propractor of the muhal or when there are two or more proprietors, with the lumbardars, unless for special reasons the Settlement Officer decides to make the settlement with all the proprietor.
- (2) If any taluqdar or other proprietor with whom settle ment would otherwise have been unde-
 - (a) has transferred possession of his mahal or share to a mortgagee, the settlement may be made with
 - such mortgagee,

 (b) 13 a luntue mino or other person incupible of
 making a contrict, the settlement shall be mide
 on his behalf with his legal representative
- 66 If the persons entitled to settlement agree to the
 Effect of agreement to
 assessment so declared, they and those
 whom they represent shall be liable to
 pay such assessment—
 pay such assessment—
 - (a) if the term of the former settlement has not expired, from the date on which it expires
 - (b) if such term has expired, from the date of such agreement or from such subsequent date as the Board may direct

and in malitis in which the lind or part of the land is held

Distribution of ossess in severalts, the Settlement Officer shall distribute such assessment on the land so held

67 In any mainal where by the established custom the Indoor the amount of revenue payable as to redshrbution of sechi share is subject to periodical land and adjustment of redstribution or readjustment the sevenue shares

of the co sharers, enforce such redistribution or readjustment according to such established custom 68 If the person to be settled with refuses to accept the assessment declared by the Settlement

Fxclus on of p rson re fus ng of fall ng to accept set I ment set I ment of deelaration by the Settlement Officer upder section 54 the Settlement Officer

under section 64 the Settlement Officer shall report the case through the Commissioner to the Board

and the Board may direct that the person so refusing or failing be evoluded from the settlement for such term not exceeding filteen years from the date of such direction, as the Board thinks fit

and the Collector may with the previous sauction of the Board either farm the midul or hold it under direct immage ment during such term or any part thereof and shall pay to the person so excluded such annual allowance as the Settlement Officer or Collector mix determine as reasonable

71 When the term fixed under section 68 expires the Offer of settlement to Collector shall offer settlement of the mainst to the person then entitled to mainst a such assessments as the

settlement at such assessments as the Board may direct for the remander of the term of settlement of the local area in which the mal at its situated. If such jet son refuses to accept the offer he may with the sanction of the Board and subject to the provisions of section 68 as fat as they are applicable be excluded from settlement for such period not exceeding the remainder of the term of the settlement of the local area, as the Board any direct.

72 If in a mahal in which the land or a part of the Procedure a casa of land is held in severally the Settle encoder of several propre ment Officer has decided to make the tors refusing essessment settlement with all the proprietors under section 65 any co-sharer refuses or fails within thrity days from the date of the declaration by the Settlement Officer under section 64 to accept the assessment so declared the Settlement Officer may transfer the share of the person so refusing or failing for a term not exceeding fifteen years to all or any of the remuning co-sharers in the mihal who may be willing to accept the transfer

If no co-sharer accepts such transfer the entire mahal shall be dealt with under section (8 as if all the co-sharers had refused or failed to accept the assessment

73 When the term fixed under section 72 expires, if the On crof share to co-sharer whose share his been transbeen bean ferrest. declared by the Settlement Officer, the Collector shall put such co-sharer in possession of his share

If such co-slaver does not so occupt, the transfer shall be maintained for the remander of the term of the settlement of the mulul

In any maled in the North-Western Provinces when-Power to N. W. P. to ever several persons possess separate direct which of swert heritable and transferable proprietary parties having separate and different interests interests, such interests being of different shall be admitted to ent kinds, the Settlement Officer shall a-ttl-ment, and to pres under the rules for the time being in

force, determine-

- (a) which of such persons shall be admitted to engage for the payment of the revenue, due provision being in ide for securing the rights of the others; and
- (b) the manner and proportion in which the net mofits of the milal dult be allotted to the several persons possessing separate interests as aforesaid for the term of the settlement

78. If in any multil in the North-Western Provinces Power in X W P to there exist persons possessing proprie the benefit of persons pos that rights therein which are not of such seeing rights which do a nature as to entitle their possessors not entitle them to settle to settlement the Settlement Ofheer ment thay make such arrangements as shall secure such persons in possession of their existing rights, or of in equivalent thereto

This may be done-

- (a) by the formation of a sub-settlement on helvilf of the proprietors with such persons for any lands actually in their possession, or
- (b) in mahals held as joint undivided property and when the sud rights are rights to receive from the tenants any money payment or portion of the agricultural produce, by assigning in hen thereof the properties right in a certain portion of the

68 If the person to be settled with refuses to accept the
assessment declared by the Settlement
scales on of preson re-Officer, or fails to accept such assess

Exclusion of prison re this sign of failing to accept such assessment within thirty days from the dite set 1 ment of declaration by the Settlement Officer shall report the case

under section 64 the Settlement Officer shall report the case through the Commissioner to the Board

and the Board may direct that the person so refusing or failing be evoluded from the settlement for such term not exceeding fifteen years from the date of such direction as the Board thinks fit,

and the Collector may with the previous sanction of the Board either farm the inchal or hold it under direct manage ment during such term or am part thereof and shall pay to the person so excluded such annual allow ince as the bettle ment Office or Collector may determine as reasonable

71 When the term fixed under section 68 expires the Office of actilement to Collector shall offer settlement of the rectuded propretor mahal to the person them entitled to settlement at such assessments as the Coord may direct for the resultant of the term of settlement.

Board may direct for the ren index of the term of settlement of the local area in which the indula is situated. If such per son refuses to accept the offer he may with the sanction of the Board and subject to the provisions of section 68 as far as they are applicable be excluded from settlement for such period not exceeding the remainder of the term of the settlement of the local area as the Board may direct.

72 If m a mahal in which the land or n part of the service of the new procedure n case of land is held in severalty the Settle service of several propre ment Officer has decided to make the tear refusing assessment settlement with all the proprietors indices section 65 any co-sharer refuses or fails within thirty days from the date of the declaration by the Settlement Officer under section 64 to accept the assessment so declared the Settlement Officer under section 65 for accept the share of the person so refusing or failing for a term not exceeding fifteen verus to all or my of the remaining co-sharers in the mihal who may be willing to accept the transfer

If no co-sharer accepts such transfer the entire mahal shall be dealt with under section 68 as if all the co-sharers had refused or fuled to accept the assessment The View that have department and the first fit in the form of the second secon

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- الله المستخدم المستخ

- 94 (1) No settlement under this chapter shall be final Confirmation of a till until it has been confirmed by the mentand revision of as Local (covernment
- (2) The Local Government shall, when confirming the Period for which settle settlement fix the term thereof
- (3) Any assessment may be revised, if the Local Government so directs at any time before information the settlement is confirmed and in such case the revised assessment shall be declared, and the miorisions of sections 64 to 78 (both inclusive)

declared, and the provisions of sections 64 to 78 (both inclusive) shall apply

95 All persons with whom a settlement of land has been

95 Ill persons with whom a settlement of land has been Texture of hand under made shill, if the continue to hold the expired settlement unit in land after the term of such settlement new sattlements made has expired hold upon the condition of such settlement until it are settlement is unade

CHAPIER VI

REVISION OF ASSESSMENT AND OTHER IR ICCLDING S

- 96. When the term is estitement fixed for any mahal or Short term settlement the local area in which they are sthreted for and such term expues, the Collector shall assess and settle such mahals in accordance with miles made under section 294.
- 97. At any time during the currency of settlement the Powers to invest any Local Government may invest any officer with powers of a Settlement Settlement Officer under Chapter V within such Investictions and for such period as it thinks fit but not so as to enable him to enhance the revenue of a mail of
- 98 The Collector shall inquire infinally into the cases of Annual inquiry as to all land released conditionally or for a revenue free grants term from the payment of revenue

If the condition is broken he shall report the case to the Commissioner for orders

and if the term has expired or (where the grant is for the the first the grantee) if the grantee has died the shall assess the land and report his proceedings to the Commissioner for sanction

99 (1) Land added by alloying to a mahal may be settlement of lanta(1) assessed and settled by the Collector in edby all on and reveal accordance with rules made ander son of assessment who accordance with rules made ander culturable are reduced section 211.

by first at action

- (2) When the culturable area of any malad has been diminished by fluvial action the Collector may, in the case of a malad under permanent settlement, grant susquision of revenue, and in the case of a malad not under permanent settlement revie the assessment.
- 102 (1) For the purpose of mixing settlements or revisions assessments under sections 06, 98 and 99 the Collector shall have the powers of a Settlement Other
- (2) No settlement, revision of assessment or suspension of revenue in ide under the foregoing sections of this Chapter shall be find until it has been sanctioned by the Commissioner
 - 103 If during the currency of a settlement the proprie tary possession of any specific area other
- Power to determine retition a definite durie in a middle seame of specific areas transferred the Collecter may determ in the proportion of the revenue payable thereon
- 105 When the record or settlement operations are Application, and pro-closed by netification under sections 48 ecidings pending before or section 39, all applications and pro-Record or settlement 056 ceedings then pending before the Record when operations are closed.

 Exercise 254th Collector who shall become section and pro-close the reinsferred to the Collector who shall because 254th Collector who shall be a collector when shall be a collector who shall be a collector who shall be a

have the powers of a Record or Settlement Officer for the disposal thereof

CHAPTER VII

CHAPTER VIII

COLLICTION OF REVENUE

141 In the case of every mahal the revenue assessed Revenue the first charge thereon shall be the first charge on the entire mahals, and on the rents, profits or produce thereof

The rents profits or produce of a mahal shall not be applied in situsfaction of a decree or order of any Civil Court until all arrears of revenue due in respect of the mahal have been paid

142 All the proprictors of a malul are jointly and Responsibility for re-severally responsible to Government for the revenue for the time being assessed thereon and all persons succeeding to proprietary possession thereto otherwise than by purchase under section 160 shall be responsible for all arrears of revenue due at the time of their succession.

Explanation— Proprietor in this Chapter means a person in proprietary possession to his own benefit and in cludes a mortgagee and a lessee of proprietary rights

143 The revenue shall be pud in such instalments to Rules as to payment of such persons and at such times and revenue arrears and de places as may be prescribed by rules faulters made under section 234 and any sum not so pud becomes an arrear of revenue and the persons responsible for it whether as co-sharers or as lambudars become defaulters.

No interest shall be demanded on any arrear of Interest not chargeable revenue

144 The revenue shall be paid through it e lambar lar

Payment through hear who subject to rules made under set
tion 234 shall be reinuner ited by such
fees, to be paid by the other pro
prietors not exceeding 5 per cost on the revenue payable
in respect of their shares as the Board may prescribe

145 A statement of account certified by the Tales du

Certified account to be shall for the purposes of this Chapter be cooclusive evidence of the existence of the account certified by the Tales du

of the arrear of its amount and of the person who is the defaulter

- 116 An anear of revenue may be recovered by one or Processes for recovery more of the following processes of revenue
 - (a) by serving a writ of demand or a citation to appear on any of the defaulters

(b) by arrest and detention of his person

(c) by attachment and sale of his movable property
(d) by attachment of the specific area, share path or

mahal in respect of which the arrear is due

(c) by transfer of such shirt or little to a solvent cosharer in the mahal.

(f) by annulment of the settlement of such patti or of the whole mahal.

(a) by sale of such specific area or patts or of the whole mahal.

(h) by sale of other immovable property of the defaulter. When an arrear of revenue becomes due, a writ of Writ of demand and demand calling on the defaulter to pay stated or a citation to appear, may assue

The defaulter may be arrested and detained in custody for fifteen days, unless the arrears. Arrist and detention and the costs of arrest and detention are sooner paid

Provided that no takingar no person exempted from personal attendance in the Civil Courts and no female, shall be subject to arrest or detention in clistods under this section

The Collector may, whether the defaulter has been Attachment and sale of arrested or not attach and sell his move moveable property

able property Every attachment and sale ordered under this section shall be made according to the law in face for the time being for the attichment and sale of moveible property under the decree of a Civil Court. In addition to the particulars men tioned in clauses (a) to (n) of section 266 of the Code of Civil Procedure articles set uside exclusively for the use of religious endowments shall be exempt from attachment and sale under this section. The costs of the attachment and sile shall be added to the arrear of revenue and shall be recoverable by the same procedure

150 The Collector may in addition to or instead of any of the other processes herembefore Atta hment of land specified attach and take under his own management any specific area share patti or mahal in respect of which an arrear is due but no land shall be held under attribment for the same arrest for a term exceeding three years from the first day of July next following the attachment provided that if the arrear is sooner liquidated the land shall be released and the surplus receipts (if any) made over to the definiter or his legal representative

While any land is so held under direct management Powers and obligations the Collector shall be bound of manager engagement which at the time attachment existed between the defaulter and the inferior proprietors under proprietors or tenants and shall be entitled to noninge the property so attributed, and to receive all rents and profits occuring their hon. The collections of the property so attributed shall be applied to the payment of any installment of revenue which may become due after attributent, and of the cost of attributent and management, and any surplus shall be applied to discharging the arrear on account of which the attributent was made.

152 When the arrea is due in respect of a share or rander of defaule a path of a midal the Collector may, in share addition to a instead of any of the processes hereinbefore specified with the previous sanction of the Commussioner transfer such share or path for a term of exceeding fifter, wens from the first day of all, next after the date of the sanction to all or my of the co-sharer of the midal other them be proportions of such share or path on condition of their paying the unext and on such terms as the Commussioner in each case may presente. Such transfer shall not affect the joint and several tability of the co-sharers of the midal in which it is enforced.

When the term of trunsfer has expired, the share or path shall be restored to the propietors thereof free of any claim on the part of Government or the trunsferce for any arrest in respect of such share or path.

15. When the Collector is of or mon that the processes who a title ent may be unbefore specific are not sufficient be not all for the nearch of such affects in all tion to or instead of, all or any of such processes report the matter, and the Bond or in the case of a falling in Onlik, the based Government, my then upon order the existing settlement of the patte or maked in nearch of which the arrent is due to be compiled.

The provisions of this section shall not be put in force for the recovery of any arrest of revenue which may have account on land—

- (a) while under strichment,
- (i) while under the charge of the Court of Wards, or (c) which is permanently settled
- 1'1 When the settlement of aim land has been management at tight a mindfel the Collector may with the malaret previous senetion of the Commissioner either mease the land limited or he may let it in farm; for such term into a such conditions as may be sanct oned by the Commissioner.

Provided that no land may bego managed or let for a term exceeding fifteen years from the first day of July next

after the date of such anuniquent

All contracts relating to such land premously made by the definiter, or any person through whom he claims and all grants hable to resumption under the law for the time being in force shall become voulable at the option of the Collector or the farmer

155 When the Collector attaches any land under section 150, or transfers it under section 152, Proclamation of atts h

rrocamation of atts a ment or smulment of or when the settlement of any land live settlement been unfulled under section 153, he shall issue a proclamation thereof

No payment on account of rent, or any other asset of the land, made after the date of such Payments to defaulter proclamation or in auticipation of due thereafter or in anlicipa date, to any person other than the Col tion of due date not t discharge payer lector, the transferee or the farmer shall reheve him from liability for proment to the Collector, the transferee or the farmer as the ease may be

When any land has been let in farm under section Recovery of balance 101 (1 section 159, any sum due by the due by farmer farmer under his lease may be recovered from him or his surely (if any) as if it

were an arrear of revenue

158 When the settlement of any patti is innulled under Joint responsibility for section 153, the joint responsibility of revenue suspended during the co sharers of the mahal for the reannulment venue of such patti shall be in abevance from the date of such annulment until a new settlement of such patta is made under section 159

When the period for which any land has been Bettlement on expiry of managed or farmed under section 154 period for which lead or has expired, the Collector shall offer framed or taken under to the person entitled to settlement management under section 65 a new settlement on such conditions as the Board, or, in the case of a taluga or part of a taluga, the Local Government, may direct for the remainder of the term of the original settlement

If such offer is refused, the Collector may, with the sanc tion of the Commissioner, deal with the land for the remainder of the term of the original settlement in accordance with the provisions of sections 68 to 73 (inclusive) so far as they are applicable

160 When the Collector is of opinion that the other Sale of defaulter especifies area, pattior mahal sufficient for the recovery of an arrear,

he may, in addition to, or instead of,

all or any of such other processes, with the previous sanction of the Board or, in the case of a taluqu or part of a taluqu in Oudh, the Local Government, sell by anction the specific area, patt or mahal in respect of which such arrear is due

Provided that no specific area, path or makal shall be sold for any arrear which may have accrued while it was-

- (a) under the management of the Court of Wards,
- (b) under direct management by the Collector, or
- (c) in farm under the provisions of this Act
- 161 (1) Land sold under the last preceding section Lend to be sold free of shall be sold free of all incumbrances, neumbrances.

and all grants hable to resumption under the law for the time being in force, and all contracts previously made by any person other than the purchaser in respect of such land shall become voidable at the option of the purchaser at the auction sale

- (2) Nothing in sub section (1) applies-
 - (a) in mahals permanently settled, to lands held under written leases duly registered, granted in good faith at fair rents, and for specified areas, by a former proprietor for terms not exceeding twenty years.
 - (b) in all mahrls to lands held under bone fide leases at fair rents, temporary or perpetual, for the erection of dwelling houses or manufactories or for nunes, gardens, tunks canals places of worship, burying grounds, such lands continuing to be used for the purposes specified in such leases
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) the Board with the sanotion of the Local Government, may, at any time before the sale has been made, direct that it be made subject to such interest or rights in land created by the prophetor in possession thereof, or any person through whom he claims, as it thinks fit.

162 (1) If an arrear cannot be recovered by any of the above processes and the defaulter owns against interest of de against interest of de to their in property ofter than that in respect of other immoveshle property, the Collection when defaults in de

sbare, or other immoveable property as if it were the land on account of which the revenue is due, under the provision of this Act

Provided that no interests save those of the defaulter alone shall he affected by such process and when such property is sold the provisions of section 161 shall not apply to such sale.

(2) Sums of mone; recoverable as arrears of revenue, not due in respect of any specific land may be recovered by process under this section against any immoveable property of the defaulter

Proclamation of sale property has been sanctioned under sec tion 160 or section 162 the Collector shall issue a proclamation of the intended sale specifying the land to be sold and the revenue (if any) assessed thereon, the arrears for which it is to be sold the time and place of sale whether or not the land is to be sold free of incumbrances under section 161 and any other particulars the Collector may thook necessary

A copy of the proclamation shall be served on the defaulter

Sale wher, and whom to be made whom to be made either by the Collector in person or by an Assistant Collector specially appointed by lum in this behalf.

No such sale shall take place on a Sunday or other author ized holiday, or notil after the expiration of at least thirty days from the date on which the proclamation thereof was issued.

The Collector may from time to time postpone the sale

165 No officer having any duty to perform in connection

Prohibition to bid for with any such sale and oo persons em
or acquare the property ployed by or subordinate to such officer
sold.

shall either directly or indirectly bid

sold. shall either directly or indirectly bid for, acquire, or attempt to acquire except on behalf of the Government of the Court of Wards the property sold of any interest therein

If the defaniter pay the arrear in respect of which sale may be the land is to be sold, at any time before the day fixed for the sale, to the person stayed

appointed under section 143 to receive payment of the revenue assessed on such land, or to the

Collector, or the Assistant Collector in charge of the subdivision in which the land is situated, the sale shall be stayed

The person declared to be the purchaser shall be Deposit by purchaser, required to deposit immediately twenty-Re-sale in default of de five per cent on the amount of his bid,

and, in default of such deposit the land posit shall forthwith be again put up and sold, and such person shall be hable for the expenses attending the first sale and any deficiency of price which may occur on the re-sale, which may be recovered from him by the Collector as if the same were an arrear of revenue

The full amount of purchase money shall be paid by Purchase money when the purchaser at the Collector's office on or before the fifteenth day from the date to be paid. of the sale

And if the purchase money is not paid the deposit, after the expenses of the sale have been defraved therefrom shall be forfeited to Effect of default Government, and the property shall be re sold and the defaulting purchaser shall forfest all claim to the property, or to any part of the sum for which it may be

sub equently sold Liability of purchaser are less than the price bid by such de-for loss by re-asle faulting purchaser. If the proceeds of the sale which is eventually made recoverable from him as if it were an

arrear of revenue

No sale after postponement under section 164 and no re sale under section 167 in default of Proclamation before re payment of the purchase money, shall be made until a fresh proclamation has

been issued as prescribed for the original sale

Every sale of land or other immoveable property Sale to be reported to nuder this Act shall be reported by the Commissioner Collector to the Commissioner

(1) 'my person whose land or other immoveable Application to set ande property has been cold under this Act sale on deposit of arrear, may, at any time within thirty days from the date of sale apply to have the sale set aside on his depositing in the Collector's office—

(a) for payment to the purchaser, a sum equal to five per cent of the purchase monet, and

(b) for payment on account of the arrear, the amount specified in the proclamation of sale as that for the recovery of which the sale was ordered, less any amount which may since the date of such proclamation of sale, have been paid on that account, and

(c) the costs of the sale

If such deposit is made within thirty days the Collector shall bass an order setting aside the sale

Provided that if a person applies under section 173 to set and such sale he shall not be entitled to make an application under this section.

Provided also that if the land has been sold free of in cumbrance, under section 161 the incumbrances shall be revived as soon as the sale is set aside under this section

(2) I very application to set aside a sale under this section, and the final order passed thereon—shall be immediately reported by the Collector to the Commissioner.

173 At any time within thirty days from the date of the
sale application may be made to the
Application to set as de Commissioner to set aside the sale on

sale for irregularity, etc the ground of some material irregularity or mistake in publishing or conducting it, but no sale shall be set coade on such ground unless the applicant process to the satisfaction of the Commissioner than

applicant proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he has sustained substantial injury by reason of such irregularity or mistake

174 On the expiration of thirty days from the date of

Order confirming or set tag as de sale to the sale if no such application as is mentioned in section 172 or 173 bas been made and rejected firming the sale

arming the sale
and if such application under section 173 is made and
allowed the Commissioner shalt pass an order setting aside

Every order under this section shall be final

175 If no application under section 173 is made within

Bar of claims founded the time allowed therefor, all claims on

on irregularity or miss the ground of irregularity or mistake in

publishing or conducting the sale shall

be barred

Nothing herein contained shall bur the institution of a suit in the Civil Court for the purpose of setting aside a sale

on the ground of fraud Whenever the sale of any land or other immoveable Refund of purchase properts is set aside under section 174 money when sale set the purchaser shall be entitled to receive as de back his purchase-money, with intere t

nt such rate not exceeding six per cent per annum, or without interest, as the Commissioner thinks fit

After a sale of land or other immoveable property Purchaser to be put in under this Act has been confirmed in the possession Certificate of manner aforesaid the Collector shall put the person declared to he purchaser into possession of such property and shall grant him a certificate

to the effect that he has purchased the property to which the certificate refers, and such certificate shall he deemed to he a valid transfer of such property but need not he registered as n conveyance except as provided by section 89 of the Regitration 1ct 1877

1877

If land has been sold under section 160 on account of an arrear of revenue due in respect thereof the certificate shall also state that the purchaser has purchased the land to which the certificate refers free of every incumbrance other than the leases mentioned in sub section (2) of section 161 and the in terests or rights specified by the Board under sub-section (3) of section 161 The certificate shall state the name of the person

Barof suit against cer declared at the time of sale to he the tified purchaser or application made in a Civil or Re venue Court against the certified purchaser on the ground that

the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs

When a sale of land under this Act has been con depleasing of proceeds firmed the proceeds of the sale shall be of sale applied in the first place to the

ment of any arrears, including costs incurred for the recovery thereof due to the Government from the defaulter at the date of the confirmation of sale whether the arrears are of revenue or of sums recoverable as arrears of revenue and in the second place if the sale took place for the recovery of an amount recoverable as an arrear of revenue, hut not due to Government to he payment of that amount including costs as aforesaid

and the surplus (if any) shall be paid to the person whose land has been sold.

or, if the land sold was held in shares then to the cosharers collectively or, according to the amount of their re corded interests at the discretion of the Collector

Such surplus shall not except under an order of a Surplus not to be pad Civil or Revenue Court be paid to any to cred tors nor retained creditor of the person whose land has by Government except been sold nor shall it (except under a under order of Court like order) be retained by the Collector

I'll e person named in the certificate of title as nur Liability of purchasor chaser of any land shall be liable for all instalments of revenue becoming due in for revenue respect of such land after the date of

the confirmation of the sale

When any land sold under section 160 or 162 is a Pre- mption by co portion of a mahil any recorded co sharer in the mahal other than the per

son whose land has been sold may if the lot has been knocked down to a stranger claim to take the said land at the sum last bid

Provided that the said demand of pre emption be made on the day of sale and before the officer conducting the sale has left the office or the day and provided that the claimant fulfills all the other conditions of the sale

Provided also that in Oudh a demand or pre emption XX may be made by a proprietor or under proprietor subject to 1860 the same conditions as in section 15 of the Oudh Rent Act 1886

Whenever proceedings are taken under this Chapter Payment under protest against any person for the recovery of any arrear of revenue he may pay the and suit for recovery amount claimed under protest to the officer taking such proceedings and upon such payment the proceedings shall be stayed and the person against whom such proceedings were taken may sue the Government in the Civil Court for the amount so paid

and in such suit the plantiff may notwithstinding any thing contained in section 145 give evidence of the amount (if any) which he alleges to be due from him

No protest under this section shall enable the person mak ing the same to sue in the Civil Court unless it is made at the time of payment in writing and signed by such person or by an agent duly authorized in his behalf

184 Any lambardar who has paid an arrear of revenue due on account of the share of any co-Hecovery of arrears sharer whom he represents may within due from co sharers paid six months from the date of such pay-

ment, apply in writing to the Collec-

tor to recover such arrear, together with any fees due under section 144 on his behalf, as if it were an arrear of revenue payable to Government

The Collector shall, on receipt of such application, satisfy himself that the amount claimed is due to the lambardar, and may then, subject to rules made under section 234 proceed to recover, as if it were an arrear of revenue, such amount, with costs and interests, from the said co sharer or any person in possession of his share

The Collector shall not be made a defendant to any suit in respect of an amount for the recovery of which an order has been passed under this section

No appeal shall he from any order of Collector under this section but nothing herein contained and uo order passed under this section shall debar a lambardar or a co-sharer from maintaining a suit under the Kumaun Tenancy Rules notified in G O no 137/1-626 of the 19th January 1918

188 The provisions of this Act with regard to the re Provisions applied to covery of arrears of revenue, shall approvisions applied to ply to all arrests of revenue and sums mencement of Act of money recoverable as arrears of re-senue due at the commencement of this Act

CHAPTER IX

PROCEDURE OF REVENUE COURTS AND REVENUE OFFICERS

189 A Commissioner may hold his Court at any place Place for holding Court within his division

In Additional Commissioner may be hold his Court at any place within the division or divisions to which he is appointed

A Collector an Assistant Collector (whether in charge or not of a sub division of a district) a Record Officer an Assist ant Record Officer, a Settlement Officer, or an Assistant Settlement Officer may hold his Court at any place willing the district to which he is appointed

A Tahsildar may hold his Court at any place within his tashil

190. The Collector, Settlement Officer, Record Officer,

Power to enter upon and their assistants, subordinates, serand surveyland.

upon and survey land and demarkate

upon and survey land and demarkate

upon and survey land and demurcate boundaries and do all acts necessary for any purpose connected with their duties, under this or any other Act.

191 The Board or a Commussioner, may transfer any case or class of cases, whether judicial Commissioner to transfer or non judicial, from any subordinate Revenue Court or Revenue Officer to

any other such court or officer competent to deal therewith or to itself or himself

The Collector, an Assistant Collector in charge of Power to transfer a sub-division of a district, a Talisil-cases to an 1 from sub-dar, a Record Officer or a Settlement

cases to an I from sub dar, a Record Officer or a Settlement ordinates Officer may mule over any case or class of cases arising under the provisions of this Act or otherwise, for enquity or decision, from his own file to any of his subordinates competent to deal with such case or class of cases, or may withdraw any case or class of cases from any Revenuo Officer subordinate to him and may deal with such case or class of cases himself or refer the same for disposal to any other such Revenue Officer competent to deal there with

Power to summon attendance it considers necessary for personate gave attendance of any investigation suit and produce documents or other business before it

All persons so summoned shall be bound to attend eitler in person or by an authorised agent as such Court may direct,

and to state the truth upon any subject respecting which they are examined or make statements
and to produce such documents and other things as may

and to produce such documents and other things as ma be required

Provided that persons exempt from personal attendance in the Civil Court under sections 132 and 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 shall subject to the provisions of those sections be exempt from personal attendance under this section

194 If any person or whom a summons to give evidence Procedure in case of or produce a document has been served non-compliance with fulls to comply with the summons the summons base officer by whom the summons has been issued may exercise the power conferred on Civil Courts by

184 Any lambardar who has paid an arrear of revenue due nn account of the share of any co-Recovery of screars sharer whom he represents may within six months from the date of such pay by a lambardar

ment, apply in writing to the Collec tor to recover such arrear, together with any fees due under sec-

tion 144 on his behalf as if it were an arrear of revenue pay able to Government

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The Collector shall not be made a defendant to any suit in respect of an amount for the recovery of which an order bas been passed under this section

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188 The provisions of this Act with regard to the re-Provisions applied to covery of arrears of revenue, shall aparrears due at comply to all arrears of revenue and sums mencement of Act mencement of Act of money recoverable as arrears of re-venne due at the commencement of this Act

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A Commissioner may hold his Court at any place Place for holding Court within his division

An Additional Commissioner may be hold his Court at any place within the division or divisions to which he is appointed

A Collector an Assistant Collector (whether in charge or not of a sub division of a district) a Record Officer, an Assistant Record Officer, a Settlement Officer or an Assistant Settlement Officer may hold his Court at any place wthin the district to which he is appointed

A Tahsildar may hold his Court at nnv place within his tashil

190 The Collector, Settlement Officer Record Officer,
Power to enter upon and their assistants, subordances serand survey land upon and survey land and decuarrate

upon and survey land and detuarcate boundaries and do all acts necessary for any purpose connected with their duties under this or any other Act.

191 The Board or a Commussioner may transfer any Power of Board or or hon judicial, from any subordinate Commissioner to transfer

or non judicial, from any subordinate Revenue Court or Revenue Officer to any other such court or officer compe-

tent to deal therewith or to itself or lumself

192 The Collector, an Assistant Collector in charge of Power to transfer a aub division of a district, a Tableil-cases to end from sub dar a Record Officer or a Settlement ordinates

Officer may make over any case or class of cases arising under the provisions of this Act or other-wise, for anough or design, from the complete of the case of the control of the case of the case

wise for enquiry or decision from his own file to any of his subordinates competent to deal with such case or class of cases or may withdraw any case or class of cases from any Revenue Officer subordinate to him and may deal with such case or class of cases himself or refer the same for disposal to any other such Revenue Officer competent to deal there with

193 Any Revenue Court may summon any person whose Fewer to summon attendance it considers necessary for persons to gate evidence the purpose of any investigation auit and produce documents or other business before it

All persons so summoned shall be bound to attend eitler in person or by an authorised agent as such Court may direct, and to state the truth upon any subject respecting which they are examined or make statements

and to produce such documents and other things as may

be required

00.004

Provided that persons exempt from personal attendance in the Civil Couri under sections 132 and 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 shall subject to the provisions of those sections be evempt from personal attendance under this section

194 If any person or whom a summons to give evidence Procedure in case of or produce a document has been served non-complace with fails to comply with the summons the summons the summons has been existed may everuse the powers conferred on Civil Courts by

the rules in order XVI of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as in force under the provisions of the Kumaun Tenancy Rules

195 Every summons shall be in writing in duplicate, Summons to be in and shall be signed and scaled by the writing agend, and officer issuing it, or by such person as besided.

He empowers in this behalf,

and shall be served by tendering or delivering a copy of it to the person summoned, or, if he cannot be found, by affixing a copy of it to ome conspicuous part of his usual re-

sidence

and if such person resides in another district, the sum

Service in district mons may be sent by post to the Col
other than that of issue lector of that district for service

Mode notices of serving by tendering, delivering or sending a copy thereof by post in a cover registered under the Indian Post Office

Act 1898, to the person on whom it is to be served, or if such person is a proprietor of land, to his agent.

or by affixing a copy thereof at some place of public resort on or adjacent to the land to which such notice refers

Mode of issuing pro Court house of the officer issuing pro Court house of the officer issuing tt, at the headquirters of the tahsil within

the headquarters of the tabail within which the land to which it refers is situated and at some place of public resort on or adjacent, to the land to which it refers and if the officer issuing it so direct the proclamation shall be further published by beat of druin on or near the land to which it refers

198 No notice or proclimation shall be deemed void on Notice and proclama account of any error in the name or designation of any person in the description of an had referred to therein, unless such error has produced substantial injustice

Procedure for procur before any Revenue Court, either party managements attendance of witnesses shill follow the procedure prescribed by

Order XVI of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as in force under the provisions of the Kumiun Tenancy Rules

200 Whenever any purty to such proceeding neglects

Hearing in absence of to attend on the day specified in the
party summons the case may be heard and
determined in his absence

201 No appeal shall be from an order passed under sec-No appeal from orders tion 200 ex parte or by default passed ex parte or by

But in all such cases if the party against whom judgRe bearing on proof ment has been given appears either in
of good cause for non person or by agent (if a plaintiff within
appearance 15 days from the date of such order, and
if a defendent within fifteen days after such order has been
communicated to him, or after any process for enforcing the
judgment has been executed or at an earlier period) and
shows good cause for his non appearance, and satisfies the
officer making the order that there has been a failure of
justice, such officer may upon such terms as to costs or otherwise as he thinks proper revive the case and after or rescend
the order secording to the justice of the case

Provided that no such order shall be reversed or altered without previously summoning the without summoning to party in whose favour judgment has adverse party been given, to appear and be heard in support of it

202 Any court or officer by whom in order has been Correction of error or passed in any proceeding under this omission.

Act may within ninety days of such

order either of his own motion or on the application of a party, correct any error or omission not effecting a maternal part of the case, after such notice to the parties as may be necessary

203 The Board, a Commissioner, a Collector, an As Power to refer disputes sistant Collector, of the first class a to arbitration Record Officer, or an Assistant Record Officer a Settlement Officer, or an As-

Officer a Settlement Officer, or an Assistant Settlement Officer man, with the consent of the parties, by order refer any dispute before it or him to arbitration

214 (1) No appeal to the Collector, Record Officer or Limitation of appeals Settlement Officer shall be brought after the expiration of thirty days from

the date of the order complained of

(1) No appeal or second appeal to the Commissioner shall be brought after the expiration of sixty days from the date of the order complained of, unless otherwise specially provided in this Act

215 No appeal shall be against an order admitting an Appeal against order appeal on the grounds specified in section 5 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1887

216 (1) The appellate court may either admit or sum-Powers of appellate marily reject the appeal

(2) If it admits the appeal it may reverse, vary, or con-

firm the order appealed against, or may direct such further investigation to be made or such additional evidence to be taken as it may think neces-

sary,

or it may itself take additional evidence, or it may remind the case for disposal with such directions as it thinks fit

When an appeal is admitted the sppellate court may pending the result of the appeal, direct cution of order of lower the execution of the order of the Lower court

218 The Commissioner the Collector, the Record Offi-

Power of Commissioner cer, or Settlement Officer may call for eto, to cell for records and examine the record of any case de and proceedings and re cided or proceedings held by any officer ference to Board subordinate to him for the purpose of satisfying hiself as to the legality or propriety of the order

and, if he is of opinion that the proceedings taken or order passed by such subordante officer should be varied, cancelled, or reversed he shall refer the case with his opinion thereon for the orders of the Board.

passed and as to the regularity of the proceedings,

and the Board shall thereupon pass such orders as it

210 The Board may call for the record of any non-Power of Board to cal Judicial proceedings held by any officer for files of subordinate subordinate to it and may pass thereon officers and to review such orders as it thinks fit The Board may call for the record of any case of a judicial nature if the officer by whom the case was decided appears to have exercised a jurisdiction not vested in him by law or to have fuled to exercise a jurisdiction so vested, or to have acted in the exercise of his jurisdiction illegally or with substantial irregularity and may pass such orders in the case as it thinks fit

- 220 (1) The Board may review and may rescand, after

 Power of Board to reconfirm any order made by itself or

 view and after its orders by acty of its Members in the course of

 and decreas

 its non judicial business
- (2) No decree or order passed judicially by it or by any of its Members shall be so reviewed except on the application of a prity to the case made within a period of mety days from the passing of the decree or order or made after such period if the applicant satisfies the Board that he had sufficient cause for not making the applicantion within such period
- (3) A single member vested with all or any of the Members and the sech powers of the Board shall not have powers it of alter sech power to alter or reverse a decree or other orders orders that himself before the board or by any Member other than himself

CHAPTI R XI

MISCELLANEOUS

(A) Powers

- 221 In conferring powers under this Act the Local Government max enjiner persons by their official titles and may varior cincel any such order
- Whenever my person holding an office to the ser vice of Government, who has been into the first transferred to another vested with any powers under this Act in any district in the North Western Provinces or Oudli is transferred to an equal or higher office shall unless the Local Government otherwise directs be held to be invested with the same powers under this Act in the district to which he is transferred.

Collector

223 The Local Government may confer on any Assistant Collector of the first class all or Investment of Assist any of the powers of a Collector, and ant Collector w th powers all powers so conferred shall be exer of Collector cised subject to the control of the Collector of the district

Conferring of powers on Tal siddars and Vaib Tahs Idars

The Local Government may confer on any Tahul dar all or any of the powers of an Assistant Collector of the second class and on any Peshkar all or any of the

powers of a Tahsildar The Collector may exercise all or any of the powers Collector to have all of an Assistant Collector under this or

226 The Local Government may invest any officer in charge of a settlement with all or any Inve ting of Settle charge of a settlement with all or any ment Officers with powers of the powers of a Collector under this of Collector and Ass stant or any other Act for the time being in Collector

force

force and any Assistant Settlement Officer with all or any of the powers conferable on an Assistant Collector under this or any other 1ct for the time being in force within such limits and with such re trictions and for such period as it thinks fit

In Assistant Collector in charge of a Sub Divi Powers of an Ass stant ston of a district shall as such having Collector in charge of a the following powers Sub divis on

- (2) to call on owners to erect or repair boundary marks and in default to erect or repair and charge the cost to owners under section 29
- (3) to fine for injunes to boundary or survey marks and in certain case apportion the charges of repairing boundary or curvey marks under eac tion 30
- (4) to order alterations in the annual registers under section 33
 - (5) to enquire into and decide cases of reported transfers under sections 35 and 39
- (7) to levs fees for mutations under section 37 and fines under section 38

- (8) to decide disputes and to pass orders under sections 40 and 41
- (9) to appoint lumburd its duly nominated under section 45.
 - (10) to make settlement, under section 96,
 - (11) to report on revenue free holdings and to assess their to revenue under section 98
 - (12) to assess allimid lands and revise assessments under section 99
- (13) to dispose of such of the applications or proceed ings referred to in section 105 as may be made over to him by the Collector
 - (16) to attach and sell mosable property of defaulters under section 149
- (18) to exercise any other jurisdiction or authority which by this Act is extended to Kinnaun is expressly conferred on Assistant Collectors
- 228 An Assistant Collector of first class not in charge of a Power of an Assistant sub division of a distinct shall exercise Collector of first class not all or any of the powers conferred on including of sub livision on Assistant Collector of the first class in charge of a sub division in such cases or classes of cases as the Collector may from time to time refer to him for disposal
- 220 Assistant Collector of the second class shall have Power of Assistant Power to invest atte and report on Collectors of Second class such cases as the Collector or Assistant Collector in charge of a Sub Division of a district may from time to time commit to them for
- investigation and report

 230 An Assistant Record Officer may subject to the
- Power of Assignt control of the Record Officer exercise Record Officer all or any of the powers conferred by this Act on Record Officers
- 231 An Assistant Settlement Officer when specially Spicial powers of As ampowered by the Local Government sistant Settlement Officer shall have power—
 - (2) to declare assessments under section 64
 - (3) to report regarding exclusion of proprietors from settlement for refusal to engage under section 68 and to transfer shares under section 72

- (4) to determine which of several parties having separate and different interests shall be admitted to settlement and to prescribe distribution of pio fits under section 75.
- (6) to make arrangements for securing the rights of persons not entitled to settlement, under section 78.
- (8) to determine and record matters refered to in sections 84 and 85
 - (10) to inquire into and assess revenue free land under section 92
 - (11) to decide claims to hold land revenue free under section 93
- All other powers conferred on Settlement Officers by this Act shall be exercised by Powers of Ass stant Assistant Settlement Officers under such S ttlement Officers

restrictions as the officer in charge of a settlement may, from time to time impose

(B) Juris l ction | f C vil Courts

- 233 No person shall institute any suit or other proceed Matters excepted from ing in the Civil Court with respect to cognizance of Civil Courts any of the following matters
 - (a) The airangement of pituaris circles
 - (b) claims by any person to any of the offices mention ed in sections 23 25 or 45 or to any emplument or fees appertaining to such office or in respect of any minry caused by his exclusion therefrom or claims by any person to nominate persons to such offices
 - (c) the hability of any land not excepted under the provisions of section 58 to be assessed to the payment of revenue or to be notified as under settlement or record operations
 - (d) the formation of the record of rights or the pre paration signing or attestation of any of the documents contained therein or the preparation of the annual registers

- (c) the claim of any person to engage for the payment of revenue, or
 - the validity of any engagement with Government for the navment of revenue, or
 - the amount of revenue cess or rate assessed or to be assessed, or distributed or to be distributed on any malial, or portion of a malial or specific area under this or my other Act for the time being in force, or
 - the amount to be paid to a proprictor by an inferior proprietor when that amount has been fixed by the Settlement Officer, or
 - the declaration of assessment, under section 64 or the term of any settlement.
- (f) any claims connected with, or arising out of, any process enforced on account of neglect or refusal to accept the assessment or terms of sub-settlement proposed by the Settlement Officer
- (g) any matters provided for in sections 75 to 78 (both inclusive).
- (h) the preparation of the record referred to in sections 84 and 85,
- (I) any matters provided for in section 92 93 and 99
- (1) partition or union of mahals except as provided in rules made for Kumaun under section 6 or the Scheduled District Act VIV of 1874
- claims to set aside a sile for arrear of revenue except on the ground of fraud under section 175,
- (m) claims connected with or arrang out of the collection of revenue fother than claims under section 1830 or any process enforced on account of an arrear of revenue or on account of any sum which is by this or any
- other let realizable as revenue
 - (n) grants of unmersured or unrecessed wrete lands
 (C) Power to make rules
- 271 (1) The Board may from time to time subject to
 Power of Board to the sanction of the Local Government
 make rules consistent with this Act—
 - (a) prescribing the duties of Tabsildars and peshkars, and regulating their postings and transfers and their appointment in temporary vacancies;

- (b) regulating the appointment of lanungos, and patwars, their salaries, qualifications, duties, removal, punishment, suspension and dismissal,
- (c) regulating the extent to which preference may be given in the appointment of kinnngos to persons of families in which the office of hanungo is hereditary.
- (d) prescribing the form contents, method or preparation, attestation and maintenance of the recordof rights and other records, maps, field books, registers, and lists made or kept under this
- (e) regulating the imposition of fines under section 38, for failure to notify successions and transfers.
- (a) prescribing the manner in which Settlement Offi cers shall report proposals of assessment for the multils of any area.
- (h) regulating the distribution of assessments. 85.
- (1) directing with regard to what matters the Settlement Officer is to ascertain and second the village custom under section 84 and what matters are to be determined and recorded, under sectron 85.
 - (f) for the guidance of Collectors and Settlement Officers in fixing lents under this Act.
- (h) regulating the assessment of resumed revenue-free grants of land guned by alluvion, or the reduction of the assessment or the suspension of revenue of multil in consequence of fluvial action.
 - (i) for the guidance of Collectors in making settlement, under section 96.
- (o) regulating the instalments in which, and the persons places, and times to whom and at which, the revenue shall be paid.
- (p) providing for the payment of the sevenue through lumbardars, and for their remineration.

- (q) regulating the issue of writs of demind and citations to appear, inder section 117, and the exercise of powers of arre t and detention in custody, under section 148, and directing by what officers or clive of officers such process shall be issued or powers exercised and tixing the costs to be recovered from defaultiers.
- (r) regulating the method of attachment and sale of movemble property, under section 149.
- (s) regulating the procedure to be adopted when a share or path is transferred the cettlement of a path or midul is annulled or any immoveible property is attached and sold.
 - (v) regulating the costs which may be recovered in, or in respect of any proceeding under this act,
- (w) regulating the procedure to be followed by any officer (or other person) who under any provision of this act is required or empowered to take action in any matter and
 - (x) generally for the guidance of all persons in all pioceedings under this let and for carrying out the provisions of this let
- (2) The Commissioner may from time to time subject to the approval of the Braid and the suction of the Local Government make rules consistent with time Act negatives, the appointment duties and dismissal of lambridars

APPLADIZ 1

MISCELLANEOUS

Revenup department

The 19th January 1918

No 134/1-624—In supression of notification no 631 1-701 dated the 24th March 1913 and in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 5 v of the Scheduled Districts vet 1874 (VIV of 1874) and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces of 1gra and Ondh is pleased to extend the United Provinces I and Revenue Act 1901 (United Provinces Act III of 1901) to the Uniter direct to the Garbwal Di trict exclusive of the 1ham sullage of the

Garbwal Bhabar estates and in the Naim Tal district exclusive of the hashipur tahsil (whole) the Tarai tahsil (whole) and the kham villages of the Bhabar tabal of that district and to direct that the said Act as so extended shall be subject to the following testrictions and modifications namely

The following portions of the said Act shall be deemed to have been omitted

In section I sub-sections 2 and 3 sections 2 and 3 in section 4 clauses (6) (12), (13) (14) and (15) in section 8 the words on appeal in section 23 the words as herein after provided and the whole of sub section 2 except the first eleven words sections 24 32 36 42 43 55 and 63 in section 68 the proviso sections 69 and 70 in section 72 the words and figures. The co shares accepting the transfer shall pay to the proprietor any annual allowance to which he is entitled under section 71 sections 74 76 77 79 to 83 87 to 91 100 101 104 106 to 140 185 to 187 in section 210 clause (c) of sub section (1) and the words and a partition proceeding under section 114 in sub section (2) in section 212 the words or to the board as the case may be and clause (a) section 213 in section 214 sub section (3) in section 219 the words in which no appeal hes to the Board in section 227 clau e (1) (6) (14) (15) (17) in section 231 clauses (1) (5) (7) and (9) in sect on 233 clause (1) in section 234 clause (f) the words and in making remission suspension or reduction of rent under section 101 in clause (f) clauses (m) (n) (t) and (u) and the first and the second schedules

The following modifications shall be deemed to have been made in the said Act

> (1) In section 4 for clause (3) substitute lambar dar means-

(a) a co sharer of a muhal appointed under this Act to represent all or uns of the co-sharers in that mahal or a mukhtar or recognized agent of such co sharer whether called a malguzar madhan or sirgiroli and

(b) a ghar padhan (b) In section 17 for the words naib tabsildars ' sul stitute the word Peshlars

(c) In section 25 for the word annual substitute

tle word presented (d) F r section 33 substitute. The Collector shall ma ntain a record of rigits and registers in accorlince with the rules made under section 34

- of this Act. No change or transction affecting the registers prescribed by such rules shall be recorded without the order of the Collector or, is hereinafter provided, of the tabisildar or a peshkar invested with the powers of a tabisildar."
- (c) In section 31 sub section (1) for the words "prescribed by clauses (a) to (d) of section 32," substitute the words "muntained inder section 33," and for the words "to the tashildar" substitute the words 'to the talish or peshkar"
- (f) For section 25, substitute "The tabuldar or a pesh-kar exercising the powers of a tabuldar on receiving such report or upon the facts coming otherwise to his knowledge shall make such inquire a appears necessary and in undisputed cases if the succession or trunsfer appears to have taken place, shall record the same in the prescribed registers; if the succession or trunsfer is disputed the tabuldar or peshkar shall refer the case to the Collector, who shall dispose of it after deciding the dispute in accordance with the provision of section 40.
 - (g) In section 38 for the words "three months" substitute the words "six months"
- (h) In section 39 snb section (3) for the words 'shall subject to the provious' to the end of the sub-section substitute the words shall pass orders in accordance with the customs regulating tenures in Kumann and if necessary cause the prescribed registers to be amended '
- (t) section 40 sub section (1), for the word "annual"
- (j) In section 41, sub-section (1), after the words "All disputes regarding boundaries" add the words "In measured lands".
- (k) For section 44 substitute "Atl entries in the prescribed registers made under section 33 shall be presumed to be true until the contrary is proved"
- (f) In section 15, sub section (1), for the words "the shrill issue" to the end of the sub-section substitute the words "the shall make such appointment in accordance with the rules and customs in force in Kumain."

- (m) In section 53, for the words and figures "containing the registers enumerated in section 32 or such of them" substitute "containing such registers"
- (n) In section 54, for the wirds and figures "the provisions of sections 40, 41, 42 and 43" substitute the words and figures "with sections 40 and 41 and the rules in force in Kumann"
- (o) In section 57, for the wirds "any interest in land" to the end of the section, substitute the words "any proposetary right in land which requires to be recorded in the registers which the Collector is required to mainfain under the rules in force in Kumaun"
- (n) In section 61, for the words "annual registers" substitute the words and figures "record of rights and registers maintained by the Collector under section 33"
- (q) In section 68 for the words 'any annual allowance to which he may be entitled under section 74," substitute the words "such annual allowance as the Settlement Officer or Collector may determine as reasonable".
- (r) In section 94 sub-section (3), for the figures "79" substitute the figures "78"
- (s) In section 159, for the figures "74" substitute the figures "73"
- (t) In section 191 add at the end the words "or to itself or himself"
- (n) In section 193 for the words "sections 640 and 641 of the Code of Civil Procedure" read "sections 132 and 133 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908"
- (c) In section 194, for section 174 of the Code of Civil Procedure" read "the rules in order NVI of the first schedule in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, as in force under the provisions of the Kumann Tenner, Rules"
- (u) In section 199, for "the Code of Civil Procedure, sections 160, 161 and 162," read "Orden XVI of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Proce dure 1908, as in force under the provisions of the Kumaun Tenance Rules."

- (x) In section 201, for sections 507 to 521," real section 50 and the second schedule."
- (y) Substitute the following for section 210, sub-section (1), "210 (1) Sine as otherwise provided in this Act, or as provided by any other rille or uncernent for the time being in force appeals shall be under this Act as follows —."
- (z) In section 221, for the words "Naib Tabsildir" substitute the word "Peshkar"
- (aa) In section 227, clause (8), for the word and figures "to 13," substitute the word and figures and 41" and in clause (18) after the words by this Act" add the words "as extended to Kumam."
- (bb) In section 233, in clause (g) for the figures 81" substitute the figures 78 in clause (h) for the words and figures section 111 and 112' substitute the words. Rules made for humann under section 6 of the Scheduled Districts Λct, XIV of 1871, and add a new clause (n)—
 - (n) Grants of unmersured or unissessed waste lands "
 - (cc) In section 234, claime (at for the words Naub Tabisidars" substitute the word "Pesikar", and to this section which should be numbered sub-section (1) add a new sub-section (2) as follows
- (2) The Commissioner may from time to time subject to the approval of the Board and the sanction of the Local Government make rules consistent with this Act regulating the appointment, duties and dismissal of lumbardars.

& P O DONNELL.

Chief Secretary

NOTE.—Printed for reference only The amendments have been in corporated in the Act as printed above



PART 1

Rules regarding Griminal, Civil and Revenue Courts and Police and for arranging out imperfect partition

Anmann roles, 1922

Notification no /\\I\-1

Dated Name Ial the January 1922

In exercise of the power conterred by section 6 of the Scheduled District's Act, 1874, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject His Fixellenes the Governor in Council of the United Provinces of Agra and Onda is pleased to make the following rules, to have effect from 1st April, 1922 for the administration of justice and for regulating procedure in the Kumaun division which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the Province of Kumaun and Garliwal and the Tarin purganas

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Sections

1 Definitions

(HAPTER II

- •2 High Court
- Court of Session
- *4 Magistrate of district

CHAPIER III

CIVIT AND REVENUE COURTS
General and special rules

5 Classes of courts

- 6 General subordination of courts
- 7 Vesting and conferment of powers 8 Chief controlling revenue authority
- 9 Collector of the district

[&]quot;Resculed under not feat on to 1314/VI-49 dated March 25 1914



PARTI

Rules regarding Criminal, Civil and Revenue Courts and Police and for arranging out imperfect partition

humanu rules, 1922

Notification no /XXIV-1

Januaru, 1922

Dated Nann Int the In exercise of the power conferred by section 6 of the Scheduled District's Act, 1871, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, His Excellency the Governor in Council of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh is pleased Council of the Ordinar rolling states of the arms of this present to make the following rules, to have effect from 1st April, 1922 for the administration of justice, and for regulating procedure in the Kumaun division which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the Province of humann and Garliwal and the Tarai parganas

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CHAPTER III

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5 Classes of courts

- 6
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- Vesting and conferment of powers Chief controlling revenue authority
 - Collector of the district

^{*}Resch led under netification po 1314/11-19 dated March 26 1914

- 10 Ve-ting of powers in tah ildars
- 11 Place of sitting of courts
- 12 Courts not to try suits in which they are interested
 - 13 Power of Deputs Commissioner to di tribute bus-
 - 14 Report to Commissioner for sanction in certain
 - 15 Report of anctioned the ments to Board
 - 16 Certain deci one to be according to Native liw

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CIVIL COULTS

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- *17 High Court
- *18 District Judge
- *19 Estent of original jurisdiction of Deputy Commissioner
- *20 Extent of juri diction of A- 1 tant Collectors and Tith ildur-

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- 21 Precedure in cases of imperfect purition
- 22 Procedure of Record- and Settlement Officer-
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CHAPTER VI

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- 24 Regulation of enrolled police
- 25 Regulation of critica police officers
- 26 Appointment and punishment of ex effers police of cers.
- 27 Powers of pe likars, kannings superinter Jents of patwers and patwars
- 2. Du ies of iLoldars and padha i
- 21 Procedure on arrest by tholdies or patture
- > Letale 1—Limitation of partition appeal and appliant authorities.

[&]quot;I' we el u er re fact to 313 VII-t I datel tent I 10%

CHAPTER I

Percentage

- 1 In these rules, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—
- (1) 'Government' means the Governor in Council, Umted Provinces of Agra and Oudli
- (2) "Board' means the Board of Revenue of the United
- (3) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Kumaun Division and
- (4) value used with reference to a cuit, means the amount or value of the subject matter of the suit

CHAPTER II

GOVERNMENT, UNITED PROVINCES

MISCLIT MEOUS

Judicial (Criminal) department

The 26th Warch 1914

No 1314/\ I-48 1914 -W hereas it is advisable to after the existing arrangements for the administration of communijustice in the district of Pilibhit and in the Kumann Division which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the Scheduled Districts Act 1871 as the prosince of Kumann and Garhwal and the Tarai pargan is now in exercise of the several powers conferred by the enactments specified in the third column of the schedule appended hereto and with the previous sinction of the Covernor (general in Council where such sanction is required by any of the sud enactments and in supersession or modification as the case may be of all previous rules intifications or orders so far us they are in consistent with the said schedule in particular of notifications no 628/VII-509B dated the 27th June 1891 and no 1095/ VI-500 dated the 28th March 1913 and with effect from the first day of April 1911 the Lacutemant Concerner of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh is pleased to do the Acts specified in the second column of the said schedule.—

Schedule

Serial no.	Acts	Enactments
1	To restand Chapter II, being the chapter entitled Crimnal Justice of the Kumuan Rules, 1894, but to direct that the High Court of Judicature for the North Vestert Prounces shall continue to be the High Court for the Kuman Buyson for all purposes of the Code of Criminal Proce- dure, 1898	of 1874 and sec- tion 21 of Act X of 1897
2	To exclude the district of Philbit from the hints of Barelly Sessons division and Philbit from the places of sitting of Barelly Sessions Court and to create a new sessons division to be called the Kumaun Sessions division and to consist of the districts of Almors, Gailwell, Naim Tal and Philbit	Section 7(2) of Act V of 1898
3	To establish Court of Sessions for the Ku- mann Sessions division, to be called the Kumaun Sessions Court	Section 9(I) of Act V of 1898
4		Section 9(2) of Act V of 1898
5	To appoint the Subordinate Judge at Pfli- bhit, an Assistant Sessions Judge to ex- ercise juits/letion in the Kumaun Ses- sions Court	Section 9(3) and (4) of Act V of 1898 and section 15 of Act X of 1897
б	To appoint the Deputy Commissioners of the Almora, Garhwal and Nami Tal Dis- tricts, District Magistrates of their res- pective districts	Section 10(1) of Act V of 1899
	S. P. 0'J	DONNELL,

Secretary.

CHAPIER III

REVENUE COURTS

Classes of Courts

General and special rules

5 There shall be the following classes of Courts, namely —

REVENUE COURTS

- (1) the Court of the Commissioner
- (2) the Court of the Denuty Commissioner
- (3) the Court of the Assistant Collector of the first class
- (4) the Court of the Assistant Collector of the second
- class or
- (5) the Court of the Tahsildir
- 6 In the performance of their duties, Deputy Commis

 General asbordination stoners shall be subordinate to, and sub of Courts pect to the direction and control of, the

Commissioner and Assistant Collectors or Tihsildars shall be subordinate to, and subject to the direction and control of the Deputy Commissioners to whose distincts they are respectively appointed.

- 7 (1) Every person appointed by the Government to be
 Vesting and ment of power confer powers of the Court of the Commissioner
- (2) Every person appointed by the Government to be of to act as a Deputy Commissioner, an Assistant Collector of the first class, an Assistant Collector of the second class or a Tahisidar, shall, in the district or talesit to which he may from time to time be posted have the powers of a Court of a Deputy Commissioner of an Assistant Collector of the first class of an Assistant Collector of the second class or of a Tshisidar as the case may be
- (3) The Government may confer upon any person all or any of the powers of a court of any of the classes mentioned in rule 5 and may withdraw or suspend the exercise of any powers so conferred.
 - S All courts of revenue are subordurate to the Board,
 Chief controlling revenue authority

 which is subject to the Government, the
 cluef controlling revenue authority in
 all matters connected with the Land

- 9 The Deputy Commissioner shalf Collector of the district be deemed to be the Collector of the district
- 10 Every person appointed by the Government to be or to act as a tahvaldar shall in the tahsal to which he may from time to time be posted have the powers of an Assistant Collector of the second class under the United Provinces Land Revenue Act. III of 1901, and under this Part
- 11 A court may set at any place within the local limits

 Place of satting of its jorreduction or in the case of an

 Assistant Collector or Talisildar at any
 place within the limits of the district to

which he is appointed

- 12 (1) The presiding officer of a court shall not try any Courts not to try suits suit, proceeding or appeal to which he is which they are interis a party or in which he is personally interested.
- (2) The presiding officer of an appellate court shall not try an appeal against a decree or order passed by himself in another capacity
- (3) When any such suit, proceeding or appeal as is referred to in sub rule (1) or sub rule (2) comes before any such officer other than the Commissioner, the officer shall forthwith transmit the record of the case to the Court to which he is immediately subordinate, with a report of the circumstances attending the reference.
- (4) The superior court shall theteupon dispose of the case under section 24 of the Code of Civil Procedure
- (5) When any such appeal or other proceeding as is referred to in sub-rule (1) or (2) comes before the Commissioner, he shall forthwith transmit the record of the case to the Government for orders with a report of the circumstances attending the reference.
- 19 Notwithst inding auxthing in the Code of Civil Pro
 Power of Deputy Commissioner may
 business to distribute by order in writing, direct that any
 business.

 histories cognizable by him and the

business. Insules comrable by him and the courts subordinate to him shall be distributed among those courts in such manner as he thinks fit

Provided that a direction given under this rule shall not empower any court to exercise any power or deal with any business beyond the limits of its proper jurisdiction

Report to Commis sioner for sanction in cer tain cases

- 14 The Deputy Commissioner shall report for the sanction of the Com missioner proposals in the following cases, namely -
- (1) for the appointment of thokdars, (2) for the grant of Nayabad land, and
- (3) for the assessment of alluvial and of resamed to senne free grants

15 In the cases referred to in rule Report of sanctioned 14, clauses (3), the Commissioner shall report the sanctioned assessment to the Board

(1) Where in any suit or other proceeding it is neces sary for a court to decide any question Certain decisions to be according to Native law regarding succession special property of temales betrothal marriage divorce

dower adoption guardianship numerity bastards, family relations wills legacies gifts partitions or any religious usage or institution the rule of decision shall be (a) any cus tom applicable to the parties which is not contrary to justice equity or good conscience and has not been by any enactment altered or aboushed and has not been declared to be void by any competent authority (b) the Muhammadan law in cases where the parties are Muhammadans and the Hindu Law in cases where the parties are Hindus except in so far as such law has hy legislative enactment been altered or abolished or ha been modified by inv such on tom as is alove referred to

(2) In cases not provided for by sub rule (1) or by any other law for the time being in force the Court shall act according to justice equity and good conscience

CHAPTER IN No 213 VII-421 1pml 1 1926

Whereas it is advisable to alter the existing arrangements for the idministration of civil justice in the Lumaun revenue division (which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the Scheduled Districts Act 1874 as the province of Lumann and Garhwal and the Tarai parganas and is hereinafter called the Lumann Division) and in pursuance of such alterations to modity the arrangements for the administration of civil justice in the district of Publish made by notification no 445/VII-49 of 1914 Judicial (Civil) depart ment dated March 26 1914 now in exercise of the several powers conferred by the enretments specified in the third column of the schedule appended hereto, and in supersession or modification, as the case may be, of all previous rules, notifications or orders on the subject so far as they are inconsistent with the said schedule in particular of notifications no 628? VII—569 B., dated June 27, 1894, no 405/VII—83, dated March 26, 1913 and no 445/VII—48, dated March 26, 1914, and with effect from the 1st day of April, 1926 (except as fit as the contrary is prescribed in the qualification appended hereto after the said schedule), the Governor of the United Provinces in Council is pleased to do the acts specified in the second column of the said schedule.—

as the contrary is prescribed in the qualification appended hereto after the said schedule), the Governor of the United Provinces in Council is pleased to do the acts specified in the second column of the said schedule— Schedule				
	Acts	Enactments		
ı	To rescind chapter II (so fir as it applies to	Section f Act XIV of 1874 and section 21 of Act X of 1807		
2	77 vr 5-	Sections 5 and 5 A of Act VIV of 1874		
(1) (11) (111)	one namely For the word Ou lit al erest first occure shall be a bistituted the words the Ku man n Division Citisses (c) and (c) shall be omitted for citis (d) which shall be reletiered (c) the following shall be sub-tituted and in the same of the Kumanu Division and under section 6 of the Sci edule 1 Districts Act 1814 or under any Act for the time being in force in the Kumanu Division or in any part thereof Following shall be reletiered (d) which shall be re-lettered (d) following shall be sub-stituted namely			
3 J 11	All emeriments for the time being in force in the Kumann Disson or in any part il ereof. Cluss (g) shall be re lettered (e) To cancel notification no 6/1 II—344 deted an arx 1 1009 and to extent to the Au issuin Disson the Colle of Cayl Procedity 608 (excepting section 1 and sections 157–158 which albready except thereit)	D tto		

CHAPIFR IV	59
Acta	Enactments
Provided that the operation of the said Code as a extended shall be subject to the following modifications, namely—For rule 2, Order III. of the first schedule the	
done are (a) Permanent servants, partners, relations or friends, whom the court may admit as fit persons to represent the court may admit as fit persons to represent the court may admit as fit persons to represent the court for the court f	
traders mansging agents of land lords, nearest male relations of women or persons ex-office author ized to act for Government or for any Princo or Chief."	
i To direct that the District Judge at Pilibhit be called the District Judge of Kumani and Pilibhit, and to declare that local limits of his jurisdiction to be the local limits of the Kumain Dission together with the Pilibhit District	Section 13(1) of Act XII of 1887
To fix Almora, Haldwam Nami Tal, Kot dwars, Landowne and Ramkhet as the places at which the court of the District Judge of Kumaun and Phibhit is to be held	Section 14(1) of Act XII of 1887
6 After song tostat II to at	Section 36(1) (b) of Act XII of 1887
of Civil Procedure, 1908, to all original crui suits for the tone being cognityble by call courts. After consultation with the High Court, to invest vasitant Collectors of the first class in the Kumann Driven with the powers of a subordinate judge, throughout the limits of the districts in which they are	Ditto
crul suits for the time being cognitable by crul courts After consultation with the High Court, to invest Assistant Collectors of the first class in the Kumann Drisson with the po- wers of a subordinate judges, throughout	Ditto

tirst class shall extend subject to the pro-sions of section 15 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1909, to all original suits, the value of which does not exceed Rs 5 (co)

Acts	Enactments
8 After consultation with the High Court to invest Assistant Collectors of the second class in the Lumann Drivision with the powers of a mining throughout the limits of the districts in which they are respective by Assistant Collectors. The jurisdiction of an Assistant Collector of the second class other than a Tahshidar shall extend subject to the provisions of section 15 of the Code of Civil Procedure 1908 to all original smits of which the value does not exceed Re 500,	Section 36(1) (6) of Act XII of 1887
Small Cause Courts Act, 1887 of which the value does not exceed R = 100 g ject to the provisions of section 15 of the Code of Cuvil Procedure 1908 to all original suits of a value not exceeding Rs 2 000	Section 19(2) of Act XII of 1887
QUALIFICATIONS	

Nothing in this notification or in the schedule shill operate to affect the disposal of-(a) any suit or proceeding instituted before April 1,

- 1926, in any court or helore any officer of the Kumaun Division, or
- (b) any application, appeal, review, revision, proceed ing in execution, or other proceeding filed or taken, whether before, on or after the sud day in any such court or before any such officer, in continuation or pursuance of any suit or proceed ing defined in paragraph (a) but all such applica tions suits, and proceedings shall be heard and decided as if this notification had not been issued .

Provided that a decree or order passed in any such suit or proceedings as is defined in paragraphs (a) and (b) shall not be invalid by reason only of such decree or order being in contra vention of this qualification

CHAPIER

Procedure in Imperfect Partitions

21 I very tim the settled tracts of the Tarm sub-division of the Naim Ial District, perfect partition merifect partition in the following procedure.

shall be observed in cases of imperfect partition -

(1) Application for partition shall be made in writing to the Deputy Commissioner or an Assistant Collector a, the first class and shall be accompanied by a certified copy of the record showing the share held by the applicant in the mahal

(2) If the application is in order and not open to objection on the face of it, the officer before whom it is filed shall publish a notice of the same, specifying the find to be divided and the names of the applicants for partition and their shares and calling upon all persons interested in the partition to appear before him on a date not less than two months from the date on which such notice is issued.

(d) He shall cause copies of the notice to be posted at his office and at some conspicuous place on the maind to which it relates and to be served, as far as possible, on all such of the record co shares

as have not joined in the application

(4) On the date specified in the notice he shall consider any objection to the application and extraine any persons interested and present in court. If an objection raises any question of title or proprie tary right which has not already been determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, he shall require the objector to pay the fee charge able under the Court Pres Act as if the petition of objection was a plaint and shall proceed to imquire into the ments of the objection. His in mainry shall be conflucted in the manner provided for the trial of an original civil suit and his order and decision shall be open to appeal, as if they were passed in an original civil suit.

(5) After decision of objections he shall record a proceeding declaring the nature and extent of the interests of the party or parties who may be affected thereby. Partition shall then be carried out in accordance with such rules as may be

prescribed

- (6) Every partition shall be sauctioned and confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner, who shall on its completion publish a notification of the fact at lis office and at some conspictions place on the
- mahal

 Where in any district the Government, in exercise of

 Procedure of Record
 and Settlement Officers
 and 97 of the United Provinces Land

 Revenue Act, 1901, has appointed a Re
 cord Officet, Assistant Record Officer, Settlement Officer or
 - Assistant Settlement Officer—

 (1) the court of such officer shall, for the purpose of these rules, be a Court of Revenue,
 - the straint Record Officer and the Assistant Settlement Officer shall be subordinate to the Record Officer and the Settlement Officer, respectively, and the Record Officer and the Settlement Officer shall be subordinate to the Comment Officer shall be subordinate to the Comment Officer shall be subordinate to the Comment
 - (3) the record Officer and Settlement Officer shall have the powers of a Deputs Commissioner under rule 13
 - 23 Any person aggressed by an order made by the Court
 Appeals of Revenue specified in the first column
 of Schedule A may in cases of the
 nature specified in the second column appeal to the authority
 specified in the third column, within the period specified in the
 fourth column."

SCHFDULE \ (Rule 23)

Court of Resenue	Nature of orders	Appellate authority	umber of day from date of order com plained of
I	2	3	4
Assistant Record	All cases	Resert Officer	Thirty days
Assistant Settle ment Officer	All cases other then declara tims of assess ment	Seltlement Officer	Ditto
Ditto	Declarations of	Cump Issumer	Cixty days
Record Officer	1ll cases	Dilto	Ditto
5 tilement Offi er	Ditt;	Ditto	Ditt
Commissi nee	Dit1,	Boar icf Ret	\mely days

- Orders for unital stages of procedure in partition cases, issued by the Commissioner of Kumann after approval by the Board of Recenue in no. 2012N, dated the 20th lugust, 1900, (supplementary to recised partition rules under notification inc. 2120m, dated the 6th February, 1899.)
 - a If two or more co-sharers apply at the same time for separate partitions in the village, their applications shall be dealt with together; but if during the progress of partition a co-sharer who has not joined in the original application, files an application for partition of his share, such application, files are specially dealt with inness it shall have been filed before the expiry of the term allowed by the notice published under Rule 91 (2) of the Kumann Rules.
 - 2. The copy of the record filed under section 21 (1) of the kumaun Rules shall be a certified copy of the unustakhib of the share to be partitioned, if the ublage has been surveyed at the last revision of settlement, or if the records were then brought up to date, and in other cases a certified copy of the whant
 - 3 If the application is not in order, or is open to objection on the face of it, it should be rejected or returned for amendment, it it is in order and not open to objection, the order for publication of the notice under Rule 21(2) and for the posting and service of copies of the notices under Rule 21(3) of the Kumaun Rules shall be passed, and the applicant shall be informed of the cost and required to pay them into the Court within a given time.
 - 4 During the term allowed by the notice published under Rule 21(2) and (3) of the Luman Rules, a report shall be called for from the peshkar of the Lund Record Officer as to whether my alterations in the records have been made since the copy of the phant or muntakhib was given. The peshkar will also furnish a copy of any note recorded in the memorandum of village customs or corresponding documents, where such exist, regarding partition. At the same time the officer making the purition will cause the land to be verified, or if no map exists of the cultivation at the time of last settlement, to be surveved (the fees being deposited by the applicant) with the view of ascertaining existing possession in the land

5 On the day specified in the notice any objections made will be taken up and formilly inquired into in accordance with Rule 21(4) of the Kumun Rules

6 If an objector raises any question of title or proprieturs right the officer making the partition must proceed under the latter part of clause (4) of Rule 21 of the Kumaun Rules

- 7 If there are no objections, or if the objections have been disposed of, the officer making the partition shall record, uoder clause (5) of Rule 21 of the Kumaun Rules, an order deciding that partition is to be made. If this order is made on the day fixed in the notice under Rule 21(2) of the Kumaun Rules, the partition inquiry shall be continued on that day Otherwise the officer making the partition shall summon all the co-sharers interested in the land to be partitioned to appear hefore him on a date which shall not be less than 15 nor more than 30 days from the date of the order allowing the partition The village map, together with the khasra munitakiba and phant should be obtained for examination in every case. In purginas, where such records are kept by the patwart the summons shall require him to bring them.
- 8 On the date so fixed if the applicact does oor attend, the case may be struck off and any costs that may have been puid may be returned after deducting any expenses incurred If the applicant appears, he and such of the co-shirters as are present, and the pattwart if summoned, shall be examined as to the custom of the village and the manner in which the partition is to be effected. The existence of sir. (khud), gardens, dwelling houses, water-courses temples mills and the like, about which difficulties are likely to arise shall be care fully ascertained and so far as possible the wishes and consent of the parties shall be ascertained as to the mode of dealing with them and shall be recorded. Any dispute arising shall be estitled or overrided by the officer making the partition.
- I formal proceeding will then be drawn up by the officer making the partition with his owo hand setting forth the amount of land of each class to be divided, the amount of each class held by each proprietor, the amount held by tenantsat will, the amount held by khad ars, and the area of the new or old fallow or land otherwise not in possession of any cosharer The rent of each I hail ar shall also be recorded It shall also state the nominal interest as finally ascertained of each co-sharer who has joined in the application for the partitioo and of the body of proprietors who have not joined in the partition in the hand to be divided, and the extent of khudk isht land of each class to which each is accordingly entitled and also the rental of the I had are due to each. It shall also specify how land held by co sharers in excess of their author ized share is to be dealt with and whence the deficiency of land held by other co-sharers is to be made up, and how the Thatlars are to be divided amongst the cosharers. So far as in it le the rent of each I hashar shall be assigned entire to

one or other of the eo sharers. But if it is not possible, or where there is only one khankar, they or he will remain as be fore jointly under ill the co-sharers the amount of rent to which each co sharer is entitled must be specified. If it has been decided that any particular field shall be assigned to a particular co-sharer, a note of my such arrangement is made regarding any particularly valuable or worthless piece of land or any other matter. This proceeding shall be called the Partition proceeding."

Partition proceeding

Imperfect Partition Case no of 19

Names of applicant for partition

- 1 Area to be partitioned in detail of soil classes
- 2 Area held in common
- 3 Details of land held in severalty
- 4 Extent of shares
- 5 By whom the partition is to be made—by an amin, by parties themselves or by arbitration
- $\mathfrak E$. Whether a new survey is required of the whole village or of any part of it
- 7 If any lands, houses or other property are at the time held in severalty, how they are to be dealt with at partition and if they are to be retained by their present owners, on what principle compensation is to be given
 - 8 The terms to be observed in dealing with-
 - (1) khaikar tenants.
 - (2) khudkasht
 - (3) rent free tenures.
 - (4) gardens and trees of proprietors
 - (5) houses of proprietors,
 - (b) houses of surfan tenants,
 - (7) places of worship burning ghats, etc(8) grazing lands and water for drinking or irrigation.
 - (9) what roads are to be kept open with common right
 - (10) the term in which the award is to be filed,
 - (11) the method on which the payment of costs of partition is to be divided

Imperfect Partition Rules GOVERNMENT, N -W P AND OUDH

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE DEPARTMENT No 529 L-110B

The 6th February, 1899

In supersession of notification no \(\frac{1899}{1-1008}\) dated the 10th July, 1894 and under clause (b) of section 6 of the 5che duled Districts Act, 1874, His Honour the Lieutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces is pleased, with reference to rule 21 (5) of the rules for the administration of Justice in the Lumian Division, to prescribe the following rules to regulate the procedure to be observed in carrying out importing partitions in that division —

PARTITION RULES

PART 1 -Procedure

- 1 When the partition proceeding has been drawn up under rule 21(s) of the Kumaun Rules, it shall be carefully explained to all the co-shares present, and their assent dissent recorded and signatures attached in rule 32 shall then be realized.
- 2 When the case has been committed for investigation and report under section 229 of Act III of 1901 to an Assistant Collector of the second class, that officer shall submit the partition proceeding with the record of the case to the Deputy Commissioner of the district for instructions.

In all cases where the case is tried by an Assistant Collector of the first class the Deputy Commissioner may, by either a general or special order, direct that the partition proceeding be submitted to him before further action is taken

- 3 The officer making the partition, or if it has been submitted to him, the Deputy Commissioner, shall decide by whom the partition is to be made
- 4 Should the parties be allowed to elect to make the partition themselves or to appoint arbitrators for that pur pose, the officer making the partition shall furnish them with such copies of the records as they may require, and shall fix a date on or before which they are to complete partition
- 5 If it has been ascertained at the inquiry that a new survey of the mahal is necessary, the officer making the partition shall appoint an amin to survey the mahal and prepare

a new map, khasra and muntakhib. The khasra and nuntakhib will contain the classification of soils as made at the last settlement.

- 6 If a new survey is not required, or in the event of a survey being necessary after the preparation of the new map, an amin shall be appointed to execute the partition in all cases where it is not to be made either by the parties themselves or by arbitrators. At the same time an order will be assued to all the co-sharers notifying the appointment of the anim and requiring them to attend him during the partition.
- 7 If a new survey is not required, a copy of the field map and mantakhib shall be given to or made by the anun, who shall test the map field by field and make any alteration or correction that may be needful. He shall also test and correct the recorded rental of the mahal.
- 8 The patwar of the ericle within which the main's situated may with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, be appointed under rules 5, 6 and 7 as the amin to execute the prittion if he possesses the necessary qualifications. When a patwar is thus appointed he will be given to a a partition amin and the pay of the circle will be given to a substitute by whom the regular work of the circle will be carried on while the patwar is engaged out the partition.
- 9 At the time of the appointment of the patwar, or an in to make the partition a date shall be fixed by which he shall send in his proposals.
- 10 On being appointed to execute the partition the amin shall be furnished with copies of the survey papers prepared in the case if any survey has been made or otherwise with the verification list and copy of the existing map and settlement factor filed with the case and a case of the partition of the partition

the village his total renumeration will be calculated with reference to the area, number of fields number of shries to be divided and other points to be considered in connection with the operation. Proments not exceeding in all half his total renumeration may be made at any time during the operation at the discretion of the officer making the partition. The other half will be paid on the completion of the work. It is half report progress at such intervals, not ordinarily long more than a month apart, as may be prescribed by the officer maling the partition. Any unreasonable delay will be made a cause of the removal of his name from the list of names, and may

entail the forfesture of the whole or any part of the outstanding balance ot his fees, as the officer making the partition may duect

- 11 Where the parties undertake partition themselves : date shall be fixed, after consideration of all the facts of the case, within which the partition must be completed, and if the case is referred to arbitration such date will be entered in the order of reference The parties should be warned that if the partition is not completed by the date fixed and no good reason shown for the delay the officer making the partition may rescind his order permitting the partition to be made by the parties themselves or his arbitrators, and proceed to make it under his own orders
- 12 On arriving at the village the amin shall go over the ground and make out proposals of partition in the manner prescribed in the partition proceeding marking out the propos ed lots by coloured lines on the man and by earthen or stone cairns on the ground and making such rough schedules of the monosed lots as may be necessary. In cases where whole hhathars have been assigned to any co sharer or to the body of proprietors who have not joined in the partition he shall point out the lands of such kharkers which are affected by the parti tion. Otherwise he shall have nothing to do with the division of kharkars For the khudhasht land he shall draw up lists of the fields assigned to each co sharer according to the instruc-tions given in the 'Partition proceeding 'He shall then point out to all the parties concerned on its ground the way in which he proposes to divide the hand and shall hear their objections and make such alterations in his proposals as he may think necessary When he has prepared the lists he shall supply a copy to the parties at their request on payment of a copying fee at the rate of four annas per copy of each lot sup shed All objections to the proposed lots should be filed in court within such time not being less than 15 or more than 30 days as the court may specify after the lots have been explained to the parties concerned who should be warned that the objections filed after the period allowed to file objections will be liable to summary rejection
- 13 On completion of this work the amin shall report progress to the officer making the partition and at the same time submit his proposals to the peshkar of the Land Record office who after examining them to see that they agree with the directions given and are arithmetically correct shall for ward them without delay in the officer making the partition

who will then issue a notice to all the parties summoning them with the aimin (and pitwin it necessary) to appear before him on a day specified in the notice

- 11 On the day specified the officer making the partition shall examine the amin's proposals in the presence of the parties, and shall satisfy lumself that they are understood by all concerned
- 15 If all agree to the proposals of to such amended pro posals as the officer making the partition may think fit to make their agreement shall be recorded and attested by the officer making the partition. If any objections are made the officer making the partition shall hear them and record an order overvining them or amending the proposals to meet them as he thinks fit. If the objections are such that it is necessary to refer the case buck to the amin for further report a further day will be fixed for the hearing, and the co-shirers present informed accordingly
- 16 On the day fixed for hearing objections or on any subsequent day to which the case may be adjourned for that purpose the officer making the partition shall inquire into and dispose of them. He will where necessary decide what rent is juxable for the sites of houses and other buildings and the sir (khudkasht) land of one co sharer, if any which has been meluded in the lot assigned to another co shurer and such rent shall be entered in the partition munitakhib. At the same time if any disputes remain undecided be should if possible decide all other disputes which have arisen.
- 17 When the proposals have been finally settled either by agreement of the parties or by order of the officer making the partition that officer shall so mark the map and lists that they cannot be altered.
- 18 The map and rough schedule shall then be returned to the amount who shall forthwith make out in duplicate the records of the new malials or patts 1 e. the new mahalwar mi intakhib and j houts in the same form as the records prepared at the last settlement. He shall erect earthen boundars marks at points where they may be required unless the officer making the partition shall direct that at any point a massans boundary ally or other permanent mark shall be receted. One complete set of the new records will then be despatched to the 1 and Records office by the officer making the partition and of these the copies of the munichhib and phant (as amend e1) will be handed over to the patwar by the peshkar of the Lind Records office on the formers visit to that office ofter

their receipt. If a new map has been prepared under rule 5, the aims in charge of the survey will prepare a duplicate copy, of which one will be sent to the Land Records office with the other records, and the other, which will be signed after examination by the peshkar of the Land Records office to the patwar. If the copy made under rule 7 has merely been altered and corrected, a copy of the map so corrected will be prepared by the aims and made over to the patwar. This copy will be signed also by the peshkar of the Land Records office. The original copy of the corrected map will be recorded in the Deput Commissioner's office.

19 The case shall then be reported to the Deputy Commissioner for confirmation under rule 21 (6) of the Kumann Rules and notified in the manner prescribed The Deputy Commissioner shall at the same time warn the persons concerned that they are responsible for the maintenance of the boundary marks

An English statement in form A (appended) shall be drawn out signed by the officer making the partition, and placed with the record

20 Possession shall be given to the parties from such date as the officer making the partition may direct

21 If on inspecting the file of pending partition cases the Diput, Commissioner finds any case has been pending for an undue length of time be should either himself visit or directions of his assistants to visit the village

22 The Director of Land Records and Agriculture, or, furning him the Deput Commissioner, will hold an examination for partition arms who have obtained a certificate from a competent official (Assistant Surveyor or Deputs Commissioner) that they are qualified to survey a village satuated in the hill

The examination will be in the following subjects -

- I ---Hındı
- II -- Arithmetic
- III Mensuration
- IN —These rules as fur as regards the duties of an amin and the conduct of a partition
 - V —The procedure for partitions prescribed in rule 21 of the Kumum Rules
 - VI —Questions concerning the preparation of khasra muntal hib, phant and tasdil i fards

All amins who pass the evanination will receive a certificate of qualification, and the Director of Land Records and Agriculture will supply the Deputy Commissioner of the division in which the examination is held with a list of the amins who have passed So long as amins who have passed the examination are available the Deputy Commissioner shill not employ any unpassed arum on partition work.

The Deputy Commissioner of the district shall main tain under his own signature a list of duly qualified amins who will be available to do such partition work as cannot be undertaken by the patwarts. The number of these amons should be fixed with reference to the probable amount of work in excess of that which will be done by the natwaris in order that each amin may derive from it a fair average siliry Unless no amin on the list is out of employ or likely to be out of employ within a fortualit an officer making partition shall always select the amin to be appointed under rule 6 from the men on the Deputy Commissioner's list If none of these are available, an officer making a partition shall report to the Deputy Commissioner the name of the man he proposes to proint and his reason for appointing him. The Deruty Commissioner may at any time remove the name of any amin from his list

\ character book shall also be maintained for each anun entered on the Deputy Commissioner a list. This book should be in the form appended (B) which has been brought on the Board s list of printed registered forms of Del intment 11 and can be purchased by the Deputy Commissioner at the General mert Press at a cost of one anna and six pics in com exclu sive of postage. The Deputy Commissioner should realize the cost of the books required from the union credit the amount in the treasury and then forward his indent supported by the treasury receipt direct to the Superintendent Govern ment Press for compliance I ach amin shall keep his our character book and shall submit it at the close of each partition when he clims the balance of his fees. The officer in charge shall record I riefly has opinion of the way the partition were was performed. No partition case shall be made over to amm until he has produced his character book, and un'ess re shows that he can be trusted with the work. If an officer considers that an amin's work in any particular partitive as has been so inefficient or corrupt as to demonstrate his area. fer further employment, he shall submit the character con and the record of the case to the Deputy Cor with a vie v to the removal of the amin a name from the Commissioner a list

72

- 24 The officer making the partition, and any officer to whom a partition case has been referred ninder rule 2, shall keep up in his own handwriting a hiref history of the case, in which he shall record every order of whatever kind which he may giveduring the course of the proceeding, and make a note of all important objections and his decisions on them. This record will be divided into the following parts, which must be kept distinct—
 - (1) proceedings between the filing of the original application and the order allowing or disallowing the partition.
 - (2) proceedings between the order allowing the partition and the final completion of the partition proceedings.
 - (3) proceedings from the appointment of the amin (or reference to the parties or arbitration, as the case may be) and the filing of his partition proposals.
 - (4) proceedings between the filing of the award and the final order of the Deputy Commissioner confirming the partition
- 25 A register shall be maintained in each court showing all the partition cases pending in it and giving the following information in the appended form C
 - (1) Name of patts
 - (2) Name of parties
 - (3) Date on which the case was brought on the register of the creation of the creation of the creation of the proceedings of the proceedings of transferred to the court for which the register is maintained)
 - (4) Date on which application was filed
 - (5) Date of issue of notice under clause (2) of rule 21 of the Kumaun Rules.
 - (6) Date of final disposal of objections.
 - (7) Date of partition proceeding
 - (8) Date of reference to mmin or patwari
 - (i) Date of receipt of award
 - (10) Pate of final order, and
 - (11) Explanations

- 26 This register will be inspected by the Deputy Commissioner of the district once every three mouths or oftener if the thinks necessary, and he should call for the brief listory required by rule 24 to be recorded on each case of all cases pending over four months, and take such action as may appear to be necessary with reference to any irregularity or unnecessary delay he may find to have taken place. At his inspection of the Deputy Commissioner's office, the Commissioner will also inquire specially into the observance of this and other rules, and bring to the notice of the Board any serious cases of neglect which have come to its notice.
- 27 The register maintained under rule 25 will show the date on which a partition case is made over to an anun, and the Deputy Commissioner may at his discretion require the submission of a diary in the following form in all cases in which the anim his not submitted his papers within the period fixed by the court —

Day of week	Date	Place at which	How engaged showing concisely what work was done
1			

²⁸ The officer in charge of a settlement shall have all the powers of the Deputy Commissioner of the district under these rules

²⁹ The Deputy Commissioner of the district shall report the state of the partition files in his district to the Commissioner hill yearly in the form D attached. The statement Appendix C-IV) submitted yearly with the Revenue Administration Peport will keep the Board informed of the progressed partition work in each district.

30 The foregoing rules will, mutatis mutandis, apply to the partition of the holdings of khaikars. The imperfect partition of a khaikar holding may be carried out at the request of one or more of the co-sharers in the tenure, but the perfect partition of such a tenure, under which the holding of each rhaikar co-sharer will become a separate holding assessed to its own separate rent, and the joint responsibility of all the sharers in the tenure for the rent on the entire holding will cease, can only be effected with the consent of the proprietors whose tenants the khaikars are

Part II —Regarding the cost of partition

- 31 The costs will be calculated as follows -
 - (a) For verification of land a minimum charge shall be made of eight annas up to 20 nalis with four annas for each additional 10 nilis up to 200 nalis, and four annas for every 20 nalis above that amount
 - (b) In partition cases when separale schedules have to be made in addition to verification an extra charge of two appass a schedule be made
 - (c) In cases where it is necessary to have a map made an additional charge will be made at a minimum rate of eight annes for 10 mahs and four annas for every additional 10 mls
 - (d) If there are less than five on sharers in the mahal no addition shall be made to the costs on account of the number of co-sharers. If there are from 5 to 10, an addition of 10 per cent may be made if there are from 11 to 20 co sharers an addition may be made of 20 per cent if there are from 20 to 30 co sharers, an addition may be made of 30 per cent, and so on Provided that not more than 100 per cent be added an any case on account of the number of co-sharers.
- 32 The costs, calculated as in the preceding rule will be distributed among the parties to the suit, and a time given within which they must be paid. If they are so paid the amin or patwari will be deputed to give possession to the parties. If it is found in the course of the proceedings that the costs fixed under the preceding rules are insufficient, the officer making the partition shall have the power at any subsequent stage to fix in I apportion such additional costs [1] he may thank

necessary The costs will be recovered rateably from all the co sharers who have joined in the partition

Note —To the partitions made in the settled tracts of the Tarai subdivision of the Nami Tal District, in which the whole of Act III of 1901 is in force, the rules made by the Board of Revenue under that Act and laid down in Book Circular 27, Department II, will apply

TORY A

Statement of partitions effected under section 21 of the humann Rules of 1894 in the district of (rule 18)

_	num	aun	nuies o	Tan	4 110 LI	ic uisi	net o		_	(ruie	10)	
040			tho	Exte	ent of e	hare of	each c	rer	e, in	Ī		
i - 1 Number of case	les Pargans	nauzu o	Names of co sharer affected by the partitions	of Total area	o Impated	a Int class dry	o 2nd class dry	♥ Now fallow	5 Old fallow		e cach sharo	-quantity
-	Grand '	Total artitio	of the		-		-	-	-		- -	-

FORM B

Amin's character book (rule 98)

Name of partition amin Caste
Residence
Father's name and residence
Date of birth by Christian era as nearly as can be no extrained

the district of the district who possess an independent of the same of the sam

FORM C

District (rule 25)
Register showing all the partition cases pending in the court of

Name of pattı	Name of party	ate on Whichthe case was brought on the register of this court	Date on which application was filed	Date of 1880 of notice under clause (2), rule 21 of the Kumaun Rules	Date of Enal disposal of blec- tions	Date of partition proceeding	Date of reference to amin or patwari (de the case may be)	Date of receipt of award	Date of final order	Explanations
Nav	S Na	ω bron	4	6 6	Q 0	7	8	- Dat	10	11

FORM D

Halfmently statement of partition cases (rule 99)

riaij-y-a	76	h ar	ace	2711	e	1 0	7	OTL	11011	cus	es (THIE	z	3)	
District	Court and name of presiding officer	Number of cases pending at beginning of the	\umber of new applications filed	Total for disposal	Number of partitions actually carried out	Number of applications otherwise disposed of	Remaining for disposal	Cases in column 8 which were instituted in	Cases in column 8 which were instituted in	Cases in column 8 which were instituted in	Cases in column 8 which were matifuled in 19	Cases in column 8 which were matituded be fore 19	Date of oldest case pending	er pe	Wer partition
1	:	3	4	5	Ø	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Perfect partition										_					
Imperfect parti		}													

CHAPTER VP

POLICE

- 24 Act V of 1861, which has been carried into effect Regulation of enrolled in the Kumaun Division, regulates the administration of the police enrolled under that Act
- Subject to the orders of the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner shall control. Regulation of ex officeo throughout his local jurisdiction, the police officers following classes of revenue officials in

the exercise of their police powers, camely, peshkars, kanungos, superintendents of potwaris, patwaris, thickdars and pa dhans or village headmen

Officials of the classes enumerated in rule 28 shall, in Appointment nolice off

and respect of their discharge of police punishment of ex office duties, be appointed, rewarded, punished and dismissed by the authorities empowered to appoint, reward, punish and dismiss them in respect of their revenue functions

Powers of peshkars, kanunges. patwaria

Peshkars, kanungos, superintendents of patwaris and patagris shall exercise the powers and perform the duties vested in officers in kanuages, superinten perform the duties vested in officers in dents of patwars, and charge of police stations by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898

Dut es of thokdars and nadhana.*

- 28 Every tholdar and every pa the following duties namely -
- (a) he shall give immediate information to the natwari of the circle-
 - (1) of every unnatural, suspicious or sudden death occurring in any village included in his thok dari or of which he is padhan, as the case may be.
 - (2) of each of the following offences occurring in such village (toat is to say) murder, culpable bomi cide, rape, dacoity robbery, theft, receiving s olea property, muschief by fire, house break ing, co iterfeiting coin, causing grievous burt, riot, harbouring a proclaimed offender, ex-posure of a child concealment of birth, admi nistering stupefying drugs, kidnipping, lurking house trespass, and

- (3) of all attempts and preparations to commit and abetments of any of the said offences
- (b) he shall keep the police informed of all dispute which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affia;
- (c) he shall arrest-
 - (1) any person who bas been concerned in any offence specified in paragraph (a) clause (2) of this rule or against whom a reasonable complaint has been made or credible information has been received or a reasonable surpicion exists of his having been so concerned.
 - (2) any person who has been proclaimed as an offender
 - (3) any person who has escaped or attempts to escape from lawful custody
- (4) any person reasonably suspected of being a deser ter from Her Majesty s Army
- (d) he snall report to the patwar; the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbourhood
- (e) be shall supply to the best of his ability any local information which a magistrate or any officer of police may require and shall promptly execute all orders issued to him by competent authority.
- 29 Whenever a thol dar or padhan arrests any person, he
 Procedure on arrest by shall take him as coon as possible to
 the patwarn of the circle, or in his
 absence to the nearest magistrate or

officer exercising powers under rule 27

PART II,

OTIFICATIONS OF JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

1 No 1745 August, 1894, From—T W Holderness, Fsq , Secretary to Government North Western Provinces and Oudh,

To-The Commissioner, Lumann Division

Sin —With reference to correspondence ending with your letter no 4586 xiV—23, dated the 15th August, 1893, I am directed to forward for the information and use of the officers of the August Division 50 copies of the accompanying list of enactments which are in force in the Kumaun Division, comprising the districts of Almora Carbwal and Naim Tal, and formerly styled the province of Kumaun and Garhwal and the Taria parganas. From the list have been excluded those Acts which apply of their own force or lave been extended by notifications issued under the Acts themselves.

*List of unrepealed enactments which have been extended to or declared in force in the whole of, the Kumaun Division under the Scheduled Districts Act

Lear	Number	Subject				
		(1) Bengal Regulations				
1793	IIIV//X	Loans by Covenanted Civil Servants.				
1799	1	Wills an 1 intestacies of natives				
1804		State offences				
1806	ZI	Assistance to marching troops and to trave				
8181	III	State prisoners				
1822	NI.	Non Lability of Government for errors of Courts				
1873	1 1 1 T	Loans to Covenanted Civil Servant				
1825	VI	Assistance to marching troops and to travel				
1825	(XI	Alluvion and diluvian				
פי 18	ZVII	Sat ₁				
1831	1.71	Police powers of Tahaddars				
1833	IN.	Deputy Collectors				
	(º) Acts of	the Governor General in Council				
1837	11/	Property n land				
1839	771	Wills made between 1st February, 1839 and 1st January, 1866				
1839	7717	Dowes				
1839	77711	Interest				
1841	M	Curators in cases of auccession				
1843	1	Slavery				
1847	11	Copyright				
1850	NII.	Public Accounts				
1420	NIII	Protection of Jul cial Officers				
18.0	MX	Binding Apprentices				

^{*}A complete 1st will be fo a I in the appendix of Volume II of the United Provinces Code

Year Number		Number	Subject
			s Governor G neral on Council—(concluded)
1850	X	λI	Non offe ture of rights by loss of casts
1850	X	XXIV	State prisone s
1850	X	IIVY	Inquires into behaviour of public servants.
I853	II		Public charges on landholders
1853		non 26	Recusant witnesses
1854	XI		Police
1855	XI		Mesne profits and improvements
1855	XI	Ί	Suits for wrongs Executors and Administra
1855	XI	II	C impensation for loss occasioned by death
1855	X	vm	Repeal of Usury Laws
1856	A		European Desertors
1858	XV		Re mer age of Hindu widows
1856	XX		Chaukidars
1857	XI		State offences
1857	XI	11	Opum
1858	III	XV	State pris oners
1858 1858		χνι	Lunacy mufassal courts. Lunatic asylums
1859	ix		Claims to property seized as forfeited
1860	XX	T	Registrat on of soc et es,
1882	III	-	Government seal
1863	XV	I	Excess of sparts used exclusively in manufac
	1		tures
1863	XX	:	Rel gious endowments
1863	XX	III	Cla ms to waste Isnds
1863	XX	XI.	Official Gazette
1864	VI		Foreigners
1864 1865	in		Whipping
1865	Xv		Common carners
1865	XX	T	· ·
1866	v v	•	
1866	LXX	r i	,
I866		im	Powers of mortgagees and trustees
1867	XX	v	Printing Preeses and books
1868	177	is I	Inoculat on in Kumaun and Garhwal
1869	1.77		Prisoners t t mony
1870	YY	ur)	Comage
1901	III		United Province Land Revenue Act [Subject
		- 1	to restrictions and mod figurious specified in notification to 134/I-624 dated the 10th
	1		January 1918]
1877	1	- 1	Specifie rel ef
1908	Īv	ſ	Civil Procedure Code (with certa n mo lifica
	i	i	tion)
	Į.	- 1	•

*In the settled tracts of the Terai sub division of the Nami Tai District the whole of Act III of 1901 is in force

T W HOLDERNESS

1st August 1894 Secy to Goot , N-W P and Outh

2

No $\frac{626}{\text{VII} - 36\text{J B}}$ dated 27th June, 1894

Miscellaneous

UNDER section 1 of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh Act, I of 1894 (an Act to repeal the Taru Regulatioo, 1876), the Lacutenant-Governor of the North Western Provinces and Oudh is pleased to direct that the said Act shall come into force oo the 1st day of August, 1894

3 No $\frac{637}{VII_{-8}81}$

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act 1874 and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council the Lieutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces is pleased to extend so much of each enactmeot mentiooed no the such hereto annexed is is in force to those parts of the North Western Provinces which are not included in any scheduled district to the Tarai sub division of the Naim Tal District, which sub division cor responds to the scheduled district described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the Tarai paramse.

SCREDULE Number Subject Year Acts of the Governor General in Council 177 1838 Wills made between 1st February 1839 and 1st January 1866 7177 1839 Dower 1841 Curators in cases o' succession XI Mesne profits and improvements, 1855 1856 European deserters ΙΚŻ 1860 Registrat on of societies. 1867 Government seal. 1863 Official Gazette 1866 Commerc al Law in v 1866 Powers of mortgagees and trustees. 1870 MI Courage

No VII-081 6

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Schedule Districts Act, 1674, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Co uncil, the Lieutenant Governor of the North Western Proxinces is pleased to extend so much of Benal Regulation NI of 1825. Uluviao and Diluviao, as is in force in those parts of the North Western Provinces which are not included in any scheduled district to the districts of

7

1833

Almora, Garhwal and Nam Tal (exclusive of the Tarai subdivision) which correspond to the scheduled district described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the province of Kumaun and Garbwal

6 No
$$\frac{644}{\sqrt{11-281}}$$

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Scheduled Districts Act, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council the Leutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces is pleused, in communation of notification in \$\frac{658}{118\inftysis}\$, dated the 17th July, 1886, to extent so much of the Specific Rehef Act (I of 1877) as is not yet in force there to the Kumun Division comprising the districts of Almora, Garhaal and Naim Tal, which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the province of Kumaun and Garhwal and the Tarai parganas

No vII-281 3

Nextense of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874, and with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, the Laeutenant Governor of the North Western Provinces is pleased to declared that so much of each of the eurotments mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed as is in force in those parts of the North Western Provinces which are not included in any scheduled histrict is in force in the Taria sub division of the Nami Tal D strict, which sub division of the Nami Tal D strict, which sub division corresponds to the scheduled district described in the said Scheduled Districts Act as the Taria parganas

SCHEDULE

Lear	Number	Subject

(1) Bengal Regulation

I \ | Deputy Collectors

(2) Acis of the Governor-General in Council

1853	11	Property in land Public charges on land holders
------	----	--

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Notification Cattle Trespass Act. 1871, as amended by Act I of 1891, and in no 852/VII modification of notifications nos 1875A dited the 18th Octo- -281, dated ber. 1871 and 3338, dated the 23rd September, 1882, of the 1894, as Judicial (Criminal) department, the Lieutenant-Governor and amended by Chief Commissioner is pleased to exclude from the operations notifications of the said Act the whole of the humann reserves under the -281, date 1 Indian Forests Act and the undermentioned areas.

20th August, nos RGG/VII 4th October. 1894, and 1075/VII-281, dated

District	Pargana	Patt ₁	1075/V11- 281, dated 17th Novel ber, 1891
	Beramandal .	Khasperja (inclu ling Almora can tomments and municipality) Uchyur Talla Tikhun Talla Syuncra Athaguli Walla (including Rani khet cantomments)	
	Gangoli {	Baraun Pungraon Kamshyar	
	Denpur {	Talla Katyur and Dug Malla Katyur Dug	
Almona	Kalı Kumaun	Charal Talla Charal Malla Sunbshung Ich Ipati Phat S pti Palbelon Malla	
	Shor	Mahar Seti Talla Seti Valla Waldin Talla Waldin Bechnila Waldin Malia Sauri Rharayat Rawal	
	Phaldskoto	Changaon, Malh Dota	
1.0	Palı	Malla Sillor	
Nama Tale	Chakhala	Chakhata (only so much as is within the limits of the Nainl Tal municipality and the can- tonment of Naini Tal.)	

District	Pargana	Patti
Nam Tal	Kumaun Bhabar (in cluding the Chilkia mahala) Kashput Baxpur Gadarpur Rudruur Kuhuuri Nanakmata B thau	
	Barasyun	Paidsbyun Idwalsyun Gagwarsyun Nadslayun Sitonsyun Rawutsyun
Garhwal	Talia Salan (including the fantonment of Lana downs) Dewalgarh	Seella Malla Kaunya Palls Kaur ya Walla Katholsyun
l	Chandpur	Lobha Silh Cbandpur Sigur Pindarwar
	MISCELLA	NEOUS

(RIMINAI

The 5th November, 1886

No 2136/NI-133 -In supersession of all previous notifications and under the powers conferred by section 2, Act III of 1867 the Hon ble the Lieutenant Governor and Chief Com missioner is pleased to extend the sections of the said Act that are not already in force to the places mentioned in the schedule annexed within the bound iries set forth in the 4th column of the schedule, and under section 5 of the said Act to appoint in the towns and places in which an inspector of police is stationed the inspector, and in all other places the sub inspector of

police, as the officer who may be authorized to exercise the power described in this section

List of towns in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh to which Act III of 1867 (the Gambling Act) has been extended.

Diarator	District	Name of town	Boundaries
		Almora	Within a 'mit of one m'e outside the bounds es fix l 'or the Almera mur cip.' ty
			North, south and wes. —The prevent bound at a ses of the mun cipality.
Kumaun	Kumat 2	Neur Tel	East—From where the cart read leaves the municipal read leaves the municipal read leaves the municipal read between the leavest the cast need to the cast need
		Haldwans Ramnagar	As defined for the purposes of Act XX of 1856
		Rankbet can tonment	As defined for the Rankhet cantonment,
	Taras {	Kachipur	As defined for the Kashipur municipality
	1	Jaspur	As defined for the purposes of Act XX of 1856
	1) (North and north-east— The Alaknands river
			North-west-The Kothur
	Gathwel	Surrager	Eost-Jhanka Bugwan
		1 1	South-Atralee ravine.
		[[Scuth-east-The Allhana hill.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

(CRIMINAL) MISCLILANEOUS

Sentember 19 1928

No 3155/VI—1543-1928—Under the powers confeued by section 2 of the Public Gambling Act, 1867 (III of 1867), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend sections 1—118, and 14—16 of the said Act to the places mentioned in the schedule annexed with the boundaries set forth in the fourth column of the schedule, and, under section 5 of the said 4ct, to appoint inspectors of police and all officers in charge of police stations not below the rank of sub-inspector, as the officers who may be authorized to exercise the power described in this section.

SCHEDULE

Division	District	Name of place	Boundanes	
Kumaun	Garhwal .	Paur and en	West—From piller no I at the head of the Bany war. Gathera e straght on Bharrondhar in field no 344 of mausa Bany wat.—From pillar no 2 months of the straght has to piller no 3 above the Faura Sangar pron uneal road thence along this road thence along this road to pillar no 4 ri field no 439 mausa Chwincha thence a straight him to 1 field no 1 field	
		Kotwara	the reserved forest Fast Kotri Dhang road and Jamai stream South Lower Kandi road	

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT (CRIMINAL) MISCILLANEOUS April 26, 1929

No 1534/VI—1543-1923.—Under the powers conferred by section 2 of the Public Garobling Act, 1867 (III of 1867), the Governor in Council is pleased to extend sections 1—11, 13A and 14—16 of the said Act to the area mentroned in the schedule annexed with the boundaries set forth in the fourth column of the schedule; and, under section 5 of the said Act, to appoint inspectors of police and all officers in charge of police stations not below the rank of sub-inspector as the officers who may be authorized to exercise the powers described in this section:—

SCHEDULE

Dyssion	District	Name of place	Boundaries
Kumaus	Garhwal	Doggadda, ka tehpur and em irons	Morth —Trom forest piller on 61 near tron briller on 61 near tron briller on 64 near tron briller on 64 near tron briller on 65 and 1 of Malla Fatch, and 1 of Malla Fatch, and 1 of Malla Fatch, par Chikk, thence down wards to piller no 53, near Talla Fatch, par village, thence in a straight line to the bridge on Kunigala on Doggadda Pauri, Provin end 1900 of willage Juwa 1000 of Kaligathers of (Khoh block). So Juga 1000 of Kaligathers will be trong and there in a straight line to fire the straight will be strain, and there in a straight line to fire in a

PART III MISCELLANEOUS

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

The 19th January, 1918

No 137/I-626 -It is hereby notified for general inform ation that in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Scheduled Districts Act 1874 (XIV of 1874), the Lieu tenant Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh is pleased to male the following rules for revenue courts deal ing with rent and tenancy matters in the Anmaun Division (which division corresponds to the scheduled districts described in the Scheduled Districts Act 1874 as the province of Lumaun and Garhwal and the Tuai parganas), with the exception of the Lashipur pargana in the Naini Tal District

Rules for revenue courts dealing with rent and tenancy matters in Kumaun

> Made under section 6 of the Scheduled Districts Act \IV of 1874)

PI CI IMINAPA

8) ort title

These rules shall be called the Anniann Tenanca Rules 1918

Definit ons

In these rules nuless there is anything repunant in the subject or context Board malguzar 'mulor and revenue court have the meanings respectively which they have in the United Provinces Land Revenue Act 1901 as extended to Lumnun and tenant includes a pakla and a kachcha kharkar

Jurisdiction of courts

Re ersation of iur al ct on certa 1 matt is to revent e

All suits and applications of the nature specified in the first schedule attached to the e-rules shall be heard and deter for eacet on mined by revenue courts, and except as otherwise provided by rul s 1 and 5 no court other than a revenue court shall tale commande of any dispute or matter in respect of which any

such suit or application might be brought or made (1) Whenever a question or issue to the effect who

Prot on f r determ ga lion of certain

ther-

courte

(a) the case is equalitable by a civil or by a revenue court or (1) a person is proprieter of any measured or asses of

a test on of fir # let on t toprictury t tie ares ng ir reven e en rts

land is to be determined by a revenue court of first instance in any suit or proceeding and whenever such question or issue is to be deter mined as an criminal question or issue by an ap pellate court in the course of in appeal

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revenue court shall, before determining any other issue or question arising in the case, determine such issue in accordance with the procedure laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure for the trial of original civil suits and shall embody its decis on thereon in an order or decree as the case may be

(2) Such order or decree shall be deemed an original decree of a district judge, subordinate judge or munsif having jurisdiction in respect of the land in question, according as the revenue court framing such order or decree is the court of a Commissioner a Collector or an Assistant Collector respectwelv, and except as otherwise provided in sub rule (4) shall be subject to appeal as such

(3) The revenue court shall thereupon ask the parties if either of them desires to appeal from such order or decree and

shall record their reply to such question

(4) If neither of the parties expresses a desire to appeal the order or decree shall be final and the court shall proceed

with the case

(a) If other of the parties expresses a desire to appeal the revenue court shal stir finther procee bn_ in the suit until the penol of appeal has expired or in the event of in appeal being filed, until the decision of the first appellate court thereon, and shall then proceed to dispose of the suit in accordance with such decision

of In the event of such lecision bing reversed subse quent to the di posit of the suit by the revenue court under sub rule (5) on further appeal that revenue court or any other revenue court disposing of the suit in appeal may on the application of a party review its jud-ment so as to make it conform with the final decision on such issue

(7) Provide I that nothing in this rule shall be construed to empower civil court to decide any other question arising in the suit than such question of proprietary title or of jurisdic

tion

I rplanation-Original question or original decree in this and the next rule means a question not previou ly raised and an issue it tricviou ly framed in the case

(1) Whenever an is no whether the defendant holds Provided agricultural land as the tenant of the plaintiff or of a person determina in po we ion from the plaintiff is to be determined by a civil tion of court of first mistance in any suit or proceeding and whenever certain such s u is to be determined as an original issue by an apprespect of pellate civil court in the course of an appeal, the civil court agricultural shall determine such asse as a preliminary assue in accordance hollings

Transfer of cases

Transfer of cases

- 18 (1) On the application of any of the parties and after notice to the parties and after hearing such of them as desire to be heard, or of its or his own motion without such notice, the Board, or the Commissioner, or the Collector with in the limits of his district, or an Assistant Collector in charge of a suh division within the limits of his suh divison, may, at any stage,-
 - (a) transfer any case pending before it or him for trial or disposal to any court subordinate to it or him and competent to try or dispose of the same, or
 - (b) withdraw any case pending in any court subordinate to it or him, and
 - (1) try to dispose of the same, or
 - (ii) transfer the same for trial or disposal to any court subordinate to it or him and competent to try or dispose of the same, or
 - (m) retransfer the same for trul or disposal to the court from which it was withdrawn
 - (2) Where any suit or proceeding has been transferred or withdrawn under sub rule (1), the court which thereafter tries such suit may, subject to any special directions in the case of an order of transfer, either retry it or proceed from the point at which it was transferred or withdrawn
 - (3) For the purposes of this section every other Assistant Collector of a sub-division shall be subordinate to the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub division

Procedure

Procedure BUIDS OF sued pleads

- 19 (1) When in any suit brought under these rules by where tenant a landholder against a ten int for arrears of rents the tenant pleads that he actually and in good faith has paid up to the payment of date of institution of the ruit the rent of his holding to some rent to third third person that third person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual payment of rent in good faith by the tenant to line or to a person on his behalf shall be inquired into
 - (2) If the question is determined in favour of the tenant, the suit shall be dismissed

- (3) The decision of the court on such question shall not affect the right of any person entitled to the rent of the holding to establish his title thereto by suit in the civil court.
 - 20 The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, Application 1968, as extended to Kumaun shall, so far as they are up- of the Code likelihe and consistent with the provisions of these rules, Procedure, apply to all suits and proceedings under these rules.
 - 21 In addition to the particulars required in Order VII, Contents of rules (D. (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of the Code of Civil plaints.

 Procedure, 1908, to be specified in the plaint, the plaint shall region the following particulars, namely.
 - (a) the name of the village and of the pirgana and patti in which the land in question is situated;
 - (b) if the suit is for the recovery of an arrear of each other than the yearly rent of the land, the amount, if any, necessed on account of the year or years for which the claim is made the amount in arrear and the time in respect of which it is alleged to be due
 - 22 (1) A court may, if it thinks fit, itself make a local Local investigation insend of issuing a commission under Order investigation, rule (9) of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Protions cedure, 1908
 - (2) When the court itself makes a local investigation the provisions of Order XXVI, rule (10) of the said Code, with respect to the recording of evidence shall apply to the court, and any observations which the court thinks fit to record on its proceedings shall be received as evidence in the suit.

Muscellaneous

- 23 In suits by landholders for ejectment under item 20 Compensa of the first schedule the court may, if the tenant is entitled ton for improvements make the decree for ejectment subject to the payment by the decree-holder of such compensation
- 24 In a sunt to recover an arrear of rent the court shall set-off in not allow a set-off against the claim, except such amount as is suits for due to the defendant on an unexecuted decree under these arrears of rules against the plaintiff.

25 A decree for ar eas of rent may be executed, if the arrears remain unsatisfied at the end of the agricultural year in which the decree is passed by the ejectment of the tenant upon application made to a court competent to entertain the application under rules 8 9 and 10

Deposit of rent or revenue in court

Power to pay into court amount of revenue or rent due 26 If a co sharer or tenant from whom any revenue or return to due in respect of the land held or cultivated by him tenders the full annount of that revenue or rent at the usual place of payment to the person authorized to receive it and thit person does not accept the amount and forthwith give a receipt in full therefor the co sharet or tenant may with out any suit having been instituted against him deposit the amount in the court of a Collector or Assistant Collector to the credit of the person authorized to receive it

Procedure on making and withdrawing such payment

C? (1) The court shall receive the deposit on the written upheation of the coshirer or tennit or his recognized agent and on the applicants mixing a declaration in the form set forth in the second schedule attached to these rules, or as near thereto is circumstances will admit the court shall give him a receipt for the deposit

- (2) The declaration shall be verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of plaints by Rule 15 of Order VII of the Code of Caul Procedure and shall be signed by the per on making it
- (3) Upon receiving the deposit the court shall assue to the person to whose credit it has been paid a notice in the form set forth in the third schedule attached to these rules
- (i) If the person to whose credit the depost has been paid or his recognized agent appears and applies for it the court shall cause it to be paid to him. The application must be on plain paper.
- (5) If such person or agent fails to appear and apply for the deposit the deposit shall be repaid to the depositor upon his application

Court fees paylife on au ts an i app is an one 29 for the purposes of the Court Fees Act 1970, the amount of fee payable in the suits and other proceedings specified in the first sche hile shall be computed as prescribed in the fifth column thereof.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE (RULES 8 AND 9)

Senal number	Description of suit	Period of limitation	Time from which period begins to run	Proper court fee	Whether triable by an Assistant Collector of the 2nd class,
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Group (A)	Sults			
1	By a landholder or tenant for adjudica tion as to price of crops or other produce which the land holder has elected to purchase upon his ejectment in execution of a decree	Thirty days	When the eject ment takes place	As in the Court Fees, Act 1870	Yes
2	By a tenant for da mages on account of refusal by landholder to deliver receipt for rent paid	Three months	Date of refusal	Ditto	Yes,
3	By a tenant on the ground of rent or produce exacted by landholder in excess of lawful amount	Dato	Date of exaction	Ditto	Yes.
4	By a tenant for da insges on account of illogal ejectment by landholder	Six months	Date of eject ment or, where suit! as been insti- tuted for re- over; of hold- ing date of final decree in such suit		No.
	By a tenant for the crops or for the value of crops at time of ejectment	Ditto	D tto	D tto	Yes
•	By a tenant f r re covers from lan il ol er of value of im 1 to venier is.	D tto	Date of eject ment or sur ren ler	D tto	70
	the exacts of da		Date of exaction.	I Ditto	' 1a

Serial number	Description of suit	Period of himitation	Time from which period begins to run	Proper court-	Whether trable by an Assistant Collector of the
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Group (A	-Suits-(cont	inted)		
8	By a tenant for re- covery of land from which he has been wrongfully disposses- sed by landholder	One year .	Date of dispossession.	As in the Cour Fees, Act, 1870	No.
9	For cancellation of illegal transfer or surrender or sub lease or agreement to transfer, surrender or to sub let	Dutto	Date when transfer or agreement becomes known	Ditto .	No.
10	By a landholder or the panch khaikars for arrears of rent, or, whem rent is paid in kind, for the money equivalent of such rent	Three years	Last day of September of the revenue year in which arrears bo- came due	Ditto .,	Yes.
11	By malguzar for ar- rears of rent or re- expenses of other expenses of other dues payable through him by co-harers whom he represents, or for recovery from a point malguzar of the control of the co- tes, village expenses or other dues paid on his behalf	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Yes.
12	By a co sharer stainst a malguzar or co- sharer for rendering and settlement of and accounts—for his of a village or part of a village	Dutto	Date when the arrears are paid; or to which the accounts refer.	Ditto .	Ye4.

Senal number	Desc	exiption of suit		od of utation		Time from thich period begins to run	Proper court-	Whether triable by an Assistant Collector of the 2nd clar.
1		2		3	\lceil	4	5	6
		Group (A)—Suits—(continued)						
13	for set	a muafidar or ugnee of revenue r rendering and telement of ac- tilement for arrea units and for arrea revenue due to		ureo 3 ears	١	oate when the arrears are paid, or to which the ac counts refer	As in the Court Fees Act, 1870	Yes
14	By so	m as such a co sharer for re very from a co ent, revenue, cesse allage expenses, e ther dues paid the be plaintiff on the	of or	Ditto	1	Date when the arrears are pand	Datto	Yes
1	5 By	efendant a behalf a tenant ageir nother tenant serson claiming so a tenant in resp of any matter rele	at or to	Ditto		Date when cau of action arise		No
1	16 By	ng to a holding or on behalf of t panch khaikars of pakka khaik village against ladge against ground of infin ment of their ec	ari a the	Three yes	124	Date of overt set of infringe ment is landholder	Ditto	No
	17 B	mon rights a granter for sumption of a re free grant		Twelve y	e ra r	Date of gran tee a refusa to comply wil lawful notice to quit	annual fe	t ae ad
	18 B	ment to rent		Ditto		Date of grants refusal to p	V Ditto	No
	19 1	rent free grant is a fan thell tr gutar or eo st for ren lenng or thement of acco or recovery of m or papers again agent employed manage his lan rellet reservice rent or again suiret of such a	et unts opey tan to L or	During e timuance agency one thereafte	of and ear	1	As in t Court Fee Act 1870	he lw

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

DECLARATION OF TENANT DEPOSITING REVENUE OF REAL IN

COURT *

[See Rule 27(1)]

I. A B of , etc , solemnly declare that I did personally for by my agent C D] on the tender payment to F F at Tthe place where the (revenue or) rent of the lands at (held or) cultivated by me under (or from or jointly with) the said E F is usually payable] of the sum of rupees and for the whole amount due from me in respect of the (revenue or) sent of the said lands from the month of , both inclusive to the month I further declare that the said L Γ refused to accept the said sum so tendered for to give me a receipt in full forthwith for the sum so tendered] And I declare that, to the best of my behef the sum of rupees so tendered and which I now desire to pay into court, is the full amount which I owe to the said Γ F on account of the (sevenue or) ient of the said lands , the person named in the above declaration do declare that anat is stated therein is true to the best of my information and behef

THE THIRD SCHEDULE

NOTICE TO LANDLORDS !

[See Rule 28(3)]

Court of the of

Dated the day of

To Γ of , etc

With reference to the written decliration you are hereby informed that the sum of rupees therein mentioned is now in deposit in this court, and that the above sum will be paid to you or your recognized agent on application within six months.

"If this destartion is not by an agent at must is after accordingly atting is a leady employment on a copy of the declaration under the second wheel he made by the person parting the money into court

2 L O'DONNEFF

19

ZI Tave

Rules requiating applications for, and of the or

HARNEL DELATIONS I

The 39th June, 1916

No 1190/I—627—It is beedy notified for central an formation that, in exercise of the policies conferred by return 6 of the Scheduled Districts let, 1674 (AIV of 167), if Lieutenant Governor of the United Province of Agra and Oudle is pleased to make the following rules regulating and cations for and grants of unimersured or makes at Limit in the districts of Almora, Garband and the Hill Patter of American Tal

- 1. When in any case in which unley the 4 titled \$1\text{27}\$, Report of land record inces (overriging in the fifth store in \$41\text{16}\$), peaks or a sign at an \$1\text{1}\$ -5\text{3}\$, died the 16th store, \$191\text{17}\$ for great of unmeasured the permit in of the common serial of unmeasured and regimed in sight in it is it is a followed and the permit in ofthe or in a text of elector of the last class or is referred to an answer in tentered elector of the last class or is referred to an answer in tentered of the 2nd class by the collector, the respective deflects the first fixed at the first acceptant from the land record peaks a whether the land applied for is no source, or name could nonshered or or numbered and in whose name, if any at a record of the land and with what result.
 - 2 If it does not upper from the rep it of the Inid. Patwara report on record p libr that the Inil is must application for pant of sured or number 1 and if the completion for from the other partial results and an important from the other from the upper unassess in upper no from the other to to the upplication, the sestimated for full wind the upplication to the pitwart who will verify the Inid, showing in a sured being the three pitwarts who will verify the Inid, showing in a sured scale Ini the virious village through cliff the distance of the cultivated land of each village from the Inid showing the matural fectures of the Inid, rivines, and ridges (but not field terrices) and the recognized boundaries of the village within which it appears to lum that the Inid is situated. The put wan shall also ascertain and report whether there are any

objections made by other villagers to a grant of the land, whether the land is grazing ground or forest, what is its approximate area, and any other particulars that may appear to require to be reported.

- 3 If after residing the particulars reported by the pat land of proclamation with the assistant collector is of for bearing of objections of prinon that the land is similable for a grain, under these rules, he shall is not a proclamation through the patwart calling on all persons objection, to the grant to ppeur before him on a day and at a place to be fixed in the proclimation. The patwart shall get the structures of malgurars of villages adjoining the land applied for and the agrantises of any objectors who have given a petition aguinst the grant, to the fact to his Laving duly made the proclamation.
- 4 On the div fixed the a star collector shall proceed to impure into any objections which may be preferred should a claim to the hind by rea on of the or customer rights be ruled be may if he con iders that to prima face case has been made out by the person objecting, disallow the objection. If the stant collector con iders that a prima face case has been made out by the person objecting, or that for other reasons the grant should not be add the half which the record of his proceedings to the collector for orders.
- 5 should no objection be made or should an objection,
 Survey of the lead after inquiry have been deallowed, the
 app affer
 i that collector shall in after per
 onto in jection of the land and local
 inquiry as to the purpose for which it is applied for the consider that a grain may properly be made have the land surtied by a maining the expense of the applicant
- 6 The a runt collector shall also determine the boundaries and fx the ase ment of the grunt on the spot Sould not fast of the boundary be disputed be shall per rath see that it is correctly marked out by permaturely be in live pilles.
- The near test collector shall then submit need of the aneconstruction of a strent report to the collector report aftering the person in which favour the property the constitution is not along of a constitution of the limit of the constitution of

reasons for it, the boundaries fixed, and any other particulars connected with the matter that appear to require to be reported

- 8 If the collector considers that the grant should be made, he shall submit an assessment statement in the prescribed form to the commissioner for orders
- 9 No grant shall be made on the tops or steep sides of Grants of top or steep fulls wherever erosion is likely to occur sades of hills not to be on the removal of the forest growth.

 Every amplication shall state what the

applicant is prepared to do in the matter of terracing, and unless the proposals are adequate, the application shall be refused. Every grant shall be subject to the condition that if the terracing is not carried out par passa with the cleaning, the grant may be resumed at once

Marking of boundaries not cover the entire area suitable for of land for potato culti-such cultivation, it shall be the duty of the other making the local investigation to define carefully in such a manner as to be easily identified, the boundaries of the entire area within which potato cultivation can be earned on. But the provisions of

rule ? must in all cases be duly considered

for orders

- 11 Should the application be for land for non-agricultural purposes (e.g. for house-building) the usual inquiries shall be made, and if there is no good cause for rejecting the application the collecor may, without reference to higher authority, give a lease of the land applied for, or any part of it, provided that the leave be limited to the remaining period of settlement the rent fixed be not more than Rs 5 and no premium is to be paid. If a lease is recommended for more than the period of settlement or the rent proposed is in excess of Rs 5 or a premium is proposed in addition to a fixed rent, the collector shall submit his proposals to the commissioner
- 12 The commissioner may from time to time prescribe such forms as may be required by these rules
- 13 No officer other than a revenue officer as defined in the United Provinces Land Revenue Act, III of 1901, as extended to Kumum, shall decide any question arising whether any specific land is unmeasured or unassessed land or not

- 14 Any suit or application to establish a claim affecting the validity of a grant in unmeasured or unassessed land whether it is cultivated or uncultivated or to establish a claim to any right in such land shall be heard and determined by a revenue court; and no court other than such revenue court shall take cognizance of any dispute or matter in lespect of which any such suit or application might be brought or made. Such a suit or application shall he in the court of the assistant collector in charge of the sub division.
- To The procedure pre-cribed in the Kumuin Tengucy Rules 1918 applicable to suits and applications under the e rules shall so fu as may be apply to all suits and applications of the nature referred to in the preceding rule
- 16 All disputes regarding new cultivation or extensions of cultivation or buildings or enclosures in unmersured or unaverseed Ituds for which the commissioners sanction is not required shall be heard and determined by revenue courts, and no court other than a revenue court shall take cognizance of any such dispute
- 17 When any dispute arises such as is referred to in tule 18 any pairs to such dispute may apply to the assistant collector in charge of the sub-division and such application shill thereupon be dealt with under the piecedure prescribed in rules 1 to 10 these rules except that the assistant collector making the upury shill himself decide the cre material of referring it to the collector for orders under rule 1.
- 18 (1) In appeal shall lie to the collector from every decision of an assistant collector under rule 17 if filed within 30 days of the date of the decree or order complained of
- (2) In appeal shall be to the commissioner from an appellate decision of the collector under clause (1) of this rule if filed within 60 days of the decree or order complained of
- 19 The provisions of the Indian Limitation Act 1909 shall apply to all appeals filed under rule 18

R BURN Chief Secretary

Deputy Com nissioner

District Kumaun Duisson, submitted in duplicate Summary Scillement of nayabal land in the

nayabad lands

common lat on remarks (Tlo nt re record u) m tt vl witl reason for rean I general tlas stato Abstract grant is to 10 p t (og e l gar lon etc) w) ich tlo ultivatio t tint 1 men lod loro! v) ich recom in accordance with rule VII of the rules regulating applications for and grant of Cos os Proposed revenue Reven to 2 2 Salcula teons able arca la s fod 2 rrent 04809 3uou 3083 e to Area storinge 2 otel set in l unoc Prop I rnes a Descript on of statement of with a map boundar es e ntour lines le nat ral features of gu paus gana Ħ Statement of 1 s share an I of the tallaged in which they re hell if husadar Vame costo parentago ito appl r a lence rati n an loccu

VB-I gv gs leception of the lant n column 1-(1) state of event s forces (ank el e etc) () lecentes user titues whether it is at the top or base of the ll (3) state will of ritis carable of being terraced etc

Lease of nazul land for building purposes, situated outside the boundaries of municipal nazul land

This Indenture made the day of between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) of the nne part and

therematter called the lessee) of the other part witnesseth that in consideration of the premium which is hereby acknowledged and the rent hereinafter reserved and of the covenants on the part of the lessee hereinafter contained the Secretary of State doth hereby demise unto the lessee all that plot of

of State doth hereby demise unto the lessee all that plot of land containing by admeasurement situate in village of patti in the

district of the kind plot of land is more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written and with the boundaries thereof is for greater clearness delineated on the plan annexed to these presents and thereon coloured

together with all ways drains, rights ease ments and appurtenances whatsoever to the said plot of land

helonging or in anywise appertaining to hold the premises except mineral rights which are reserved hereby to Govern ment demised unto the lessee up to the ensuing settlement that is up to day of Rendering therefore during the said term the yearly rent of Rs

char of all deductions by two equal half verrly payments on the day of and the day of in each year to the patwari of the path or at such other place

as the deputy commissioner of shall from time to time appoint in this behalf the first of such payments to be under an the

The lessee doth also hereby covenant with the Secretary of State that he will pri unto the Secretary of State the yearly rent hereby reserved on the day and in the manner herembefore appointed and also will from time to time at all times pay and discharge all rates tives charges and assessments of every description which are now or may at mixture hereafter be assessed charged or imposed upon the sud or time shereby demised or the buildings to be erected theireous or the landlord or tenant in respect thereof and also will within 24 calcular months next after the date of these presents at his own costs and at an initiation and expense of Rs at the least in a good substantial and work multiple for the dentity committee.

missioner erect and completely finish fit for habitation and use on such part of the said demi-ed premises as are marked out on the plan hereto annexed a dwelling house with smitable outhinldings according to a plan and elevation to be approved and also it the request of the Secretary of State will submit a sufficient evidence and documents of the outlay and expense as heretofore contained and also will not without the previous consent in writing of the Secretary of State erect or suffer to be erected on any part of the said denused premises any building other than and except the and will not without such consent as aforesaid make any alterations in the plan or elevation of the sud building, and outbuildings or carry on or permit to be carried on the said premises any tride or business whitsoever or use the same or permit the same to be used for any purposes other than that hereby covenanted and also that the lessee will from time to time during the said term repair and keep the building and outbuildings so to be erected as aforesaid in good and substantial repair and condition both externally and internally and the same in such good and substantial repair on the determination of the said lease peaceably surrender and vield up unto the Secretary of State

and also will at all times during the said term pay a reasonable share and proportion for towards the cost and expenses of making supporting and repairing all or any part wills severs and drains which now or at any time during the said term shall belong to the said premises or any part thereof and that such proportion shall be ascertained by the deputy commissioner and shall be recoverable as rent in arrear and also will upon every resignment of the said premises hereby demised or inv part thereof within one calendar month thereafter deliver a notice of such assignment to the pitwari of the patti setting forth the names and descuptions of the parties to evers such assignment and the particulars and effects thereof and also that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State and his agents during the said term at all the reasonable times of the day to enter into and upon the sud demised premises and the building and out buildings to be crected thereon as aforesud or any part there of and to inspect and view the condition thereof and if any defect or want of reparation shall be on any such inspection found and discovered to give to the lessee or leave upon the said premises notice in writing to make good and restore the same and that the lessee within three calendar months next after such notice well and sufficiently make good and restore the same accordingly Provided always and it is hereby dec lared that if the said yearly rent hereby reserved or any part thereof shall at any time be in arrear and unpaid for the space of one calendar month next after any of said days where on the same shall have become due whether the same shall have been lawfully demanded or not or if there shall be any breach in respect of nimeral rights or non-observance by the lessee of any of the coverants hereinbefore contained on his part to be observed and nerformed then and in any such case it shall be lawful for the Secretary of State notwithstanding the warrer of any previous causes or right of re-entry to enter into and upon the said dem sed premises and building and out buildings so to be erected as aforesaid or any part thereof in the name of the whole and to re possess retain and enjoy the same as if this demise had not been made and the Secretary of State doth hereby covenant with the lessee that the lessee paying the ient hereby reserved and performing and observing the covenants and conditions herein contained on his part to be performed and observed shall or may peacefully and quietly hold, possess and enjoy the said demised premises during the said term without any lawful interruption or dis turbance by the Secretary of State or any person or persons lawfully claiming under him

In witness whereof the parties hereto have set their hands

"the schedule above referred to

- 1 Signature of Lessee
- 2 Signature of Witness

Deputy Commissioner

PART V

Rules for regulating proprietary mutations in the Kumaun Division sanctioned in G. O. no. 1108/1B790, dated May 31, 1929.

Intation

It is hereby notified for general information that, in supersession of all previous notifications prescribing such rules, and under section 231 of the United Provinces Land Revenue Aer, 1901 (III of 1901), as extended to the Ahuoru District, to the Garliand District, exclusive of the Ham villages of the Garliand Bindru estate and to the Kaim Tal District, exclusive of the Kashipur Talisil (whole), the Tarrichisil (whole), and the kham villages of the Bhubur Talisil of that district, the Board of Revenue of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh have, with the previous sinction of the Local Government made the following rules under clauses (d) and (e) of the said section

A -Procedure

1—The following rules apply to mutation of names in Application of the rules.

Application of the rules, cribed by section 33 of the Act as ex-

Appleation of the rules, cribed by section 33 of the Act as extended to the Almora District to the Grainwal District exclusive of the Main villages of the Gailwal Blinbar estate and to the Nam Tal District exclusive of the Kashipur Talisil (whole), the Tarai Talisil (whole) and the Main villages of the Blinbar Talisil of that district

I(a) References to the mutakhib in these rules are valid in the case of those pargains only in which revision of records takes place at the current settlement (at present Bahrasyun only). In other pargains muntakhibs will be kept up to date until settlement takes place and if settlement is effected with out a revision of records, the existing muntakhibs will be considered as dead records and will not be further amended

2—Action under section 33 of the Act in connexion with the mutation of names in the abovenamed registers may be taken—

(a) upon report made under secton 34,

(b) upon report made by the patwari in whose circle the whole or any portion of the property is situated or

(c) upon information received in any other manner by the tahsildar or peshkar

3—Fivery report under section 34 shall be in writing Contents of the report and shall specify under section 34

(a) the name of the mauza in which the right has been acquired

(1) the description of the right acquired,

(c) the land revenue assessed upon the property or af the right be . hankar right the amount of the rent in respect of which the right has been acquired.

- (d) the name, parentage, caste and residence of the person from whom the right has been acquired or derived
- (e) the maoner in which the right has been acquired or derived,
- (f) the came, parentage caste and residence of the person who has acquired the right,
- (g) if the right be a khaikan right the name of the proprietor to whom the rect is payable
- (h) oumber of the khata of proprietary or other right in the phant and number of the fields transferred in the muntakhib
- (i) the date on which the right was acquired and shall be signed and dated by the person making the same
- 4—Before making a report under claims (b) of rule 2 till patwars shall ascertain carefully if the person named in clause (i) of rule 3 has really obtained possession of the property and shall if possible obtain the signatures of the parties or the malguzar on his report in token that he has verified it. When a report is made under clause (a) or action is to be taken under clause (c) of rule 2 the taheildar or peshkar shall require the patwars to ascertain the facts about possession as prescribed in this rule.
- 5—\n application for mutation of oames is not required, Application for mutabut obt ools a report and, provided that the report is unaccompanied by a prayer, it does not require court fee
- 6—The date on which the report is received and that on Date or recipt of which it is entered in the multiand report to be noted—gater maintained under rule 26—shall be endorsed on the report at the time of its receipt and entry in the multiand register respectively by the tabulator or pesh kar or by such officer as he may appoint on this behalf
- 7—Upon report or information received under rule 2 of the Leue of proclamation thisday or problems shill issue a pronormation freport or claunation in vernicular free of charge information copies of which shall be posted at the headquarters of the tabel published in the vallage concerned through the malgarar thereof and the pattern of the pattind afferwards affected at some conspensions place in the vallage where the land is similed. The pattern of the pattin is re-

possible that the proclamation is duly and properly notified

Particulars of procla8.—The proclamation shall specimation fy—

(a) the particulars required to the furnished by rule J.

(b) the date on which the proclamation was resued, (c) the date (being rot less than a month from the date of the resue of the proclamation) upon which any objection will be entertained and considered to

mutition of names being ordered in favour of the person who has acquired the right;

and shall require the person who has acquired the right and any person who may desire to file an objection, to attend upon that date and to produce such evidence as he may desire to produce

If the right be a khakar right, a notice containing the same particulars as the proclaimation shall be served free of

charge upon the proprietor

9—It am fine is recoverable under rule 17 (infra), the Procedure when fine is talvaldar, together with the proclama recoverable thon, shall issue orders to the patwara to

ton, shall issue orders to the pitwart to order, from the person in whose from a report has leen inde for mutation under rule 2. The patwirt shall renut the sum to the tahel at the time be returns the proclamation. In money order, and certify on the proclamation his money order, and certify on the proclamation that has done so. The commission charged for the money-order shall be paid from the amount collected as fine, and balance of the latter be remitted by the patwirt. Patwarts will be provided with triplicate receipt books. When they have received the fine they shall give one counterfoil to the payer of the fine and send the second to the taheil along with the proclamation duly served.

NOTE-In cases of report under rile 2(a) the fine no reconcred at all not be returnable shatever the final order. In cases under rile 2(b) and (c) if mutation is not ordered in favour of the person from whom the fine is recovered the amount may be returned on has applying on the day on which the final shates are passed at the finalization in recover the fine from the person in whose name mutation is finally ordered and refund it to the applicant.

10 —In undisputed cases in which the tabsildar or poslil ar

Records to be made empowered in this behalf has passed over to the land records final orders, and in all other cases when metables orders have been passed by the Assistant Collector in charge of the sub division—the record shall be made over to the land records peshkar for disposal in accordance with the following rules.

11 —When a mutation has been ordered, the land records peaklar shall, without delay correct the revenue papers of his has received the rubhar, and entered the fact in a new column 10(b) in his register. Nor shall the record keeper receive for consignment any mutation file, which has not either this rubhar or the certificate mentioned in rule 15

15 The fact that the entries required by the four preced
Certificate of comple
to no fentries

the land records peshkar or his assistant
the land records peshkar or his assistant

before such record is despatched for consignment to the record room

B --Fines

16 The Local Government has not prescribed any fees

Levy of fine under section 37 of the 4ct. When the
period of six months prescribed by see
tion 38 of the Act as extended to

Kumaun has expired, a fine shall be levied under that section

Scale of fine

17 Fines shall be levied at the rates noted below

- (1) In succession cases and in the case of leases for term of thirteen years or less Re 1 for mutation in respect of any share paying Rs 5 revenue or less, in any other case Rs 2
- (n) In transfer cases other than those of leases specified in (i) above double the rates in paragraph (i) above
 - (iii) In cases where the right is a malikana right only the fine shall be calculated on the malil and and not on the resource.
- (iv) Where the revenue is not known five bisis of area shall be taken as equivalent of Rs 5 revenue
- (v) No fine shall be levied in respect of any change in the registers except as before provided
- 18 The Collector or Assistant Collector in clarge of the Power of a Collector sub-division may in his discretion impose or Assistint Collector to a lighter fine than that pre-coiled by him so a lighter inc.—the preceding rule but in any such or classification in the shall record his reison for so doing
- 19 I mes are recoverable under section 208 of the Act as Recovery of time under an arrear of revenue and shall be so re act on 208 as arrear of covered if the amount be not paid under the preceding rules

- 20 The fine in each case shall be paid into the treasury Mode of payment of with a separate arzirsal, or, in cases in which the fine is remitted to the tabil fine by money-order, with a duplicate chalan in the terms of article 3 of the Civil Account Code, which shall be filed with the record of the case
- 21 Where for any reason the fine cannot be recovered,

 Procedure when fine the facts shall be reported to the Colunnot be recovered lector or Assistant Collector in charge of cannot be recovered the sub division, who, for reasons to be recorded in writing, may sanction the remission of the whole or any portion of the fine
- record
- In every case in which a fine Order of remission of 22 In every case in which a line a fine to be filed with the is remitted the order shall be filed with the record of the case
- No case shall be despatched to the record room until the fine has been either realized or signed to record room reinitted, and if received without the or remitted or older of remission or without a certificate of the land records peshkar that the records of his office have been corrected the files shall be returned by the record Leeper

C - Rejusters and returns

Cases shall be entered in the mislband register in the Entry of cases in misl form prescribed for such register in the band register as scon as may be after a report or unformation is received under rule 2

Annual register or mutation fines

- (1) An annual register of mutation fines (demand and receipt) shall be maintained showing-
- (1) the number of the case
- (n) the date of order for levy of fine
- (in) the name of the mauza.
- (iv) the name of the person from whom recovery is to be made.
 - (v) the amount to be recovered.
- (vi) the date of receipt.
- (vii) the date of order for remission.

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FORM A

Spicment showing the testing of paticars phants and muntaklubs by superior officers for the year —

Remarks Percentage of errors Ξ Muntakhibs Number m which mistakes were Number of khataa Percent age of Phants m which mstakes Number were in the district of __ khatas Number Number of villages patwaria circles inspected Number Re tested Re-tested Tested Tahaiklars or nash tahai lars Kanungos or super Deputy Collectors Designation Š

PART M

RULES RELATING TO WATER MILES AND USF OF WATER IN AUMAUN

Local Self-Government Department

The 9th January, 1917

No 23/IN-16-II is hereby notified, for general information that in evereise of the powers conferred by section ALMORY to of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (NIV of 1874), the GARIWAL Lieutenant Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and NAINITAL Oudh is pleased to make the following jules relating to water in the districts of Almora and Gariwal and the full patties of Naim Tal

Rules relating to water mills and use of water in Kumaun.

- 1 These rules shall be called the Kumaun Water Rules 1917
- NOTE The bels and water of all rivers and not ral streams and of all lakes natural pends and ofter collections of at it water within the 1 litracts of the Aunaum division are the property of and subject to the con rol of the State
- 2 All suits and applications referred to in these rules shall be heard and determined by revenue courts or revenue officers as the case may be and no court or officer other than a revenue court or revenue officer shall take cognizance of any dispute or matter in respect of which any such suit or application might be brought or made.
- 3 No water null or min ton the nucleother that the existing at the date of the coning into force of these rules shall be constructed or worked without the sanction of the collector, and any null or channel which having been previously constructed and worked his been divisued durin, a period of one year or more immediately before the coming into force of these rules shall be deemed to be a new null or channel for the purposes of these rules.
- 1 (1) The collector on an application or report made to him and after making such inquirs as he may deem neces sars may suction the construction of and pre-scribe conditions for the working of a new mill or imagation channel or may refine such sauction.
- (2) No such sanction shall extinguish reduce or other wise injuriously affect an existing right of user of water be longing to any third party.

Provided that in sanctioning an irrigation channel the collector max, if he thinks necessary, direct that on payment of such compensation as he may think fit to the owner of a

water mill not in existence before the coming into foice of these rules, such mill shall be closed and dismantied and the water thus released be utilized for the said migation channel Such order shall only be made when in the collector's opinion the object of the irrigation channel cannot be achieved with out closing the water mill, and shall be conditional on the prior deposit with the collector of the compensation awaited

- 5 When the construction and working of a water mill is sanctioned, the collector shall assess it to such rent as he may think fit
- 6 If any null is found to have been constructed and worked without struction or assessment of reit, the collector may either order it to be stopped and distinctled or may assess it to cent and allow at to continue subject to the payment of a penulty of not more than three verts rental. If it is ordered that the null be stopped, the person responsible shall in addition be hable to the fine imposed by these rules for working a null without sanction.
- 7 The rent and penalties referred to in tales 5 and 6 shall be pixable on the dates and in the instalments on and in which the land receive is pixable, and any arears shall be recoverable in the same way as agreests of land revenue.
- 6 The local Government may be order direct a revision of the rentil issessment of ill or any water mills to be made at such periods and in accordance with such instructions as they may deem necessary.
- 9 Any person holding any prying tent for a water mill have by notice filed before the assistant collector in charge of the sub-division surrender such mill with effect from September 30, next following

Provided that such notice and surrender shall not relieve the person so giving notice from his liability to pay the rent due for the current revenue year

10 (I) Any person interested in a water null or irrigation channel or other water right may institute a suit in the control the resistant collector in charge of the sub-division against any other person with regard (a) to the possession, extinction, diminution infringament or extent of, or share in, a right, of user in water, or (b) to the possession or transfer of or succession to, or any other right in or relating to a null or arrigation channel, or (c) to diming done to or by any such mill or channel and the contribution contributions of the properties.

- (2) No such suit shall be instituted after the expiry of three years from the date when the cause of action mises
- 11. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1905, as extended to the Kumaun Division, shall so fir as they are applicable and not consistent with these rules, upply to sintensituted under these rules.
- 12 (1) In deciding any sun under these rules the court may, if it thinks fit, make a local investigation instead of resumg a commission under order XXVI, rule 9, of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
- (2) When the court itself makes a local investigation, the prize order NNVI, rule 10, of the said Code with respect to the recording of evidence shall apply to the court and any observations which the court thinks fit to record on its proceedings shall be received as evidence in the sint.
- 13. Fines—Any person constructing or working a water mild or irrigation channel without sanction or failing to stop and dismantle a mill or channel when ordered to do so by the collector may be ordered by the collector to pix a fine not exceeding Rs 50, and in addition the collector mix oamse the mill or channel to be distinanted by an officer deputed for that purpose and may recover the cost of so doing from the person responsible. All such fines or costs shall be recovered in the same way as arrears of land revenue
- 14 An appeal shall be to the collector from an order or decree passed in any suit entertained under these rules by an assistant collector in charge of a sub-division
 - 15 An appeal shall be to the commissioner—
 - (i) against an order of the collector, (a) passed under rule 5 fixing the assessment of a water mill, or (b) passed under rule 13:
 - (ii) against an original decree or order of the collector passed in any suit entertained under these rules, provided that the amount or value of the subjectmatter of the suit exceeds one limited rupees.
 - 16 (1) No appeal hes against the appellate order of the collector passed under these rules in any matter which is not the subject of a suit, but
 - (2) An appeal shall be to the commissioner from an appellate order or decree of a collector passed in a suit enter

tained under these rules on any of the grounds specified in section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure provided that-

- (a) the amount or value of the subject matter of the sunt in the court of first instance exceeded a hundred rupees, and
- (b) the amount or value of the subject matter in dispute in appeal to the commissioner exceeds the same sum

1 W PIM
Secretary

PART VII

Rules for the appointment and promotion of Tahsildars and Peshkars in the Kumaun Division (sanctioned in G. O. no. 5069-II-704, dated October 26, 1908)

- 1. Thislders in Kumann are graded in the Provincial hist of talkaldars and are given grade promotion in order of seniority with talkaldars in the plans but are ordinable not leable to or eligible for transfer to any other division.
- 2. Tabaldars will be appointed by selection from jesh day should have present the School Leaving Certificity eximination of this province or obtained a degree of the Allahahad University but this is not essential in the case of an official to veirs standing who has sufficient education to enable him to carry on the duties of a tabaldar provided that up to July 1 1916 the certificates of the Lintrinee or Matriculation Franciscon or the School Final Frammation of the Allahahad I inversity may be accepted in place of the School Leaving Certificate.

Appointments to tabeldar-laps in the Tarm and Bhal ir should ordinarily be unde from among subordantles who have served in the Government I states

3. Appointments to permanent tribuldarships and to vacancies listing more than three months, will be made by the Government on the recommendation of the commissioner

No tabsilder will be confirmed in the feurth grade

(1) he has passed the dipartmental examination for tabuldars

- (2) has served as talisidar for one vear continuously or for periods amounting in the negregate to one year, and
- (3) has been reported fit for confirmation
- 4 Temporary vacancies lasting not more than six weeks may be filled up by the district officer. When it wacance is expected to last more than six weeks report shall be made to commissioner, who will appoint or authorize the deputy commissioner, to appoint such official serving in the district of division as may be deemed most suitable to hold temporary charge, and can most conveoiently be deputed.

5 All reversions and temporary changes amon, tabel dars should be nonfied by the district officer, as soon as they occur to the Commissioner, the Government and the Accountant General in the prescribed form (R. D. no. 201)

6. All remarks made regarding a tabuldar in annual ad aministration reports should be reported in a separate continuation sheet of the character roll as soon as the report itself his been despatched. Any other remarks which may have been placed on record duning the year should be entered therein, as well as the requisite pirticulars as to any acquisition of landed property not already recorded on the character roll.

anded property not already recorded on the character roll.

7. Peshkars will ordinarily be appointed by selection

from among the officials serving in the division

If any vacancy occurs in the Tarai preference will be given to a candidate serving in the Tarai who indertikes to serve indefinitely in the Parai and Bhabai. Peshkins up inted on this condition will not ordinarily be transferred to the fill of the properties of the three is no official in the Government Estates qualified for promotion to the post of peshkar and willing to volunteer for continuous service in the Tarai and Bhabar, an official serving in another district who is willing to serve in the Tarai will be given the next chance. Failing such an official the appointment will be filled up by direct recruitment. Appointments to vacancies in the hills may be made by direct appointment.

Direct appointments are open only to candidates who have rysided for not less than three years in the proxime and have obtained a degree of the Allahabad University or have passed the School Leaving Certificate Examination, provided that until July 1, 1916, the certificate of the Entrance Framination or Matriciation or Familiation or School Final Examination of the Allahabad University may be accepted in place of the School Leaving Certificate

tained under these rules on any of the grounds specified in section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure provided that-

- (a) the amount or value of the subject matter of the suit in the court of first instance exceeded a hun dred rupees, and
- (b) the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute in appeal to the commissioner exceeds the same

A W PIM.

Secretary

PART VII

Rules for the appointment and promotion of Tahsildars and Peshkars in the Kumaun Division (sanctioned in G. O. no. 5069-II-704, dated October 26, 1908)

- 1. Tahsildars in Kumauo are graded in the Provincial list of tahsildars and are given grade promotion in order of senionity with tahsildars in the pluins, but are ordinally not hable to or eligible for transfer to any other division
- 2. Tabuldars will be appointed by selection from peakars or other officials serving in Kumaun. Ordinarily a tabular story of the passed the School Leaving Certificite stimulation of this province or obtained a degree of the Albahabul University, but this is not essential in the case of an official of 15 years' standing who has sufficient education to enable him to carry on the daties of a talisidar provided that in 16 July 1 1916 the certificates of the Entrance or Matricultion Evanimation or the School Final Examination of the Albahabul University may be accepted in place of the School Leaving Certificate.

Appointments to this library in the Tarm and Blad it should ordinarily be made from among subordinates who have served in the Government Estates

- 3. Appointments to permanent tab-sidarships and to vacancies listing more than three months, will be made by the Government on the recommendation of the commissioner
- No tabildar will be confirmed in the fourth grade
- (1) he has passed the departmental examination for tabuldars.

- (2) has served as this lider for one veir continuously or for periods amounting in the aggregate to one year, and
- (3) has been reported fit for confirmation
- 4. Temporary vacaneies lasting not more than averages may be filled up by the district officer. When a vacancy is expected to last more than say weeks report shall be made to commissioner, who will appoint or authorize the dejinty commissioner, to appoint such official serving in the district or division as may be deemed most sinitable to hold temporary charge, and can most conveniently be deputed.

5. All reversions and temporary changes among talishdars should be notified by the district officer, as soon as they occur to the Commissioner, the Government and the Accountint General in the prescribed form (R. D. no. 201)

6. All remarks made regarding a tabuldar in annual ad ministration reports shoold be reported in a separate continuation sheet of the character roll as soon as the report itself his been despatched. Any other remarks which may have been placed on record during the year should be entered therein, as well as the requisite particulars as to any acquisition of landed property not already recorded on the character follows.

7. Peslikars will ordinarily be appointed by selection

from among the officials serving in the division

If any vacancy occurs in the Tarai preference will be given to a candidate sering in the Tarai who undertakes to serve indefinitely in the Tarai and Blubai. Peshkars appears ed on this condition will not ordinarily be transferred to the fulls. When the Deputy Commissioner of Nain Tal certifies that there is no official in the Government Estates qualified for promotion to the post of peshkar and willing to volunteer for continuous service in the Tarai and Blubar, an official serving in another district who is willing to serve in the Tarai will be given the next chance. Failing such an official, the appointment will be filled up by direct recruitment. Appointment to vacancies in the hills may be made by direct appointment.

Direct appointments are open only to candidates who have resided for not less than three years in the province and have obtained a degree of the Allahabad University or have passed the School Leaving Certificate Examination, provided that until July 1, 1916, the certificate of the Entrance Examination or Matriculation Examination or School Final Examination of the Allahabad University may be accepted in place of the School Leaving Certificate

No one will be appointed to be ne-har or promoted to this post unless he produces a health certificate and a certificate of his ability to ride well, signed by a deputy commissioner.

Direct appointment will not be made of any person who is over 25 years of age or under 20, and no one will be promoted to be tabsildar or peshkar after he is 45 years of age

- 8. A register of officials qualified for promotion to the post of (a) talisildar, (b) peshkar and another of candidates for appointment as peslikar will be maintained by the commissioner. Latracts from the former of these two registers will he sent annually in the month of January to deputy commissigners for correction, and for any addition they may consider desimble
- A copy of the register of officials qualified for promotion to the nost of tabsildar will be forwarded annually to the Government in the month of January.
- Authority to grant leave to tabsildars and peshkars has been delegated to deputy commissioners in all cases in which they can appoint substitutes in the resulting vacancies under the above rules and in all other cases to the commestoner
 - 10. Candidates for tabuldarships included in the list forwarded to the Government are deemed to be listed candidates within the me imp, of paragraphs 862 and 863 of the Revenue Manual and rules 868 to 873 of that Manual apply to them

Parts D E. F. G. H. and I of Chapter XXXII, Revenue Manual (paragraphs 809 to 892) and parts E. F. and G of Chapter XXX,* Revenue Manual (paragraphs 815 to 823), except where they are inconsistent with the foregoing rules apply to tabuldars and peshkars, respectively in Kumann, the word nub tabaldars in Chapter XXZ, Revenue Manual, being read as referring to a peshkar.

APPEXDIX A

CHAPTER XXXII, REVENIT MANIAL VOLUM I

Paragraphs 862, 863, and 868 to 892

862. The names of multitheildars who have received direct appointments under paragraph 8.9, and of all candidites whose relection has been approved by Government

G G no 1917 II 794. dated April 21 1909

G. O no 5616 IL 704. dated October 24. 1910.

*Appendices A and B

under paragraph 963 (hereinister collectively described as listed cindidates), shill be entered in a list to be maintained in the Secretarial according to the date of their appointment or selection

- 863 Lasted condidates appointed or selected on the same data shall rink according to their length of service, but a candidate will be liable to lose his place in the list if, when his tirn come, for promotion, he list not pissed the departmental examination or otherwise qualified for promotion (see paragraphs 868 and 873)
- 868 A tabsildar appointed under paragraph 839 who fails to piss within two vers of the dite of his appointment, and a listed candidate who fails to pass within three years of the date of his appointment or selection shall unless the Government otherwise directs be reverted to his substantive appointment, of if he holds no such appointment shall be removed from Government service.

D -- Ippointments, promotions and repursions

- 869. Temporary vicincies which are not likely to last more than six weeks or which occur pending the filling up of the appointment by the Government shall be arranged for by the district officer
- 870 Dictrict officers shall fill up temporary vacancies not listing note than three months it a listed condidate is available in the district
- 871. When a vacancy is expected to list more than six weeks and no listed cindidate is available in the district report shall be under to the Commessioner who will if possible appoint a listed candidate from some other district of the division. If no listed candidate is available in the division the Commissioner shall appoint or authorize the district officer to appoint such official serving in the division or distort or may be decover most surfacely or hard temporary charge, and can not conveniently be deputed.
- 872. All perminent vacancies and all temporary vican cies which are likely to last more than three months shal on report of the Commissioner be filled by listed candidate appointed by the Government
- 673 Lasted candidates shall on first appointment be placed in the fourth grade so long as there are vacancies in that grade but such appointment will ordinarily be officiating

and no listed candidate shall be appointed a permanent tribsildar unless-

- (1) he has passed the departmental examination for tansildars,
 (2) has served as tahsildar for one veir continuously
 - (2) his cerved is tabuldu for one veir continuously or for periods amounting in the aggregate to one year and
 - (3) has been reported fit for confirmation
- 874 Every listed candidate shall be considered to be on probation until he receives a permanent appointment and if he fails to give satisfaction the Government may direct that he should recent this substantive appointment
- 875 If it any time the number of candidates available is in excess of the number of vacancies the Government in making up outdient will as fu as possible give preference to those candidates who have completely pissed the departmental examination for whildlers.
- 876 A tabuild appointed under prinarill 839 is not elaphic to officiate in temperary verifices. He shill be on probation for two years during which he will be posted for truing, is assist at frind) under i selected tribuldar. At the end of the period of probation provided that he his prised the department of animon and his beer from the tripical on he will ut once be appointed to a penument tribuldissip. To enable such appointments to be made on the title Government will arringe to keep a sufficient number of viences in the tth grade in which only officiating arringe ments will be made in addition to those required by the number of tabullating seconded and the jumor men who are officiating will be hable to revert from the the grade in order to allow of the promotion of these men.
- 877. An officiating tabildar slidl ordinatily revert when the tabildar for whom he is utuar reliant to his permanent post. The Containstance may however relay this rule in the interests of the public service, and in special cases direct the reversion of any pumor officialing dustidar in the division.
- 878. All reservoirs and chinges among this idnis shall be notified by the district officer as soon as they occur to the Commission read the Government in the prescribed form ID. Form no. 2019.
- 879. All 1 onesting shall be made by the Government and retailed in site Gazette

880 Orders of grade promotions of tabuldars passed by the Government shall be final

I' -Transfers

- 881. Transfers from one tabel to anther may be made by the district officer
- 882. Transfers from one district to another district in the same division may be made under the orders of the Commissioner
- 883. Transfers from one division to another may be made only under the orders of the Government
- Norr.—Tabuldars are forbid in to apply direct to the Government for their transfers from one division to another. They alculd apply through the direct officer to the Commissioner who will if necessary make recein negations to the Government.

F -Punishments

- 884. Whenever the district officer finds it necessary to consure a tabsildar in terms that lead him to question his suitability for promotion a brief report of the case should be submitted for the information of the Commissioner and the Government.
- 885. The district officer may suspend a talishdar pending inquirs into any instance of official misconduct, or pending the receipt of orders upon any report made is to such misconduct.
- 886. Whenever the district officer considers that a tall sidar should be jumished for an official inseconduct the cise shall be fully reported to the Commissioner after ferminal charges have been recorded a annet him and his defence his been heard and reduced to writing.
- \$87. Any order for the pain liment (in liiding distinsful) of atholidar may be passed by the Commissioner but may such order shall be appealable to the local Government, who enoting shall be final.

An order of punishment of a tabuldar passed by a Commissioner shall be reported unmediately for the information of the Government.

G -Pau

888. The minimum 128 of any per in efficiting as a talishdar shall be Rs 170.

and no listed candidate shall be appointed a permanent tah saldar unless—

- the has passed the departmental examination for transildars.

 (2) has served as tabuldar for one can continue by
- (2) has served as tahsildar for one year continuou is or for periods amounting in the aggregate to one year, and
 - (3) has been reported fit for confirmation
- 874. Every listed candidate shall be considered to be on probution until he receives a permanent appointment and if he fails to give satisfaction, the Government may direct that he should revert to his substantive appointment
- 875 If it and time the number of candidates available is in excess of the number of vacuuses the Government in making appointment will as fai as possible give preference to those cuididates who have completely pissed the department if examination for chieffilding.
- 876 A tabuldar appointed under paragraph 839 is not eligible to officiate in temperary vicancies. He shall be on probation for two years during which he will be posted for truining is assist in (nub) under a selected tabuldar. It the end of the period of probation provided that he his passed the department le a ministron ind his been favourible reported on he will it one be appointed to a periorite the distribution of the will arising. To enable such appointments to be made on due that the Government will arringe to keep a sufficient number of vicancies in the 4th grade in which only officiating arrings ments will be made in addition to thoe required by the nini her of tabuldars seconded, and the jumpi men who are officiating will be hable to revert from the 4th grade in order to allow of the promotion of these men.
- 877 At officerting talishlar shall ordinarily revert when the talishlar for whom he is acting returns to his permanent pot. The Commissioner may however relay this rule in the interests of the public service, and an special cases direct the reversion of any jumor officerting talishdar in the division.
- 878. All reservoirs and changes among tabuldars shall be totalled by die district officer is soon is they occur to the Commission r and the Consenuant in the presented form ID form no 2011.
- 879. All potentions shall be made by the Government and notified it see Creette

880 Orders of grade promotions of tabuldars passed by the Government shall be final

E -Travsfers

- 881. Transfers from one talish to inther may be made by the district officer
- 882 Transfers from one district to another district in the same division may be made under the orders of the Commissioner
- 883 Transfers from one division to mother may be made only under the orders of the Covernment
- NOTE Tahuldars are forbidd n to apply direct to the Government for their transfers from one division to another. They still apply it rough the district officer to the Commissioner who will if recessary make tee to negligible to the Government.

Γ ←Punishments

- 884. Whenever the district officer finds it necessary to censure a talistidar in terms that lead him to question his suitability for promotion a brief report of the case should be submitted for the information of the Commissioner and the Commissioner and the
- 885. The district officer may suspend a talisidar pending inquire into any instance of official misconduct or pending the receipt of orders upon any report made as to such misconduct.
- 886 Whenever the district officer considers that a tall silder should be punished for any official misconduct, the case shall be fully reported to the Commissioner after forms, charges have been recorded against him and his defence has been lived and reduced to writing.
- 887. Any order for the pum liment (including disinuseat) of a full-siden may be passed by the Commissioner, but any such order half be appearable to the local Government whose order shall be final

In order of punishment of a tabuldar passed by a Commissioner shalt be reported immediately for the information of the (invernment

G -Pau

889 The minimum pay of any person officiating as a tabuldar shalt be Rs 170

II —L. arc

889. Anthority to grant leave to tabuldar has been dele-G O no 6415/II— Qued to district officers in cases in 552 dated December 21, which they can appoint substitutes in 1930 the resulting vienness under the above

1900 the resulting vicancies under the above rules, and in all other cases to Commissioners in respect of talishdars serving in their divisions

Tabsildars intending to apply for leave for periods exceeding three months should, whenever nossible intimate their intention to Commissioners, through their Collectors—

- (a) if the leave is required during the hot weather or runs, by January 1.
 - (b) if the leave is required during cold weather by August 1

I - Miscellinecons

- SSO. When a tabellar who receives a direct appoint ment under paragraph SSO is promoted to the fourth grade, or a listed candidate is appointed to act as tabellar his character foll shall be submitted to the Government and the Commissioner in the prescribed form. The district in which the endidate possesses landed property, which the area and revenue thereof, or the fact that he owns no such property shall be entered in the roll from the declarations made under (**). O no 1144/111—\$19.0° dated Jul 17, 1992 (paragraph 29, Munit of Government Orders, volume 1).
- 891. Remarks unde regarding talisidars in animal to 0 ps. 5 pg ff. veine administration reports should be exceeded veine for recorded in diplicate written on one side of the piper only. If during the vein uncertainty of the piper only. If during the vein in this library contracts roll, a cap of such remarks or cutries—should be submitted it once to the Covernment and to the Count science.
- 892. On the transfer of a tabeldar from one division to accide the copy of the character rell kept by the Commissioner shall be few middle him to the Commissioner of the days in to which te table in the beautimeters!

APPLNDIN B

CHAPTER XXX, REVENUE MINCAL, VOLUME 1

Paragraphs B15 to B23

E -Transfers

- 815. Transfers from one talish to mother may be made by the district officer
- 816. Transfers from one district to another district in the same dission may be made under the orders of the Commissioner.
- 817. Transfers from one division to another may be made only under the orders of the Government
- Note—Nath tahaddars are forleden to apply direct to the Government for their handers from one divigin to another. They should apply through the district officer to the Commissioner allo will of necessary, nake recommendations to the Government.
- 818. On the transfer of a naib tabuldar from one division to another his character roll shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of the division to which he is transferred

Γ -- Pumshments

- 819. The district officer may fine reduce or suspend a multithisldar. The reduction or suspension of a nub tabail dar under this rule shall be reported immediately for the information of the Government, through the Commissioner
- 820 Any order of the junishment (inclinding dismissed) of an in this lider may be passed by the Commissioner but any such order shall be appealable to the Local Government whose orders shall be find. An order of the punishment of a nub tabuldar passed by a Commissioner shall be reported immediately for the information of the Government.
- 821 No naib this lider shall be punished in any manner index and intil formal charges have been recorded against him and his defence has been heard and reduced to writing
- 822 Any order passed by a district officer for the punishment of a nub this der shall be appealable to the Commissioner 18 the Commissioner passed an original order of punishment or in appeal changes the pauselinear inflicted by the district officer in appeal shall be to the Government. No further appeal is permitted in any case but the Government ment may revise a Commissioner's appealing the force of the production and the function hall not be undertaken except in the ground that material impairs the been done in consequence of a mediator true admission.

G -Pay

823. The minimum pay of any person officiating as a naib-tihaldar shall be Rs.100

PART VIII

RULES FOR KANUNGOS

Sanctioned in G O no 2066/1-399, dated July 26, 1920

CHAPTER I.

Classes of Kanungos.

- Kanungos are either hereditary or non-hereditary
- Note -Non hereditary Kanungos are also called Superintendents of patwaris in the Almora and Nami Tal districts
 - 2—Hereditary Kamingos may only be appointed from the families in which the right has been admitted by the Borild or by Government, and up to the number sinctioned for each district.
- 3 (laims to hereditary succession are limited to sons grandsons brothers brothers' sons, and first cousins on the male side of the last includent
- 1 Viegister shall be maintained in the Deputy Commissioner's office showing all the male members of families in which the office is hereditary
- 5 -- Non-hereditary Kanningos may be created by direct appointment of by promotion from amongst patwaris

CHAPTER II.

Qualifications of Kanunges.

- 6 —No one shall ordinarily be appointed a Kanango miless he possesses the following qualifications
 - (a) That, indees specially exempted by the Commissioner, he has passed the Sehool La rang Cetti ficate Examination or some higher examination in the Government education course; and also, indees the his worled as a pattwar for over 10 years, possesses the diploma of the Almora Patwart School.
 - (b) that he is of good physique a fact of which he must produce a certificate from the Civil Singeon of his district.

- (c) that he is of good character and comes of a respectable family.
- (d) that, if he is not already in Government service, he is under 25 years of age, and
- (e) that he has himself resided for, at least, three years in the United Provinces

Note - Exemptions under (a) will, as a rule, be confined to capable patwars

7 -No person less than 21 years old shall be appointed to a Kanungoship

CHAPTER III

Appointment and punishment of Kanungos

- 8 When a post of hereditary Kanungo falls vacant the Deputy Commissioner shall appoint that duly qualified member of the family, to whom the vacancy belongs, who appears best entitled to it
- 9—Failing any qualified member in the aforesaid family, the Deputy Commissioner shall appoint a qualified patyari or other suitable person sub pro tem, in the vacant post
- 10—As soon as any member of the aforestid family qualifies himself to hold it, he can claim the post, and if the Deput Commissioner approves his claim, be appointed at any time thereto
- 11 —In non-hereditary vacancies the Deputy Commissioner shall appoint a qualified patwari or other suitable person
- 12 All Kanungos shall be appointed on probation and shall not be confirmed till they have rendered at least one year's satisfactory service
- 13—The Deputs Commissioner may fine any Kanungo in mount not exceeding three months' pay for neglect of duties or other official misconduct, or may suspend him for a similar period or reduce his pay for such period as the thinks divisible. The Deputs Commissioner may on the thinks advisable are post of the Deputs Commissioner order the removal or dismissal of a Kanungo for misconduct, incompetence, or premium; embarriesment.
 - 14—During the currency of survey, record or settlement operations in my district, the Kynungos of that district may, by order of the Board of Revenue, be placed at the disposal and under the control of the Record Officer or Settlement

Officer, as the case may be and shall be bound to do such work as the Record Officer or Settlement Officer may require of them.

During such period the Record Officer or Settlement Officer shall exercise the powers of punishment vested in the Deputy Commissioner but he shall not report to the Commissioner for a Kanningo s temoval or dismissal except through the Deputy Commissioner

15—An appeal from the order of the Commissioner removing or discussing a handing shall be to the Bord of Revenue and shall be preferred within 30 days from the date of the said order. In the case of minor punishments the Deputy Commissioner's order shall be final.

16—On the removal or transfer of a Kanningo for any cause from his office he shall make over his papers and records to the tabuldar or other official ordered on that behalf and shall take a receipt for the same

CHAPTER IV Dutles of Kanungos

17 —The clinef duty of the Kanings is to test and generally supervise the work of the patwars in his circle and passorders on matters, which need correction. He shall examine their registers from time to time and see that they are properly kept up. If the patwart does not understand his work it is the duty of a Kanings to instruct him.

The kanungo shall report an neglect of duty on the part of a patware to the deputy commissioner

18 - The Kanango is especially required to secutain that the patware of every circle reades within it, unless he has received permission to reade elsewhere

19—The Kanango shall report on all matters requiring report which come to his notice in the course of his round. He shall also see that the justian earnes on carefully all the orders contained in the rules framed for him. If he finds am justian of his circle neglecting to carry out any order he shall report him to the Deputy Commissioner.

20 —The Kanungo shill report especially on the similary condition of the rill goes, the state of roads and bridges and the condition of all Government properties in his circle. He shall also report if he finds any of the reserved trees (Gr.) deodar, express, wahut, and tun' or any tree within 50 feet of the edge of a public road cut without permission

- 21—The Kamunco shall keep a draw in the form of the patwin's rominicle, in which he shall enter a recoid of the official duties performed in the course of the day, the places he usits the reports that are made to him and the action he tales on them. The diary shall be kept in afternate volumes and shall be taken or sent to the sub-divisional officer for inspection once a month. The Lanungo shall also maintain a correspondence or small register, showing the orders he receives, the date of their receipt, the date of disposal, and the mainter in which compliance has been made.
- 22.—The kinning is required to spend his time within the limits of his circle and shall not remain at the tabish or peshkari without special orders. He shall obtain in his dirty the signature of every officer on whom he has been in at tendance.
- 23—In districts where the patwaris are supplied with copies of village settlement records, the Kanningo shall once it the vear, inspect those records as well as the pipers prepated by the patwari during the previous veir under rules 15 and 10 of the rules for patwaris. He shall check the rough khistrentries (vide rule 10 of the rules for patwaris) of not less than 20 per cent of the utilities inspected in each veir. He shall note the result of his inspection in his own diary and cause it smills entire to be made in the patwaris daily. If any of the records are in a bad condition or missing he shall at one report the fact to the deputy commissioner through the tali saladar or peshkar
 - 24.—The kanungo shall see in his rounds that all author ized or permissible new cultivation made in a village in a surveyed path is entered properly by the pitwar in his rough khren of extension of cultivation prescribed in rule 15 of the pitwar, tiles. He will comply with the directions in clause (i) of this rule. He shall also enter in his diary and in that of the pitwar the number of entires in the map and rough khren of extension tested by him and the number found correct.
 - 25 —The knowngo shall also in his round in the surveyed patts, comply with clau e (cm) of rule 15 of patwari rules.
 - 26.—The knowed shall be responded that in the survived paths each path in in his circle completes the work of map correction in time each year. He shall report to the deput commissioner of any path in not done so and

Officer as the case may be and shall be bound to do such work is the Record Officer or Settlement Officer may require of them

During such period the Record Officer or Settlement Officer shall exercise the powers of punishment vested in the Deputy Commissioner but he shall not report to the Commissioner for a Kanungo's removal or dramssal except through the Deputy Commissioner.

1)—An upperl from the order of the Commissioner removing or dism sin, a Krimingo shall be to the Board of Revenue and shall be preferred within 90 days from the date of the said order. In the case of amount numeriments, the Deputic Commissioner's order shall be final.

16—the the removal or transfer of a Kinungo for any cause from his office he shall make over his papers and records to the tabuldar or other officeal ordered on that behalf and shall take a receipt for the same

CHAPTER IV Duties of Kanungos

17—The chief duty of the Kamungo is to test und gene in supervise the work of the pitwers in his circle and pissible on insteas which need concetton. He shall examine their registers from time to time and see that they are properly kept up. If the pith iri does not understand his work it is the duty of a Kamungo to instruct him.

The kinings shall report and respect of duty on the part of a patware to the deputy commissioner

18 -The Kanungo is especially required to receive that the paturary of every circle resides within it unless he has received permission to reside el ewhen

19—The kanungo shall report on all matters regumm, report which come to his notice in the cause of his rounds. He shall also set that the patwari carries out circlally all the orders continued in the rules fruided for him. If he finds are patwari of his circle neglecting to care out any order highly report hand to the Deputs Commissioner.

20 —The Lanuago shall report especially on the saintary condition of the valle, or the state of roads and I ridges and the condition of all forecrument projection in his circle. He stall also report if he finds any of the reserved trees (viz.

copie of things settlement records, the featuring shell, once in the vial inspect those records is will as the papers prepared to the particular drong the pictoris vial under rules 15 and 10 of the rules for path inset vials rule 15 drift elass to particular trade rule 15 of the rules for path inset vials rule 15 drift elass for a drift vials 120 per cent of the village inspected in each over. He shall note the result of the inspection in this own their and claims a similar rules to be used in the path with drift. He are, after the trends are in a bull condition or missing the shall at one

report the fact to the deputy commissioner through the tiles library peaking of the kamingo shift see in his tounds that all authorized or permissible in weightuition in deem a will ge in a surreved part is entered peoperly by the pathway in his rough khisti of extension of cultivation prescribed in rule 15 of the pathway rules. He will comply with the directions in cluids of the rule. He shall also inter in his daily and in that of the pathway the number of entires in the map and rough khisti of extension tested by him and the number found currect.

25 —The kunngo shall also, in his round in the surveyed paths, comply with clause (viii) of rule 15 of patwari rules as —The Lanungo shall be responsible that in the sur-

veved pittis eich pittuni in his eich completes the work of map correction in time eich ven. He shall report to the deputs commissioner if any pittuni his not done so, and

should assistance be required merely on account of the incompetence of the patwar, to do the work, an anim may under the orders of the deputy commissioner, be employed at his expense

27—The kanungo shall humself conduct any survey or measurement or prepare any map or superintend any survey operations pre-cribed under those rules, whenever required to do so by the deputy commissioner

Nore - Rules 23 24 25 and 26 apply only to the cadavirally surrected tracts in feathwal and Nami Tel where a scheme of map correction has been introduced.

29 —The reports or papers, submission of which is prescribed in these rules, will be submitted as follows:

Under rules 17 and 19 Through the sub-dissimul officer to the deputs commissioner

Under rule 20 Under rules 25 and 26

To the sub-dissional officer
Through the sub-dissional officer to
the density commissioner

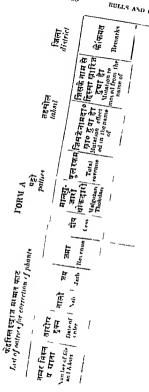
RULLS FOR THE LAND RECORDS OFFICE

CHAPTER I

Establishment,

- 1 There shall be one official at the headquarters of each distinct who shall be called the land records peshkar, and he shall be in there of the land records
- 2. All other officials in the land records office shall be subordanate to the land records peakler. The number and pays of such otherals shall, from time to time, be fixed by the Board of Revenue.
- 3 The limit records peshkar and his subordinates will be appointed by deputy commissioners subject to the following provisions.
 - (1) The orders in force regarding age, health, and educational quadifications in the element line apply to these appointments.
 - (2) No person shall be appointed to be a 1 and a coords peaklar who his not served for three years in the 1 and records office except a known go who, for special resons, may be appointed by the depart commissioner.





Name of Missader Tables of Whater String Fight Team

full total מוב אוב ाग ।गाः सर्देश Lail I Huntaviller faura.) lel i sh 科学 24114 11111 144 6 444 400 INTERIOR ¥161 164⁵.T Casast cultivation F12 t evel : Itu. HREGI 3413 nb1: 180] 341 LBD Intagini TIEP. 4"3 TEIF Mumber of field अध्यद Mon'T to eman |

CHAPTER 53

Aldels alge

- 8—The land records peshkar shall compile and furnish to the district office as soon after June 10 is possible in each year statistics of transfers of the proportiony and kharkari rights required for the purpose of the annual revenue report
- 9—The land records peshkar shall keep n list of the patwars in the district in the following form (no XI), and shall make all changes in it in accordance with the orders received, from time to time from the deputy commissioner

		ro	RM vo	/1		
Strial	Name of patwers with readence and age	Name of	Date of birth	Date of ap pointment to circla	Rate of pay	Remarks oneluding rewards and punish- ment
1	2	3	4	3	6	7
	nanagagan didirina aur ma					

10-1 con the list prepared under the last preceding rule the land records pestikar shall prepare mouthly pay bills of the fature sending a daplicate copy of the bill direct to the third of jeshkin concerned for dishusement of the pitwaris t is when teremed

If The lind records peshkir shall be in charactof the district settlement records. He shall be responsible for their proper maintenance and correction up to date. He shall report so the xinous revenue and other matters which apportun to the lind records affice city out the entry of impelled virtilions in texemic records mider arders of courts cities

if inquiries and verifications of land to be unde as indeted by courts carry out attributents of notionable properties through patwers, and curs out mutation of names in the teseme records through his resistants. He shall not be comfored on any other work without the special sameton of the deputs commissioner

12 - The land records pestik ir shell keep in the appended forme

- (1) Stock book of survey instruments (Porio ii) NID
 - (2) Stock book of printed village imps (Form no NIII)
- (b) Stock book of blank forms for paturas and for his own office (Form no NIV)

 14—The land records pe-liker shall supply the following
- blank ferms to the patuaris
 - (1) Order book, bound in registers of 100 pages



- 8—The land records peshkar shall compile and firmish to the district office 1s, soon after June 30 is possible in each year statistics of transfers of the proporetary and khakara rights regimed for the purpose of the animal revenue report
- 9—The lind records peshkar shall leep it list of the patwars in the district in the following form (no XI), and shall make all changes in it in accordance with the orders received, from time to time from the deputy commissioner

	~.	FO	RM NO	71		
brnsl number	Name of patwars with re-idence and age	Vaine of	Date of birth	Date of ap pointment to errele	Rate of pay	Remarks i neluding rewards and punish i lent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
)					
						1

10 -I rom the list prepried miles the list preceding rule the lind records peshkn shall prepare monthly pay bills of the pitwins sending a duplicate copy of the bill direct to the tabul or peshkun concerned for disbursement of the pitwin 8

pry when tecerveil

- 11 The land records peaker shall be in charge of the district settlement records. He shall be responsible for their proper mantenance and correction up to thate. He shall report on the virious revenue and other matters which apportun to the land records office can out the entry of unterfect partitions in revenue records under orders of courts emisbe il inquiries mil verifications of land to be made as ordered by courts carry out attachments of numovable properties through pitwars, and carry out mutation of names in the revenue records through his ussistants. He shall not be emplified on any other work without the special suiction of the deputy commissioner
 - 12 The land records pestil at shall keep in the appended fe rins
 - (1) Stock book of survey rostroments (Porm no NII)
 - (2) Stock his k of printed village maps (Ferin no XIII) (i) Stock look of blank forms for patwers and for his
 - own office (Lornt po XIV)
 - 13 The land records prohibir shall supply the following blank fern smile i un une
 - (I) Order book bound in registers of 100 pages

- (2) Remained a, bound in registers a fineert of a con-
- () Weekli report (Register n) 50 Port no VI, hard I in registers sufficient for one year
- (1 Mutation reseter forms
- 14 A register of all much fee simple and ofter tereints free malads and holdings shall be maintained by the faultre conlypediture in the form appended (no AV), and he shall be responsible for Leging it up to date. These malads and half ings shall be arranged alphabeticilly in two sections.
 - (a) Held revenue free unconditionally,
 - (b) held revenue free subject to the performance of certim datas or for a life or lives, or for a fixed term.

When a recent free unbit or holding is accessed to recently the different the find records peshkar shall enter the number and date of the order of resumption in column 11 and strike out the entries in columns 1 to 14. He shall also strike out the maind or holding from the Settlement Officer's register, soling the number and date of the order. This model or holding shall at the same time be entered in the register of revenue juying right is or holdings.

The supervisor kanango shall forthwith submit to the fibaldar or peshkir for orders every report of the ideath of a mushdir received from patwin in from any other source.

appended (no NV) a register of all the revenue-plant all piges or unlink in the district, in which shall be noted all the changes due to reduction in the revenue or additions on account of navibad assessments. A set infigures shall be allotted to a patt. Separate may bud grants shall be entered as such in this register.

PART IN

Revised rules for patwarts in the hills of the Kumaun division, sanctioned in G. O. no. 1088/I-42, dated May 1, 1919 (Revenue Department).

CHAPIER I Appointment

1 -Patwaris shall be appointed by the deputy commissioner

Leception —In the taluga of Askot the patwari shall be appointed and dism seed by the Rajwar Saluh subject to the control of the Deputy Commissioner of Almora

- 2—The deputy commissioner shall maintain a list of qualified candidates from which appointments will invariable be made, inless a vacancy occurs in excess of the minibul of qualified candidates, in which case the deputy commissioner shall make temporary arrangements
- 3—The qualifications for eurolment in the list of cardidates shall be as follows—
 - (i) V certificate from the assistant surgeon that the candidate is of sound physique
 - (n) A certificate of lawing passed the vernicular middle examination, or some lingler examination
 - (iii) A certificate of having passed the examination of the half patwart school. No candidate shall be entitled who is under 20 or over 25 years of and
- 1—On enolated the candidate will be required to file seemity for Rs 500 and also to undergo such a course or tractical training for a period of about six months as the deputy commissioner may order
- 5 —Candidates holding the qualifications noted in part graphs 3 and 4 above shall be eligible for permanent appoint

NOTE--Up to the year 1918 or until a a fit ent signly of quited candidate, as available the depity on the soner may make appoint ents at his discretion.

- 6-On appointment the pitwin shall live in his firele (part) unless specially exempted and shall not absent himself therefrom, except on duty without permission
- 7—(i) A pits in shill not engige in tride, or mone) leading nor borrow money, in his circle without the permission of the departs commissioner, nor indees exempted by the departs commissioner, own cultivate, or purchase limit in his patt.
- (a) In the event of a patwarn being transferred to a circle in which he has contracted debts or in which he or inv men ber of his family owns or cultivates land he shift be bound to bring this fact to the notice of the deputy commissioner.

Punishments and rewards

8—1 amit will annually be made to each district from which rewards may be given by the deputy commissioner to such patwars as may in his opinion de erve the same



Exception.—In the taluga of Askot the patwan shall be appointed and dism seed by the Rajwar Silub subject to the control of the Deputy Commissioner of Almora

- 2.—The deputy commissioner shall maintain a list of qualified candidates from which appointments will invariable be made, unless a vacancy occurs in excess of the number of qualified candidates, in which case the deputy commissional make temporary arrangements.
- 3.—The qualifications for curolinent in the list of clates shall be as follows.—
 - (i) A certificate from the assistint surgeon a candidate is of sound physique
 - (a) A certificate of living pissed the vein examination, or some higher want
 - (iii) A certificate of having passed the eximinal pattern school. No candidate rolled who is under 20 or over 25
- 1—On enrolment the cauded te will be security for IN 500 and also to undergo such a liteal training for a period of about six month commissioner may order
- 5 —Candulates holding the qualifications graphs 3 and 4 above shall be eligible for perment
- Norr-Up to the year 1919 or until a sufficient candidates is available the deputy commissioner may it his discretion
- 6—On appointment the patwar shall I (patt) unless specially exempted, and shall not therefrom, except on duty, without permission
- 7—(i) A pitwan shill not engage in the lending nor borrow money, in his circle with son of the deputs commissioner, nor nuless adeputs commissioner, own, cultivate, or purel path.
- (ii) In the event of a patwar being transfe in which he has contracted dates, or in which liber of his family owns or cultivates hand he shlaring this fact to the notice of the deputy com-

Punishments and rewards

8-1 grant will annually be made to cowhich rewards may be given by the deputy of such patwaris as may in his opinion de cree to



placed at the disposal of the record or settlement office is the case may be, for the performance of such duties us the Bond may prescribe and no other. The record officer or settlemen officer shall thereupon he invested with the power to inflict any of the punishments noted above except removal or dismustal orders for which shall only he passed by the deputiesments.

(Harng H

Dutles of patwaris as revenue officials

11 -1 very important duty of the patwer is to collect in full the instalments of land revenue and cesses rents for water mill and Noyabad grants, shops and buildings in his circle on the dates these fall due and to take the collection as soon after as possible to the tabili or neshker with a tauzi in the form appended (form 1) showing by villages the demand, col-ketions and billines. This shall be left by the patwari it the tili il where it shall be destroyed after three years along with the klint man. The intwire shall be supplied with the junibands form appended (form 11) for his citele showing the amount of revenue and cesses due from each village and also jamabandi of mill rents and Nayabad grants He shill collect the whole junt from the mal_near and not from unity dust co-shares from whom the mal_near will realize the reve mue alore by each. When the madenra s post is temperarily vecing the pitwire shall realize the revenue from co-differen He shall give the receipt to the printed form appended (form write in the counterfoil at the same time

12 — It sales the find receive and coses, the pittuan shall also collect other government demands of which habes receive I active from superior officers. The pittuan shall collect the city prescribed dates and pay the same into the tab if exist where as ordered.

1)—The pittern shill report on changes of propodots of 31 nkirs within his circle in the mann reliad down in the matter rates.

It soluthe distrats in which the palwar is supplied with a non-time register for each allog of line could in the form of the plant form 10 the plant is shill when be visits the distrate of this like lignerters as the case in which do not be a more light to most hard for the graphic masters and copy into the form that of the problem, registers and much hard the solution of the first light set and set for introduced in the light set and set of mutuliness supplied by

cerns at 143

the lint records of each of the stable ligation date of all instances which have not been noted in Lockeds. Where join is to minimize the shall limit the notional plants in learnest them according to particulars opposite lint lint records of each tental controllers.

- O He shall inspect each of the five that a cf xdf is a interwhich his circle is already divided in notation recording to the present existent one hlick.
- (a) On inspecting, a sall_{set} be shall note down all extensions of cultivation on Korson's Band or benry find that have been made since his lest inspection. Before cultering ouch extension of cult rath in the will carefully check the maps of advancial will resemble to the value of the transport of the cultivation of the cultivation has not already been cultered to these.
- (i) If the extensions made are either (or extension smettoned by an order of court or (b) not sinctioned, but permissible and modificemently the extensions of defending them in a magical kloser a specimen of the form of which is appended (form A) and in the recursis column shall give a note describing the start from and nature of the cultivation. He shall also mark than an either to the values to a
 - (iv) In patter and cillager which are scheinful by the commissioner to lets 1 and II and in cases where the extension made are not permissible or require orders (e.g., when they are situated at a distance from eld culturation the patter shall not enter them in his klusser but shall make a note of all the facts regarding them and a rough map of their position.
 - (v) On completion of his inspection he shall submit his khasi i ind notes to the circle kannings not hate than November 1. The kinnings shall exam in the khasia and if he considers it necessity in any case, he mit mike further inquire, or reporan entry to the sub-divisional officer for orders



- 23. The pitwari shall subnut during the first weil of November in each year to the tabildar or psolitar a raport on the condition of all the theolothe and other survey status is or boundary pillars in his circle, noting the first survey marks very carefully. As far as possible he must inspect them in person. Should the pitwari's report show that my of the stations or pillars have been divided at the trivial the tabildar or peshkar shall forward the report to the liquidy commissioner.
- 24. No one is allowed to erect it with mill pulsoring it too channel without the permission of the deputy coming some. If any one does so the patwing bull teport to the subdivisional officer and pending orders stop the working of the hill. If any one applies for a new water mill the patwin shall investigate and report according to orders received from the subdivisional officer.
 - 25 Building on immensived land, new interrace l cultration, or cultivation not adjoining measured land, and all new cultivation in scheduled pattix and villages ontside the measured area are not allowed without special permission. M

any such building or cultivation is made the patwers shall at more report to the sub-divisional others for orders. In the case of application for Navabid grants the patwers shall report according to orders received from the sub-divisional officer.

- 26 The culting of reserved and road side trees, the side of fatest produce, or its use by persons not holding livel in the village, are habiden. If is the day of the patern frompily to report these and all other breaches or the Civil Livest Bules to the sub-threshoud officer.
- 27. The patwar is bound to look after Government property in his circle. He shall investigate and report are during clone to such property. He shall also see that Government parms are not checosched upon and that scattlement jaths are properly mainlained by pudhans and that mainthoried quarrang is not received to
- 25. The patient will make all arrangements for utar and bulards in vectod mee with sauctioned indents. He is responsible to the proper maintenance of the taster among eddings and for superindending distribution of the worl by published. He will maintain Bip, Registers I and II and see that medium its maintain register II.
- 29. The patwire shift submit a weekly report in the ferm appended from AD gaing an account of crops, the condition of people (e.) to the thosikar or pesikar. Fair patwin shift I suppled with a rejector of these forms in counterfoil offset register No. 6, eich register containing a sufficient manifer of forms for one verr. The weekly report shall be submitted or enclaff of the form a cope thereof being refuned by the patwin on the other half. The new annual register shall be opered with the first week of Notober and shall be closed in the last week of Systemier. The patwin shall send at that the third work of Systemier are part of the half be kept three first tree vars and then destricted. In times of service as the object of service bottom, and the classification successful are shall be reported to the Departy Commissioner, the subdirected of first grown in the cube at 1 the way in which the

to the first Surperior tests of any epilone of ware of nongoing the approximate extent to which damaged as been done In cross of discress of men and cuttle weekly reports dual feaail mitted so long as the discress continues. In the case of applicance discress of cuttle lead all about the continue except of the outbreak scale a report direct to the veterious areas.

- (a) If my person takes advances from Government for constructing a god or improvement of Irril, etc., he is bour I is upply the money to that purpose and no other. The patwerd-both in his round examine and report on the progress of the work. If the form is manipulsed the patwers scall report the fact to the departy commissioner.
- 2. If my Luropean or any pensioner civil or inhibits any mutified reliability mularity or his multility my sept or reservist resulting in his profe dies the pattern shall at once report the date of his death to the deputy commissioner.
- 33. The following registers shall be kept by the pate or in addition to those referred to in the foreging rules or other wise required by time in curving out his duties.—

- (e) The execution of any orders received from superior officers.
- (f) Death of any European, muafidar, tholdar, in Lguzar, arms heenee holder or any Government pensioner of which he may hear
- (y) (alimities such as hal, locasts face flood, frost, cultle disease or epidemic disease of man reported or coming to his notice
- (h) All cases of encroachment on Government properly reported or coming to his notice
- (i) The visit of any official to the circle, and arrangements for bridgeli, etc., mide for him
- (i) Any reports made to him of a police nature other than those enlered in the trefol register of crimes, or of any matters on which he is required to report
- (k) The village or villages he visits and the work dom, such as inspecting sanitation, lesting births and the the set.
- (3) Correspondence and stamp register as prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner Period of retention—three years with intwart
- 34. The rozumina shall be bound in voluntes of convenient size. The dury of cieft year shall commence on the 1st July and shall close on the 50th June. It shall be kept by the pitwart for four veries from the date on which it is aloved, all then brought to the taleid or pesidam to be distroved. A spurite serial number in large and Cu (Egories shall no misably be prefixed to eich entry. Each entry shall be closed with an aster sk and no blank line shall be left between two consecutive entries. When the pitwan makes any report woo imperson, the knumgo or other superior officer, he shall obtain his signature to the entry of the fact reported in his grounding.
- 35. In addition to the dose the patware shall carry out all orders sent to bin by his superior officers promptly and carefully
- 35 The following het shows the petrols for which the polynomistre code enumerated therein shall be retrined by the rationia and the periods for which they shall be presented at

(a) Mill rent regulers are Feft of Silin — Palicans Teep a list of faill rents of their pattic by villeges and the list should be retained till a recur i list is

sufflied

(b) I alwares been a list of sheps and silve leased. The list is posted into as eiders are received and compared with the label register every year. The list should be lept permanently or tall the terms.

of settlement

(c) Coolie Register 1 copy of the list campiled by the
1 orest Settlement Officer has been supplied to
patwars 11 should be relained till a new or revised list 35 xij plied

The reports and papers submission of which is me

24 25 26 27 28 31, 32-Direct to the sub-

scribed in these rules, will be submitted as follows

Under rule 7(n)—Direct to the deputy commissioner

15(x) and (x)—Through Januaryo

"

divisional officer
29 and 30 to officers named



the tabula or peak and and the matter in which the $|s^{\mu}$ all finally be disposed of $|\omega\rangle$

Same of proof.	ti ni vite	Per I of pro- servate n	Method of to get	Bernacka
1	-:	3		·
I Rugh klass ra of exten some of cultivation	One tear after them them cleases mple ted	Till the text text or n of settle ment	Destroy ed	The rough ktasematicht stall terpre- tarefull ting the free present beat lufter agreement for
2 Mitati n re gistei 3 Order beck	Till term of actilement fermanently	1 crms ner tlv		two retained permanently
4 Roznameha	the date it is		Destre s	{
B Register no 6 (week to no ports	One month	Three years	Di	1

- (a) Mill rent registers are left at Sadar Lathans leep a list of mill rents of their paths; by eillages and the list should be relained till a recise t list is supplied
- the Patrons Leep a list of slocy and site knows? It is no posted up as orders are received and compared with the tabilit register every year. The list should be tept permanently or till the term of settlement.
- (c Coolic Presister 1 copy of the list compiled by the Forest Settlement Officer has been supplied to patterns 11 should be retained till a new crretised list is surplied
- 37 The reports and papers submassion of which is the scribed in these rules will be submatted as follows

Under rule 7(u)-Direct to the deputs commissioner

- -' -- 15(x) and (x)-Through kanungo
- " 24 25 26 27 28 31, 32—Direct to the subdivisional office:
 - " 29 and 30 to officers named

FORM No. 1 ayat {—तीजो परथारो Parwani's Tauzi

Kemarks 28 क्राक्ष्यव Fig. InioT <u>ي</u> ۵ हिल्लानु के क पुरस्क 22 tele alta बाकोयात 3alanres Thorqui dues าศุรคุม เกิงร जिला elner llud district ट्रीक्ष स्वाप्त Herenus meluding rates मान्ध्रयारा सव महद्रभाव Fore Total 2: Bunius dues C2 בנבנ מואמו Thokdara dues qtna) опедле (See patwars rule 11) 22 यसूनात Collections inibain abab Still rents **≃**= था। स्राप्त Falus Zuipnjou mustall birpan pu friegenu 4000 aq10001 humber of counterfoil in the मार मुस्ता रसाद गदा 龌 रूक किंदि Banita 9 dues IPPIS JEFF मतालया तित्रज्ञी यसनात फिल्ट वायन् Ta ni of collect ons of instalment for Demand The kdarl dues इश्येर योक्सारा Mail rents ज्याचित्राच Recense including rates 20 -मान्ध्रीयार्था सब सहस्राध AIR HIMULIANT mm ASSETT TO OTHER 0'-1 trin pre Serial number אמנ ואקוֹקאוזונ

PART II

Details of e motanes (keer tars)

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Consecutive number	Namer finalgutat, with casto an I	Name of hisseles, with paren- tage, caste and resilence	V tout	(mus) (late)	G arranert freets pe	Lead two at Balls per cert	Partial and the fact fire	7	3
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Signature patwari दस्तवत प्टबांगे

> Instalment नाम किस्त

> > who brought it तायदाद व्पया मय भाम छाने यास स

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or of 12 बाह्य

r Wari

herofl Num. Lhata नम्बर पाता

तारीख़ यं मदोनाय

ij

1 म्बर गरी

FORM No. III

(See patwari rule 11)

Receipt in favour of malguzar of mausa

क्सनो रसीद बनाम माल्युजार मैाजा वास्त्र वाचत मन् १३ Date, Amount and जिला -uny

sture? कमलो वायत सन १३

स्मोद यनाम मालगुजार मैद्या प्रमान Receipt in farour of malguzar of mauza जि.स.

(See patuari rule 11) FORM No. III

	F of the	व्हर	
	Instal.	नाम क्रिस्त	
-	month and name of person year who brought it	सायदाद ध्यया मय माम लाने घाले के	
	nonth and year	तागीय व महोना व मन्	

FORM NO IV

Mutition	regist r of mauza	. 7 25 4	127777
	Women		. (
Population	Boys	••	
	(Girl∢ ,	••	
		Total	
			- 1
	Abstract		:
			1
Total area o	f village in naiss		
Government	-		1
Number of	co sliarers		!
Description	of tenures		,
Name of lag	ga with its area and Go	ternment ja	ıma
Amount of	area of muafior gunth l	and	
Local rate	at Rs 10 per cent on G	overnment r	evenue
	Total, Government	lemand	
	Thokd	ları due	

Malguzarı due Total

FORM No II

(See rule 11 of patuars rules)

	वंदी रका mabandi			पट्टो"		utna , par	т	जिला , district
नम्बर मिलमिला माजा Seral numbor of maza	नाम मेरजा Namo of mauza	नाम मालगुजार Vamo of malguzar	क्सिस्कारी Recenue demand	१९) सेमडा सेस 10 per cent cess	थे। रेदारो ध्कम Thokdan due	मानगुजारी रमम Melguzan dues	मोजान रक्स Total	Remarks केफियत

PART III

Details of Dankars

Consequite number	Value of herestar with casts and rest and rest and series Serial number of held ngin the manakt h	Name fahaikas, wih parentare (aste and resulence	I ta	Zarb (gree)	it commont even in and mat kees	Local rite at Re, 10 per r. nt	T Manatrates	14.1	,

FORM No VI

Register No 6

रक्षिस्टर नम्बर ६

Weekly report from हफ्रावार स्पिटि तारीख

ťΩ

मे तारीख नव

Pattı पट्टी Pargana utun

- (1) Condition of crops and state of people.
- (१) मीसिम फस्ल घार होगा के क्या हाल हैं -
- (2) Existence of any scarcity or distress
- (२) यदी चनाज की तंगी तानहीं हे
- (3) Any unusual influx of strangers or emigration of residents
- (1) ग्रगर फोई येमामूली गिरोड चादमिया का पट्टी में चावे या पट्टी से चला आये ता उसका हाल—
- (4) Condition of the grain stocks
- (४) चनाज पट्टो में किस क्दर जमा हे-
- (5) Failure of fodder, and presence of discase or unusual mortality amongst cattle. (५) मवैद्यिया के लिये घाम की कमी होना या उनके योच केर्रि योमारो

का होना-

- (6) Selling price of grain
- (६) निव पनाम वर्गरा-

Signature)	
टक्स धन	

(

FORM No. VII

Register no. 2 of Standing Order received गीनस्टर नवर २ घडकाम दवामी जेर दागिल हुँग

	31
lly what order cancelled fresh gra a	
Date of tion of tion of order order sattly s	
Nepart- Sub head Particular of neutrone of order aparts aparts Tax	1
Sub head धनवान	
Name of the Court rollicer issuing the order after agreed a green agreed a green arrive green agreed agreen agreed agreen agreed	
Data of ordar नारोख़ हुक्त	
Strial numbor नव्यर मिल [.] स्लिंग	1'

TORM No. VIII Register no. 1—Diary संतरूद बच्चर १—दीजनामना

100	RUL	ES AND	ORDERS,	KUMAUN	DIVISION
Remarks	दुलासा				
Place or village where the patwari is	भुकाम या मीजा नहां परवारो उस रोज है।			,	
Day of the week	राज दक्ता यानो यार			t t	
Date	तारोग्न य माद				

"Norm-The flowing rules are not part of the land of the of the There were a link at the Community person with a rate of the community with the same of the community with the community of the community with the community of the 13 45

Instructions regarding the chief duties which is no patients have to perform as Police Officers

- 1. Where there are no Regular Police in the fall districtof this division, patwars have to perform police duties in their circle and this part of their duty is as important as that of collecting revenue deniands. A patware has within his circle the powers of the police officer in charge of a station
- When any complaint of an offence is underto the pat-Sceren 151 Crimnal warr, he will enter the substance of the complaint in the words of the complain-Pr ce jure toda ant in the register of riport of rinnes

The complaint shall be real out to the complaint and he will be required to sign or aftest it with his mark. One impossible given to the complainant, the second will be sent to the sub-divisional magnetate, and the third will remain in the register.

If the offence is a cognizable one, the patware shall Section 157, Criminal proceed to the spot and communic on Procedure Code the proceedings in connection with the

insest gation in his six ait dairs, setting forth the time at which the information reached him the time at which he began and closed his investigation, the place or place visued by him, and a statement of the facts ascertained through his Section 172, Criminal investigation. One copy of his dury Procedure Cod.

with he sent daily to the substivisional magistrate and the other retained in the

d ary When the investigation is completed and if the offence is prima facic proved, the accused with iny property discover-ed or any weapon or instrument connected with the offine together with the result of the investigation will be sent to the magistrate's court under the custody of the pulling and other villagers. If the offence is bailable and the accused is willing to give sufficient bail, he should not be sent miller Section 170, Criminal custody, but but should be taken from Procedure Cod.

a day fixed, and such bad bond should be sent with the result of the investigation

4. If by any general district order the juty in his to submit the result of investigation through the tibulilar or other hill police official, he will send the accused, or the report only if the accused is admitted to hail, and the things con-

See ion 158 Criminal Procedure Code Sections 170, 171, Cri m n il Procedure Code

nected with the offence, to such officer. The complanants and the witnesses are not to be sent under arrest. They hould be required to give a purchalla sond to appear before the Magistrate on a

fixed date

- 5 If the offence is not prime facte proved, the patwain shall take a bond from the accused to appear before the Magistrate if necessary, and submit the result of the investigation to the Magistrate for orders.
- 6 When information as to the commission of a count's Section 187, Crim may able offence is given against any person Procedure Code hy name, and the offence is not of a

efficies nature, or f the pitwari onders that there is not sufficient ground for entering on an investigation, he need not proceed to the spot bint should send
a report to the Sub Divisional Magnetine griging his reasons
for not taking up the investigation. He need not proceed to
mye-tigate the following offences unless the complianant
e-ypre-sly so wish, viz., thefts under sections 379, 380 and 381,
Indian Penal Code, when the property stolen is less than
Rs 10 in value.

- Lurking house trespass or house breaking mader sections 451, 454, 456 and 457, Indian Penal Code, where no their or other offence is actually committed, and attempts thereof
- 7 If the offence reported is a non commanble one the Siet on 15, Cr must pitts in shall refer the information the Magnetiate. If the Magnetiate in the Magnetiate is orders the patwart to investigate a non-commanble offence, he shall investigate it in the same manner.
 - cognizable offence, he shall investigate it in the same manner as if the offence were a cognizable one
- 8. When any serious offence such is minuter dato it, robbits, or important theft, house breaking, not or greeous hurt occurs in his circle, the pitwan shill on obtaining information, at once send report to the Depute Commissions and the Sub Divisional Officer and proceed to the spot to make investigation in the manner described in the above rule. If any jerson is wounded and is not dready under proper treatment he should, indees his friends object be sent to the near thought for treatment, in charge of his relations or friends, or if any one is immifered the deal both must be sent for jet in orthin extinination in the manner of seathed in participal 19.

1: 3

The statement of the wounded person, if the word state is a majer, and is likely to consold ofth, must be taken down at cook in Consold the presence of the malgorar and offer respectible root of Consold the property of the statement, the accordance of the person making the statement, the accordance of the person making the statement, the accordance of the person with the possible and all was tone operations of the person of the possible and all was tone operations of the person of the pe

If any death takes place by accident or under so in

cous circumstances, the patwart shall at once sould a 1112 to the nearest Mig strate empowered to hold impress and proceed to the spot, and in presence of the publish and two or more respectable inhalitants of the neighbourhood make an investigation. If the friends and relations of the decelect state that the death is recidental, and this is confirmed by the enquiry permission can be given followed from the results of the impury permission can be given to have or crement the results of the impury permission can be given to their or crement the results of the impury permission can be given that the results of the impury permission can be given that the results of the impurity permission of the decelect of the Migration of the decelect of the Migration of the decelect of the Migration.

10. If, however, after examining the deal body all creatives any suspension that death is not accidental, the dready shall be sent it aims in a shall or latter (if a shell is not available) covered with charcoil and sprinkled with these of promable in charge of the padhan and other villages of promable in charge of the padhan and other villages for the nearest Civil on Vestant Surgeon. A roport of the creamstances under which the body was found, noting any multiple or wounds a covered their pathon and size being accurated de civil ed and any fact. Each to have caused deal that ray have been discovered must be forwarded with the deal by to the Civil or Assistant Surgeon. The persons escoting the dead body are not to be changed on the way. The pulvant will contune the enquiry of ende from the section to the Sufernment with the state of the

11 In cases of suspected possoning before sending the body for medical examination the patwer will observe the following direction —

Divis onal Officer

(i) Any food especially flour and sweetments shank, tobecco or drags and especially the food and drank list partiken of by the decreased should be extended brought away, and seeled and forwarded to the Carl Surgeon

(2) Any vomited matter, which may be on the person or, bed should be carefully taken up with a clean rig, which should be put into a packet and seated up

- (3) Any clothing, matting, wood, mud flooring or manure or dirt heap into which any comitted matter has soaked should the forwarded under sealed cover
- (4) The contents of any vessel contain ng vomitted matter should be carefully put into a bottle and sealed up and forwarded
- (5) Information on the eight following points will be elicited as early as possible and entered in the special diary
- (a) The interval between the last time that the person who is supposed to have been poisoned ate, and drank anything or took any medicine and the first appearance of symptoms of poisoning
- (b) The interval between the list time of enting or dinking either food or medicine and the occur rence of death (if death occurred)
- (c) Whether the person moved from the place where the first symptoms were noticed and if so low far he went
- (d) What the first symptoms of poisoning were
- (c) Whether vomitting or purging occurred
- (f) Whether the person became drows, or fell aslesn
- (g) Whether any cramps or twitching of the limbs vere observed or thinging of the slip or throat
- (h) Any other symptoms noticed
- 12 In cases of hanging the following instructions should be observed
 - (1) If 10 sible before the lody is cut down or removed the stringulating medium should be noted and any lividity of face, especially of his and eve lids in projection of the eves the state of the tongue whether entrying and protruded, or compare sed between the high the everye of any fluid from the nostrily or mouth and the direction of its flow.
 - (2) When the body is cut down or the strangulation medium removed particular note should be made of the neck whether brins I along the line of strangulation.
 - (3) The direction of the nirrh must be noted whitler it a circular or oblique

- (4) The state of the thumbs should be noted whether crossed over the pulm
- (5) The materials by which himming or strangulation have been effected should, if possible, be brought away and forwirded
- 13 In making investigations the patwer can summer any person to give evidence who may be supposed to I now anything about the case. The witnesses should be examined orally and the substance of their evidence should be recorded in the special diary
- 14 When the patwar arrests any person under any 161, charge for which a warrant can be assent, he should at once telement scurch, his person any article or any instrument or we ipon Proc dute found on his person should be pliced in safe custods. If the accused person is a female senial should be conducted by a female Search should ilways be mide in presence of two independent witnes es
 - In all cognizable cases sent up for trul or for ord : Section 51 a plan of the scene of the crime should be sent Procedure
 - 16 The paty in shall arrest my person within his circle compat who (I is reasonably suspected of having been concerned in a Procedure comizable offence or being a deserter from the army, (2) is a Code proclaimed offender (3) is a bad character and tries to conce if him off under su purious eleminstances or ein and no satis factory account of hunself or is by repute in habitual rables house breaker or thuef, or in habitard accesses of stolen pro perty, knowing it to be stolen If any Police Officer enters his circle in search of inv command the ritwin moist and all assistance in his power to such officer in the arrest of the run i nal

Le coston is Criminal Procedure Code

17 The patwar: shall order any unlawful is embly int Section 127 any place within his chicke to dispuse it once and fit low Crownal not disperse, the patwarr shall disperse it with the aid of the Procedure tholdars, padhans and a lingers and report the circumstances Code to the Sub Divisional Magistrate and the District Magistrate

18 If there is apprehension of any not or other cognis S etten 143, able offence in his circle the patwar shall to the best of his Crimical ab hts take measures to present it | Por this purpose he Procedure

Procedure

Code

166

19 Schedule II, appended to the Criminal Procedu e Code details which offences are cognizable and which are bailable, and the necessary information is added to these rules giving this detail for the offences usually dealt with by patwars. Patwars are not responsible for the correct classification of offences as they have not the necessary knowledge to enable them to do this.

20 When going round his circle the patwari should see that no one possesses arms without a licence and if the period of any licence has expired, he should take possession of the arms ind report the matter to the Migistrate. The patwari should also see that no one uses any arms in contrivertion of the terms of his licence. If any one is found committing a breach of the terms of his licence the arms should be seezed and the matter forthwith reported to the Migistrate.

21 The patway should also inspect from time to time any licensed shop for sale of ammunition or of explosives situated within his circle, and see that no one acts contain to his licence reporting the result of his inspection to the Magastrate

Detail of offences usually dealt unth by paticaris shorein,

bection of Penal Code	Offence	Whether cognizable by patrari or not	Whetler bail able or not	
143	Being member of an unlawful assembly	Cognizablo	Bailubi	
147	Rioting	Ditto	D	
160	Committ ng affniy	n zalle	D	
1-3	I reverting the service or the affix inguant aummons of notice or the removal of it when it has been affixe for preventing a proclaim ation	D	Ðυ	
184	Otstructing sale of property offer of freal by authority of public servant	D	D	
166	Ob tructing patte servant in the clarice of the pattern in the	B	D	

Detail of offences usually dealt with by patrons showing whether cognizable or balible—(continued)

Section of Penal Code	Offener	Micrier expression is patwern err i	Whether bails all fears to t
187	Omission to assist public servant when bound by law to give such assistance	Non-rogniz alde	Bailable
158	Distillationer to order lawfulls promulgated his public servant if such disubschence cause obstruction, aniovance or injuris to persons lawfulls employed	Jk.	D.
189	Threatening a public servant with injury to him or one in whem he is interested to induce him to do or furbear to do any efficial set.	180	10
21 216, 216\	Harbouring an effinder .	Cognizable	Do
224	Resistance or obstruction by a per son to his lawful apprehension	D	D ₁
227	Resistance or obstruction to the lawful apprehension of another person or recuing him from law ful custids	Do	Do.
231 and 232	d Counterfesting com	Ðυ	Not bailal lo.
233 and 234		Do	D o
23	Possession of instruments or mate rial for the purpose of using the same for counterfeiting coin	Do	Do -
230 an 240		Dυ	Do .
242 an 24.		Do .	Do.
27	Knowingly il-obeving any quaran- tine rule	Non-cog nızable	Bailable
27	Defiling the water of a public rpring S reservoir	Cognizable	Do

1

Detail of offences usually dealt with by patwars showing whether cognizable or bailable—(continued)

Section of Penal Code	Offenco	Whether cognizable by patwari or not	Whether bail- able or not
302	Murder	Cognizable	Not bailable
304	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	Do	Dо
307	Attempt to murder	Do	Do
309	Attempt to commit sujeide	Do	Do
312	Causing miscarriage	Non-cog nizable	Bailable
317	Exposure of a chil I under 12 years of age by parent or person having care of it with intention of wholly abandoning it	Cognizable	₽o
318	Concealment of birth by secret dis posal of dead body	Dq	Dω
3'3	Voluntarily causing hort	Non-cog nizat le	Do
314	Voluntarily causing hort by dan gerous weapons or means	Cognizable	Do
322	Voluntarily causing grievous furt	D۵	Da
326	\ oluntarily cau ing griet one l'urt y dangerous weapons or meane or burning	Do	Not bailable
328	Administering stupefying dring with inter to cause hurt	Do	Do
332	Vel intarily causing I art to deter a public servant from his disty	Do	Bail thie
352	Arault .	Ann-engma able	ים
353	Assault or use of criminal force to deter a public servant from dis charge of his duty	E igi izat le	Do
3,1	Assult or use of criminal force to a weman with Intent to out rate for modesty	Di	Dy

Detail of effences usually dealt with by patrons of own gradiether engineable or Intable - (continued)

ti n tf Penal Code	Offer *	Wester rgr salints patmass result	Mireter Indi-
311	twinite retiminal free with in tent to it shimoura perwin either wise than en grave and will leg privocate n	\ siecgrit alle	Re fal le
366	Ki Inapp i g	امر المعروب)	N t beilal le,
-63	G need ng or keeping in eet coal inent a ki l tapped person	Þ	13->
3 *0	Hising thispeangefans person	Now gots	Ba fal Jo
.371	Selling or letting to line a min r	Carital In	N Lha Ial Jo
376	Bapo	D	1)
3~7	Unnatural ffences	D)	D
3*9	Theft	מ	D:
390	Theft in all ling or test	Do	D
3%	Fxt rtion	at lo ht 2	B1181
30	Robbery	Cognizal to	> t bail it le
3 <i>3</i>		D Do) D
39	R ffery r la tywti atterpt to a we leath or greet us h rt	ים יי	D
41	Dishonestly rece vi ig stolen proper ty knowing it to be stolen	D	Do
4	As isting in concealment or hisp sill of stolen property knowing if be to stolen		Do
4 '8 4	Mischief by killing possoning maining or ren lering useless ar animal		Bailable
4	Mischief by fire or explosive sub- stance with intent to cau- lamage		Do

Detail of offences usually dealt with by patwaris showing whether cognizable or bailable—(concluded)

Section of Penal Code	Offenco	Whether cognizable bi patwari or not	Whether bail able or not
436	Mischief by fire or explosive substance with intent to destroy a house	Cognizable	Not bailable
454	Hiding in a house or house break- ing in order to the commission of an offence or theft	Du, .,	Do.
470	Hiding in a house or house break-	Do	Do.
467	Hiding in a house or house break- ing by night in order to the com- mission of an offence	Do.	Do.
437	Adulters	Non-copuiz-	Bulable
419	Enticing or taking away or detain ing with criminal intent a mar- ried woman	Do	D,
Other Laws	Offence against sections of Indian Arms Act	Cognizable	Do 1

P. WYNDHAM, c.s., Commissioner, Kumaun division.

PAREX

Rules for admission to, and control of, the special Patwari School for the training of patwaris for service in the hills

- 1. The establialment of a special school for the training of patwins for service in the bills has been sunctioned in G. O. no. 2015/1—730, dated the 19th November, 1913.
- 2. The school will be situated in Almert. It will be under the chirge of the Deputy Commissioner or one of his greated stiff subject to the Deputy Commissioner's control,

The officer in charge should satisfy himself that instruction is being given in accordance with the rules and will be responsible generally for the work in the school

Any order of explusion from the school shall only be prosed by the Deputy Commissioner

3 A selected peshkar or a superintendent of patwars, on deputation, shall be appointed as a tender by the Commissioner

If no such official is available a jet not by shikin or a super intendent of patwars shall be imponited as a teacher

The pay of the teacher shall be R* 75 per meason for the whole yeu. If he is not a resident of the bouldy he will be granted a house allow one of R* 10 a month.

- 4. The teacher is for purposes of description, placed much the control of the Deputy Commissioner of Minor and an appeal against any order of purodoment shall be to the Commissioner.
- 5 The following classes may be admitted to the school
 - (a) Pitwaris
 - (b) Heirs of patwirs
 - (e) Other candidates nonmated by the Deputy Cemmissioner
- (a) Patwars may be ordered to aftend the school of such times as my be convenent to the distration inhomistration. Patwars shall pay the pre-cribed fee onless allowed by the Deputy Commissioner to attend the school free of charges such permission shall not be given for a longer period than six months.
- (b) Heirs of patwars and (c) other condidates may be admitted to the school provided they are not make 20 years

of the me not over 25 vents of age are of betwee habits, have pissed the Middle Vernacular Examination me certified to be medically sound and fit for the post

(Norr-The Dep to Commissioner with the Commissioner's san ich may exempt any can't late from the ed cational quitif atom)

- 6 A fee of two rupees per mensem shall be pud by all scholars except putwarts exempted under clause (a) of rule 5. In special cases, the officer in clauge may result or reduce the fee pre-cubed.
- 7 The teither shall maintain an attendance and fee negister in the form attached to these rules and shall be responsible for accounts and all stock and for the discipline of the boxs.

All fees received shall be credited in the treasury without delay as Special Patwara School receipts. Kumaun

8 The following course of study is prescribed -

I --RLVINUI

(a) Selected port on of Stowell's Manual of Landuan Land Tenunes

(b) Mulifon Rules

- (c) The Revenue Act as extended to Ismunin
- (d) Such other books and circulus as may be prescribed from time to time by the Commissioner

II -POLICI

- (a) The Indian Penal Code and Cammal Passedate
- (b) Rules and duties of pitwiris tholdars and pullians
- Such extricts from rules on forest administration no near he preser had by the Commissioner

IA -MISCLEPIZZACE

- (a) (1) Practical Survey with plane table clean and optical square
- (2) Culistral survey for candulates from Garbwel (b) Map work including correction of may a extraction
- of iron- tricing and redriving fings from
- (c) Plane Mensuration
- (d) Arithmetic the four elementary rules value and decimal fractions and proportions
 (c) Reading and writing
- A tr. Can't later who lave passed the M Hie Class I varified a ville except from a lastic (f and (c)

- 9 There will be one term in the year with two sessions. Januara to May and Inly to November Scholars may jun the class only during the first forting ht electric session.
- 10. The examination shall be field on a river in Decimber on dites which will be fixed by its Deputy Comassioner.

No scholar will be idmitted to the examination who has not attended on 75 per cent of the days since his admission to the school. The prescribed minimum attendance may be reduced under the Deputy Commissioner's codes.

- 11. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an extra ing committee consisting of a Deputy Collector as President a Libibility and the Deputy Inspector of Schools
- 12 Question papers in Receine Police. Forests and Miscellaneous will be supplied by the committee the answers to the papers will be examined and marks awarded by the committee.

The committee will also allot marks in survey map work and reading and writing

- 13. A stituent of the result of the examination shall be submitted to the Deputy Commissioner not later than three weeks from the end of the examination. The Deputy Commissioner may call for the miswer papers and either revise the marking or ask the committee to re-consider it.
 - 14 One hundred marks shall be awarded for each subject Half marks in each subject shall be untiled to a scholar who preses in all subject shall be entitled to receive a certificate to the effect that he is qualified for appointment as pitwar. If a scholar passes in some subjects and fails in others he may at the discretion of the Deputy Commissione he excused from again appearing for examination in those subjects in which he has passed. No certificate should be issued to amone who has not passed the whole examination
 - 15 Candidates who have not been educated in the selool shall not be admitted to the examination
 - 16 No candidate shall be allowed to appear at more than two examinations. Scholars failing to pass at the second examination shall be removed from the school.

Memorandum of the important Forestry rules that should be taught to Paticaris as prescribed under rule 8-III of the rules of the Special Paticari School for the training of Paticary for service in the hills

1 Porest Act

Chapter II sections 22-25

Chapter IV, sections 28--33

Chapter \, sections 52 61-61

Chapter XI sect ons 69 and 70

Chapter NIV, section 78
2 Forest Munual

Part II, Chapter V, sections 187-190, Fire Protection

- i G O no 761/NN -> 3 of 8th October 1914 regard ing rights and concessions in Lumann-with special reference to-
 - (1) The indent form for tunber rights
 - (2) The Maleuzir's het of application for rights
 (3) The timber and grazing passes
 - (4) The factors of contents of trees
- 4 (r O no 413/AIX-83 of 16th June, 1915 regarding
- 5 (r O 416/NY-8) of 16th June, 1915, containing the new rules for the protected forests with the names of paths scheduled under rule 1
- 6 G O no 216/N1-56 B of 10th April 1903, regarding grazing of cittle in the Government reserved forests
 - 7 The shooting and Bhotya grazing rules (res) ed)
 8 The Government Review on the Settlement Officer's
- report

 9 The powers and duties of the various grades of Fore t
 Officers
 - 10. The proces es of expliration of timber resin etc.

P WINDHIM CS

Commissioner, Knim inn diersion

0th Inne 1916

tille Ain	and of
	Name of scholar
-	Settel munibor

PART III

Rules defining the duties of malguzars (padhans or sirgirohs) in the hills approved of in G. O. no. 1765/I—148, dated August 24, 1910

REVENCE

- I He shall collect all instalments of revenue or dues and cesses when they are due and pry the amount to the patwarn of his circle or into the tabel at the fixed fine. When revenue and khrukuri rents are collected together he shall pay the mulkimi to the hissedars. He must give receipts for the amount he received to any persons mixing pivinents to lum and should take receipts from those to whom he pays money in his expacts as indigizar.
- 2 He shall collect all other government demands of any description which he is ordered to realize and pay the same promptly to the person authorized to receive it.
- 3 He shall divide at the appointed time such profits or rents or malifana as may be divisible among the co-shriets whom he represents after disbursing any enstourity village expenses.
- ! He shall report at once to the party in or sub-divisional officer all encreachments on or appropriation of pullbanchart land government property or usual buildings within the value.
- 5. He shall report at once to the patwar or sub-divsional officer the destruction or removal of, or many to, any boundars marks or other marks exceed within the boundary of his valle, the order of a court or of any officer.
- nry of his village by order of a court or of any officer

 6 the shall not generally in all other dealings with the
- Covernment on behalf of the co-sharers whom he represents
- 5. He shill on the request of the patwar mike and sign i deposition as to the person in prosession of build undergoing mutation as required by rule 4 of the reused rules for mutation of times in Kimrum sanctioned by G.O. no. 1347.1—274. dited June 25, 1910, and shall publish proclimations of mutation in los village as required by rule 9 of the rule rules.

Norm —P ics 1 to 9 apply also to the c willages in the Name Tall Blater that are 1 th on full let τ .

9 He shift report to the potwern within a week if on p of his village are schoolsy diminated by had or liver to or any similar columns.

Miscellane nos

10 In all cases he shift manufactor report the first outbreak of any epol and disease etc. by post to the D puty Commissioner as well as to the patwin.

II He shall report to the pitwar on the first day of every month the births and deaths of persons which have occurred in his village during the previous month poshion

his village register before the patwiri

12. He shall report to the patwer of his circle on the first div of every month the number of deaths of circle caused by carryonaus minutes and smikes and shall do report if any $h_{\rm eff}$ looping be in or will do,—have been killed by any one during the month. He shall it one report to the patwer the killing of my person by a wild an mal or strake.

13. He shall report it once to the patwint of his ireleif my one leops it aim or swind in his village without a lacence and he shall also report (fine one shorts within the boundary of his village or in the neighbouring pungle with out a shouting linear or it is so

11 He shall issist in the vacciniting of the people and children of his village when a vicenitor comes to his village for that juriese. He shall its a fleet newly vaccinited persons at any plue where the exist on come requires them to

attend for inspection

15 Ht shall report the pitwirt of the circle if inv on describing teste in his villias in I leaving no beins. His shall take charge of the property belonging to such person and inshe out a hist of it in the presence of two or three respectable residents and send it to the pitwar.

16 He shall report to the patwar or Sub Divisional Officer within a week if an unclaimed property or cattle is

found in his village

17 He shall look after village sandation and see that the village site and water supply are kept clean

18 He shall make utangements to segregate at on e may person attacked hi small pox cholera or any other epide mue di ease and shall be responsible that the bodies of those daing of such discuss shall be satisfactorly disposed of either by buming or birnal in such manner that they cease to spread the infection and shall carry out ill orders regarding quaranting given by any Gorenment official.

19 Obsolete

He shall bely with his villagers in building a school or temporary bridge when ordered to do so by the Deputy Commuss oner

21 He shall report at once to the patwin or fore to official if any one sets fire to a closel district fore to on Imperial forests or cuts or lops trees contrary to rules or sells or takes for sile any forest produce without proper has ce and sanction for such side

22 He shall it once collect the villagers and go to put out any fire that breaks out in or near his village in a closed protected civil forest or in in Imperial forest and shall assi t

iny forest official in doing so when called on

23 He shall report it once if my one without sanction brings waste land mider cultivation which is saturated in separate plots not adjoining measured land or in which trees

ue growing or have been cut

- He shall see that indents for trees do not include more trees than are really required and that no one sills tumber which he gets for building his own house or cow shed etc to others. If my one does this in his village he slidl nt once report the matter to the patwar or Sub Divison I Officer
- 2) He shall deal in the honestly and peaceable with all the villagers and shall endersom to keep it peace all fractions and ho tile families in the village. If any dispute or quartel uses in the village he shall endersom to have it citled nuncably or by I inclusiff and to dissuide the pirties from soin, to court but he mit not nee force to prevent any min obtaining redress in a court and shall not allegably pain hor confine inv man

(runnal

26 Every malanzar minklitur or altar pullan shall perform the following duties -

(1) He shall twe immediate information to the ration

of the circle-

(a) of any unpatieral suspicious or sudden death occurring in any village of which he is pall in and shall cause the body to be kept pending the urrail of the paturas and his orders for Lis disposal

(1) of each of the following offences occurring in any village of which he is padd in 1that is to say)
murder enhable homicide raw dicorty reb lers theft receiving stolen property in sel of

- by fire, house breaking, counterfecting comcausing greeous limt, not, harbouring a proclaimed offender, exposure of a child, concedment, of birth, administering stupefying drugs, killing ping, huking house trespess; and
- (c) of all attempts and preparations to commit, and obstinents of, any said offences.
- (d) of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray.
- (2 He shall anest-
 - (a) any person who his been concerned in any offence epecified in paragraph (b) rule (1) above or against whom a reasonable complaint has been received or reasonable suspecion exists of his
 - baying been concerned (b) any person who has been proclamacal as an offen
 - der.
 (c) any person who has escaped or attempts to escape,
 from lawful enstedy
 - (d) any person reasonably suspected of being a deserter from Hrs Maresty's Army
 - (3) He shill report to the pitwan the arrival of suspicious characters in the neighbomhood and the resort to or presing through his vallage of any one whom he knows or reasonable suspects to be a third robber escaped connect or absconded offender.
 - (4) He shall supply to the best of his ability inv beal information which a Magistrate or any officer of the police may require and shall promptly execute all orders issued to bim by competent authority.
 - (5) Whenever he attests any person he shall take him, as soon as possible to the ratwart of the encle or in his absence to the nearest Magistrate or officer exercising, powers under title 62 of the Kinimian Rules of 1894.
 - (6) He shill inform the pitwari or Sub-Divisional Officer or kamingo of his e rele about the permanent or temporary residence of any notorious receiver or venior of stolen property in his village.
 - (7) He shall report to the patwar any infringements of the law prohibiting the collecting and sale of charas and the cultivation of opium, or any offences against the exists law.



